§ 162.125 Sturgeon Bay and the Sturgeon Bay Ship Canal, Wisc.

- (a) In the Sturgeon Bay Ship Canal:
- (1) No vessel may exceed 5 miles per hour.
- (2) No vessel greater than 150 feet in length (including tug and tow combinations) may come about.
- (3) No vessel 65 feet or greater in length (including tug and tow combinations) may either:
- (i) Enter or pass through the canal two or more abreast; or
- (ii) Overtake another vessel.
- (4) No vessel may anchor or moor unless given permission to do so by the Captain of the Port.
- (5) Each vessel must keep to the center, except when meeting or overtaking another vessel.
- (b) In Sturgeon Bay and the Sturgeon Bay Ship Canal:
- (1) Each laden vessel under tow must be towed with at least two towlines. Each towline must be shortened to the extent necessary to provide maximum control of the tow.
- (2) Each unladen vessel may be towed with one towline.
- (3) No towline may exceed 100 feet in length.
- (4) No vessel may tow another vessel alongside.
- (5) No vessel may tow a raft greater than 50 feet in width.

NOTE: The Corps of Engineers also has regulations dealing with these areas in 33 CFR Part 207.

[CGD 79–151, 46 FR 7960, Jan. 26, 1981]

§ 162.130 Connecting waters from Lake Huron to Lake Erie; general rules.

(a) Purpose. The regulations in §§ 162.130 through 162.140 prescribe rules for vessel operation in U.S. waters connecting Lake Huron to Lake Erie (including the River Rouge) to prevent collisions and groundings, to protect waterway improvements, and to protect these waters from environmental harm resulting from collisions and groundings.

NOTE: The Canadian Government has issued similar regulations which apply in the Canadian portion of the waterway. Provisions which apply only in Canadian waters are noted throughout the text.

- (b) Applicability. (1) Unless otherwise specified, the rules in §§ 162.130 through 162.140 apply to all U.S. vessels and all other vessels in U.S. waters.
- (2) The speed rules in §162.138 apply to vessels 20 meters or more in length.
- (3) The communication rules in §162.132, the traffic rules in §162.134, except for §162.134(c)(2), and the anchorage rules in §162.136 apply to the following vessels:
- (i) Vessels of 20 meters or more in length;
- (ii) Commercial vessels more than 8 meters in length engaged in towing another vessel astern, alongside, or by pushing ahead; and
 - (iii) Each dredge and floating plant.
- (4) The traffic rules contained in $\S162.134(c)(2)$ apply to the following vessels:
- (i) Sailing vessels of 20 meters or more in length;
- (ii) Power driven vessels of 55 meters or more in length:
- (iii) Vessels engaged in towing another vessel astern, alongside or by pushing ahead; and
 - (iv) Each dredge and floating plant.
- (c) Definitions. As used in §§162.130 through 162.140:

Captain of the Port means the United States Coast Guard Captain of the Port of Detroit, Michigan.

Detroit River means the connecting waters from Windmill Point Light to the lakeward limits of the improved navigation channels at the head of Lake Erie.

District Commander means Commander, Ninth Coast Guard District, Cleveland, Ohio.

Master means the master or operator, the person designated by the master or operator to navigate the vessel, or, on a vessel not requiring persons holding licenses or merchant mariner credential officer endorsements, the person in command of the vessel.

River Rouge means the waters of the Short Cut Canal and the River Rouge from Detroit Edison Cell Light 1 to the head of navigation.

St. Clair River means the connecting waters from the lakeward limit of the improved navigation channel at the lower end of Lake Huron to St. Clair Flats Canal Light 2.

§ 162.132

SARNIA TRAFFIC means the Canadian Coast Guard traffic center at Sarnia Ontario.

- (d) Laws and regulations not affected. The regulations in §§162.130 through 162.140 do not relieve the owners or operators of vessels from complying with any other laws or regulations relating to navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting or tributary waters.
- (e) Delegations. The District Commander, in coordination with appropriate Canadian officials, may make local arrangements that do not conflict with these regulations in the interest of safety of operations, to facilitate traffic movement and anchorage, to avoid disputes as to jurisdiction and to take necessary action to render assistance in emergencies. This authority may be redelegated.

[CGD 78-151, 49 FR 18301, Apr. 30, 1984; 49 FR 26722, June 29, 1984, as amended by CGD 85-060, 51 FR 17016, May 8, 1986; CGD 93-024, 58 FR 59365, Nov. 9, 1993; USCG-2006-24371, 74 FR 11213. Mar. 16, 20091

§ 162.132 Connecting waters from Lake Huron to Lake Erie; communications rules.

- (a) Radio listening watch. The master of each vessel required to comply with this section shall continuously monitor:
- (1) Channel 11 (156.55 mhz) between Lake Huron Cut Lighted Buoy 11 and Lake St. Clair Light; and
- (2) Channel 12 (156.60 mhz) between Lake St. Clair Light and Detroit River Light.
- (b) Radiotelephone equipment. Reports required by this section shall be made by the master using a radiotelephone capable of operation on a vessel's navigation bridge, or in the case of a dredge, from its main control station.
- (c) English language. Reports required by this section shall be made in the English language.
- (d) Traffic reports. (1) Reports required by this section shall be made to SARNIA TRAFFIC on the frequency designated for the radio listening watch in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (2) Reports shall include the name of the vessel, location, intended course of action, and ETA at next reporting point.

(e) Permanent reporting points. The master of each vessel to which this section applies shall report as required by paragraph (d) of this section at the location indicated in Table I.

TABLE I

Downbound vessels	Reporting points	Upbound vessels
Report	30 Minutes North of Lake Huron Cut.	
	Lighted Horn Buoy "11"	
Report	Lake Huron Cut Light "7"	
	Lake Huron Cut Lighted Buoy "1".	Report.
Report	St. Clair/Black River Junction Light.	Report.
	Stag Island Upper Light	Report.
Report	Marine City Salt Dock Light	Report.
Report	Grande Pointe Light "23"	
	St. Clair Flats Canal Light "2"	Report.
Report	Lake St. Clair Light	Report.
Report	Belle Isle Light	
Report	Grassy Island Light	Report.
Report	Detroit River Light	Report.

- (f) Additional traffic reports. (1) A report shall be made upon leaving any dock, mooring, or anchorage, in the Detroit River, Lake St. Clair, and the St. Clair River except for—
 - (i) Ferries on regular runs; and
 - (ii) Vessels in the River Rouge.
- (2) A report shall be made before maneuvering to come about.
- (3) A report shall be made—
- (i) 20 minutes before entering or departing the River Rouge; and
- (ii) Immediately before entering or departing the River Rouge.
- (g) Report of impairment or other hazard. The master of a vessel shall report to SARNIA TRAFFIC as soon as possible:
- (1) Any condition on the vessel that may impair its navigation, including but not limited to: fire, defective steering equipment, or defective propulsion machinery.
- (2) Any tow that the towing vessel is unable to control, or can control only with difficulty.
- (h) *Exemptions*. Compliance with this section is not required when a vessel's radiotelphone equipment has failed.

[CGD 78–151, 49 FR 18301, Apr. 30, 1984; 49 FR 26722, June 29, 1984, as amended by CGD 85–060, 51 FR 17016, May 8, 1986; CGD 85-060, 51 FR 37274, Oct. 21, 1986]