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and are approximately parallel to the unprotected or leading edge.

- (iii) Control lines are connected on each side to a guardrail system, wall, stanchion or other suitable anchorage.
- (2) Control lines consist of ropes, wires, tapes, or equivalent materials, and supporting stanchions as follows:
- (i) Each line is rigged and supported in such a way that its lowest point (including sag) is not less than 39 inches (1.0 m) from the walking/working surface and its highest point is not more than 45 inches (1.3 m) from the walking/working surface.
- (ii) Each line has a minimum breaking strength of 200 pounds (90.8 kg).

APPENDIX E TO SUBPART R OF PART 1926—TRAINING: NON-MANDATORY GUIDELINES FOR COMPLYING WITH \$1926 761

The training requirements of §1926.761 will be deemed to have been met if employees have completed a training course on steel erection, including instruction in the provisions of this standard, that has been approved by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Apprenticeship.

APPENDIX F TO SUBPART R OF PART 1926—PERIMETER COLUMNS: NON-MANDATORY GUIDELINES FOR COMPLYING WITH §1926.756(e) TO PROTECT THE UNPROTECTED SIDE OR EDGE OF A WALKING/WORKING SURFACE

In multi-story structures, when holes in the column web are used for perimeter safety cables, the column splice must be placed sufficiently high so as not to interfere with any attachments to the column necessary for the column splice. Column splices are recommended to be placed at every other or fourth levels as design allows. Column splices at third levels are detrimental to the erection process and should be avoided if possible.

- APPENDIX G TO SUBPART R OF PART 1926—§ 1926.502 (b)-(e) FALL PROTECTION SYSTEMS CRITERIA AND PRACTICES
- (b) "Guardrail systems." Guardrail systems and their use shall comply with the following provisions:
- (1) Top edge height of top rails, or equivalent guardrail system members, shall be 42 inches (1.1 m) plus or minus 3 inches (8 cm) above the walking/working level. When conditions warrant, the height of the top edge may exceed the 45-inch height, provided the guardrail system meets all other criteria of this paragraph (§1926.502(b)).

NOTE: When employees are using stilts, the top edge height of the top rail, or equivalent member, shall be increased an amount equal to the height of the stilts.

- (2) Midrails, screens, mesh, intermediate vertical members, or equivalent intermediate structural members shall be installed between the top edge of the guardrail system and the walking/working surface when there is no wall or parapet wall at least 21 inches (53 cm) high.
- (i) Midrails, when used, shall be installed at a height midway between the top edge of the guardrail system and the walking/working level.
- (ii) Screens and mesh, when used, shall extend from the top rail to the walking/working level and along the entire opening between top rail supports.
- (iii) Intermediate members (such as balusters), when used between posts, shall be not more than 19 inches (48 cm) apart.
- (iv) Other structural members (such as additional midrails and architectural panels) shall be installed such that there are no openings in the guardrail system that are more than 19 inches (.5 m) wide.
- (3) Guardrail systems shall be capable of withstanding, without failure, a force of at least 200 pounds (890 N) applied within 2 inches (5.1 cm) of the top edge, in any outward or downward direction, at any point along the top edge.
- (4) When the 200 pound (890 N) test load specified in paragraph (b)(3) of this section (§1926.502) is applied in a downward direction, the top edge of the guardrail shall not deflect to a height less than 39 inches (1.0 m) above the walking/working level. Guardrail system components selected and constructed in accordance with the appendix B to subpart M of this part will be deemed to meet this requirement.
- (5) Midrails, screens, mesh, intermediate vertical members, solid panels, and equivalent structural members shall be capable of withstanding, without failure, a force of at least 150 pounds (666 N) applied in any downward or outward direction at any point along the midrail or other member.
- (6) Guardrail systems shall be so surfaced as to prevent injury to an employee from punctures or lacerations, and to prevent snagging of clothing.
- (7) The ends of all top rails and midrails shall not overhang the terminal posts, except where such overhang does not constitute a projection hazard.
- (8) Steel banding and plastic banding shall not be used as top rails or midrails.
- (9) Top rails and midrails shall be at least one-quarter inch (0.6 cm) nominal diameter or thickness to prevent cuts and lacerations. If wire rope is used for top rails, it shall be flagged at not more than 6-foot intervals with high-visibility material.