Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

if at the time of such payment the plan is a qualified bond purchase plan described in section 405(a).

[T.D. 6658, 28 FR 6636, June 27, 1963]

§31.3306(b)(6)-1 Payment by an employer of employee tax under section 3101 or employee contributions under a State law.

The term "wages" does not include any payment by an employer (without deduction from the remuneration of, or other reimbursement from, the employee) of either (a) the employee tax imposed by section 3101 or the corresponding section of prior law, or (b) any payment required from an employee under a State unemployment compensation law.

§31.3306(b)(7)-1 Payments other than in cash for service not in the course of employer's trade or business.

The term "wages" does not include remuneration paid in any medium other than cash for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business. Cash remuneration includes checks and other monetary media of exchange. Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash, such as lodging, food, or other goods or commodities, for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business does not constitute wages. Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash for other types of services does not come within this exclusion from wages. For provisions relating to the cumstances under which service not in the course of the employer's trade or business does not constitute employment, see $\S31.3306(c)(3)-1$.

§ 31.3306(b)(8)-1 Payments to employees for non-work periods.

The term "wages" does not include any payment (other than vacation or sick pay) made by an employer to an employee after the calendar month in which the employee attains age 65, if—

- (a) Such employee does no work (other than being subject to call for the performance of work) for such employer in the period for which such payment is made; and
- (b) The employer-employee relationship exists between the employer and

employee throughout the period for which such payment is made.

Vacation or sick pay is not within this exclusion from wages. If the employee does any work for the employer in the period for which the payment is made, no remuneration paid by such employer to such employee with respect to such period is within this exclusion from wages. For example, if employee A. who attained the age of 65 in January 1955, is employed by the X Company on a stand-by basis and is paid \$200 by the X Company for being subject to call during the month of February 1955 and an additional \$25 for work performed for the X Company on one day in February 1955, then none of the \$225 is excluded from wages under this exception.

[T.D. 6516, 25 FR 13032, Dec. 20, 1960, as amended by T.D. 6708, 29 FR 3199, Mar. 10, 1964]

§ 31.3306(b)(9)-1 Moving expenses.

- (a) The term "wages" does not include remuneration paid on or after November 1, 1964, to or on behalf of an employee, either as an advance or a reimbursement, specifically for moving expenses incurred or expected to be incurred, if (and to the extent that) at the time of payment it is reasonable to believe that a corresponding deduction is or will be allowable to the employee under section 217. The reasonable belief contemplated by the statute may be based upon any evidence reasonably sufficient to induce such belief, even though such evidence may be insufficient upon closer examination by the district director or the courts finally to establish that a deduction is allowable under section 217. The reasonable belief shall be based upon the application of section 217 and the regulations thereunder in Part 1 of this chapter (Income Tax Regulations). When used in this section, the term "moving expenses" has the same meaning as when used in section 217 and the regulations thereunder.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a) of this section, or in a numbered paragraph of section 3306(b),

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amounts paid to or on behalf of an employee for moving expenses are wages for purposes of section 3306(b).

[T.D. 7375, 40 FR 42351, Sept. 12, 1975]

§ 31.3306(b)(10)-1 Payments under certain employers' plans after retirement, disability, or death.

(a) In general. The term "wages" does not include the amount of any payment or series of payments made after January 2, 1968, by an employer to, or on behalf of, an employee or any of his dependents under a plan established by the employer which makes provisions for his employees generally (or for his employees generally and their dependents) or for a class or classes of his employees (or for a class or classes of his employees and their dependents), which is paid or commences to be paid upon or within a reasonable time after the termination of an employee's employment relationship because of the employee's-

- (1) Death,
- (2) Retirement for disability, or
- (3) Retirement after attaining an age specified in the plan established by the employer or in a pension plan of the employer as the age at which a person in the employee's circumstances is eligible for retirement.

A payment or series of payments made under the circumstances described in the preceding sentence is excluded from "wages" even if made pursuant to an incentive compensation plan which also provides for the making of other types of payments. However, any payment or series of payments which would have been paid if the employee's relationship had not been terminated is not excluded from "wages" under this section and section 3306(b)(10). For example, lump-sum payments for unused vacation time or a final paycheck received after retirement are payments which the employee would have received whether or not he retired and therefore are not excluded from "wages." Further, if any payment is made upon or after termination of employment for any reason other than those set out in paragraphs (a)(1), (2), and (3) of this section such payment is not excludable from "wages" by this section. For example, if a pension plan provides for retirement upon disability,

completion of 30 years of service, or attainment of age 65, and if an employee who is not disabled retires at age 61 after 30 years of service, none of the retirement payments made to the employee under the pension plan (including any made after he is 65) is excludable from "wages" under this section. However, if the pension plan had conditioned retirement after 30 years of service upon attainment of age 60, all of the retirement payments would have been excludable.

- (b) Plan. The plan or system established by an employer need not provide for payments because of termination of employment for all the reasons set out in paragraphs (a)(1), (2), and (3) of this section, but such plan or system may provide for payments because of termination for any one or more of such reasons. Payments because of termination of employment for any one or more of such reasons under a plan or system established by an employer solely for the dependents of his employees are not within this exclusion from wages.
- (c) Dependents. Dependents of an employee include the employee's husband or wife, children, and any other members of the employee's immediate family.
- (d) Benefit payments. It is immaterial for purposes of this exclusion whether the amount or possibility of such benefit payments is paid on account of services rendered or taken into consideration in fixing the amount of an employee's remuneration or whether such payments are required expressly or impliedly, by the contract of service.
- (e) *Example*. The application of this section may be illustrated by the following example:

Example, A. an employee receives a salary of \$1,500 a month, payable on the 5th day of the month following the month for which the salary is earned. A's employer has established an incentive compensation plan for a class of his employees, including A, providing for the payment of deferred compensation on termination of employment, including termination upon an employee's death, retirement at age 65 (the retirement age specified in the plan), or retirement for disability. On March 1, 1973, A attains the age of 65 and retires. On March 5, 1973, A receives \$5.500 from his employer of which \$1,500 represents A's salary for services he performed in February 1973, and \$4,000 represents incentive compensation paid under