§ 9.29 Sonoma Valley.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Sonoma Valley.”

(b) Approved maps. The maps showing the boundaries of the Sonoma valley viticultural area are entitled:

1. “Cuttings Wharf, Calif.”, 1949 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
2. “Petaluma Point, Calif.”, 1959 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
3. “Sears Point, Calif.”, 1951 (photorevised 1968), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
4. “Petaluma River, Calif.”, 1954 (photorevised 1968 and 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
5. “Glen Ellen, Calif.”, 1954 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
6. “Cotati, Calif.”, 1954 (photorevised 1968 and 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
7. “Santa Rosa, Calif.”, 1954 (photorevised 1968 and 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
8. “Kenwood, Calif.”, 1954 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle; and
9. Appropriate Sonoma County tax assessor’s maps showing the Sonoma County-Napa County line.

(c) Boundaries. The Sonoma Valley viticultural area is located within Sonoma County, California. From the beginning point at the junction of Tolay Creek and San Pablo Bay, the boundary runs:

1. Northerly along Tolay Creek to Highway 37;
2. Westerly along Highway 37 to its junction with Highway 121;
3. Northwesterly in a straight line to the peak of Wildcat Mountain;
4. Northwesterly in a straight line to Sonoma Mountain to the horizontal control station at elevation 2,271 feet;
5. Northwesterly in a straight line to the peak of Taylor Mountain;
6. Northeast in a straight line to the point at which Los Alamos Road joins Highway 12;
7. Easterly in a straight line to the peak of Buzzard Peak;
8. Easterly in a straight line to the peak of Mount Hood;
9. Easterly in a straight line to an unnamed peak located on the Sonoma County-Napa County line and identified as having an elevation of 2,530 feet (This unnamed peak is located in the northeast quarter of Section 9, Township 7 North, Range 6 West, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian);
10. Southerly along the Sonoma County-Napa County line to the point at which Sonoma Creek enters San Pablo Bay; and
11. Southwesterly along the shore of San Pablo Bay to the beginning point.


§ 9.30 North Coast.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “North Coast.”

(b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the North Coast viticultural area are three U.S.G.S. maps. They are entitled:

2. “Santa Rosa, Cal.”, scaled 1:250,000, edition of 1958, revised 1970; and

(c) Boundaries. The North Coast viticultural area is located in Lake, Marin, Mendocino, Napa, Solano, and Sonoma Counties, California. The beginning point is found on the “Santa Rosa, California” U.S.G.S. map at the point where the Sonoma and Marin County boundary joins the Pacific Ocean.

1. Then east and southeast following the boundary between Marin and Sonoma Counties to the point where Estero Americano/Americano Creek crosses State Highway 1 east of Valley Ford;
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(2) Then southeast in a straight line for approximately 22.0 miles to the peak of Barnabe Mountain (elevation 1466 feet);

(3) Then southeast in a straight line for approximately 10.0 miles to the peak of Mount Tamalpais (western peak, elevation 2004 feet);

(4) Then northeast in a straight line for approximately 5.8 miles to the confluence of San Rafael Creek and San Rafael Bay in San Rafael;

(5) Then north and northeast following San Rafael Bay and San Pablo Bay to Sonoma Creek;

(6) Then north following Sonoma Creek to the boundary between Napa and Solano Counties;

(7) Then east and north following the boundary between Napa and Solano Counties to the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad in Jameson Canyon;

(8) Then east following the right-of-way of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the junction with the Southern Pacific in Suisun City;

(9) Then north in a straight line for approximately 5.5 miles to the extreme southeastern corner of Napa County;

(10) Then north following the boundary between Napa and Solano Counties to the Monticello Dam at the eastern end of Lake Berryessa;

(11) Then following the south and west shore of Lake Berryessa to Putah Creek;

(12) Then northwest following Putah Creek to the boundary between Napa and Lake Counties;

(13) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 11.4 miles to the peak of Brushy Sky High Mountain (elevation 3196 feet);

(14) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 5.0 miles to Bally Peak (elevation 2288 feet);

(15) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 6.6 miles to the peak of Round Mountain;

(16) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 5.5 miles to Evans Peak;

(17) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 5.0 miles to Pinnacle Rock Lookout;

(18) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 8.0 miles to Youngs Peak (elevation 3683 feet);

(19) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 11.2 miles to the peak of Pine Mountain (elevation 4057 feet);

(20) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 12.1 miles to the peak of Sanhedrin Mountain (elevation 6175 feet);

(21) Then northwest in a straight line for approximately 9.4 miles to the peak of Brushy Mountain (elevation 4864 feet);

(22) Then southwest in a straight line for approximately 17.6 miles to the confluence of Redwood Creek and the Noyo River;

(23) Then west following the Noyo River to its mouth at the Pacific Ocean;

(24) Then southeast following the Pacific Ocean shoreline to the point of beginning.


§ 9.31 Santa Cruz Mountains.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Santa Cruz Mountains.”

(b) Approved maps. The 24 approved U.S.G.S. maps for determining the boundaries are 23 7.5 minute scale and one 5 x 11 minute scale.

(1) “Ano Nuevo Quadrangle, California”;

(2) “Big Basin Quadrangle, California”;

(3) “Castle Rock Ridge Quadrangle, California”;

(4) “Cupertino Quadrangle, California”;

(5) “Davenport Quadrangle, California—Santa Cruz County”;

(6) “Felton Quadrangle, California—Santa Cruz County”;

(7) “Franklin Point Quadrangle, California”;

(8) “Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California—San Mateo County”;

(9) “La Honda Quadrangle, California—San Mateo County”;

(10) “Laurel Quadrangle, California”;

(11) “Loma Prieta Quadrangle, California”;

(12) “Los Gatos Quadrangle, California”;

(13) “Mt. Madonna Quadrangle, California”;

(14) “Mindego Hill Quadrangle, California”;

(15) “Mt. Tamalpais Quadrangle, California”;

(16) “Race Track Quadrangle, California”;

(17) “Santa Cruz County Quadrangle, California”;

(18) “San Gregorio Quadrangle, California”;

(19) “San Gregorio—Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California”;

(20) “San Lorenzo Quadrangle, California”;

(21) “San Lorenzo—Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California”;

(22) “San Andreas—Pescadero Quadrangle, California”;

(23) “San Andreas—Pescadero—Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California”;

(24) “San Benito—Monterey Quadrangle, California”;

(25) “San Benito—Monterey—Santa Cruz Quadrangle, California”;

(26) “Oakland Bay—Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California”;

(27) “Oakland Bay—Half Moon Bay—San Gregorio Quadrangle, California”;

(28) “Mt. Tamalpais—San Francisco—Half Moon Bay Quadrangle, California”.”

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