Environmental Protection Agency

Table 3 to Subpart LL of Part 63—Anode Bake Furnace Limits for Emission Averaging

Number of furnaces	Emission limit (lb/ton of anode)	
	TF	POM
2	0.11 0.090 0.077 0.070	0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART LL OF PART 63—APPLICABILITY OF GENERAL PROVISIONS $$[40\ {\rm CFR}\ {\rm part}\ 63,\ {\rm subpart}\ A]$$

63.2 Definition of "reconstruction" 63.6(c)(1)		[10 0111 pair 00, 000]		
63.2 Definition of "reconstruction" 63.6(c)(1)	General provisions citation	Requirement		Comment
Sources. Opacity/VE standards	63.1(c)(2)		-	Subpart LL defines "reconstruc-
Opacity/VE standards Only in § 63.845 Opacity standards applicable only when incorporating the NSPS requirements class (C)(4)—(C)(8) CMS operation and maintenance Oscillations Opacity standards applicable only when incorporating the NSPS requirements ander § 63.845. Subpart LL specifies performance test dates. Subpart LL does not require COMS/CMS or CMS performance specifications. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL does not require CMS or CMS performance evaluation. Subpart LL specifies performance test noted in "comment" column. Subpart LL specifies notification of performance tests. Only in § 63.845. Only in § 63.845. Subpart LL specifies performance test reports affected source that has been shut down. Subpart LL specifies notification of performance tests. Only in § 63.845. Only in § 63.845. Subpart LL specifies performance test reporting. Reporting is required only when incorporating the NSPS requirements under § 63.845. Subpart LL does not require performance evaluation.	63.6(c)(1)	, ,	No	
63.8(c)(4)–(c)(8) CMS operation and maintenance No	63.6(h)	Opacity/VE standards	Only in § 63.845	Opacity standards applicable only when incorporating the NSPS requirements under § 63.845.
COMS/CMS or CMS performance explanations. Quality control	63.7(a)(2)(ii) and (iii)	Performance testing requirements	No	
63.8(e)	63.8(c)(4)–(c)(8)	CMS operation and maintenance	No	COMS/CMS or CMS perform-
Initial notifications Yes, except as noted in "comment" column.	63.8(d)	Quality control	No	or CMS performance evalua-
63.9(f)	63.8(e)		Yes, except as noted in "com-	ment for startup of an existing affected source that has been
Notification of VE or opacity test Notification of VE or opacity test Only in § 63.845 Notification is required only when incorporating the NSPS requirements under § 63.845 Additional CMS notification	63.9(e)	Notification of performance test	No	
63.10(d)(2) Additional CMS notification	63.9(f)	Notification of VE or opacity test	Only in § 63.845	Notification is required only when incorporating the NSPS require-
63.10(d)(2) Performance test reports	63.9(a)	Additional CMS notification	No	
63.10(d)(3)	63.10(d)(2)		No	
63.10(e)(2)	63.10(d)(3)		Only in § 63.845	Reporting is required only when incorporating the NSPS require-
63.11(a)–(b)	63.10(e)(2)		No	Subpart LL does not require per-
	63.11(a)–(b)	Control device requirements	No	Flares not applicable.

 $[62~{\rm FR}~52407,\,{\rm Oct.}~7,\,1997,\,{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~70~{\rm FR}~66285,\,{\rm Nov.}~2,\,2005]$

Subpart MM—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Chemical Recovery Combustion Sources at Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mills $\S\,63.860$ Applicability and designation of affected source.

(a) The requirements of this subpart apply to the owner or operator of each kraft, soda, sulfite, or stand-alone semichemical pulp mill that is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emissions as defined in §63.2.

Source: $66\ FR\ 3193$, Jan. $12,\ 2001$, unless otherwise noted.

§ 63.861

- (b) Affected sources. The requirements of this subpart apply to each new or existing affected source listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this section:
- (1) Each existing chemical recovery system (as defined in §63.861) located at a kraft or soda pulp mill.
- (2) Each new nondirect contact evaporator (NDCE) recovery furnace and associated smelt dissolving tank(s) located at a kraft or soda pulp mill.
- (3) Each new direct contact evaporator (DCE) recovery furnace system (as defined in §63.861) and associated smelt dissolving tank(s) located at a kraft or soda pulp mill.
- (4) Each new lime kiln located at a kraft or soda pulp mill.
- (5) Each new or existing sulfite combustion unit located at a sulfite pulp mill, except such existing units at Weyerhaeuser Paper Company's Cosmopolis, Washington facility (Emission Unit no. AP-10).
- (6) Each new or existing semichemical combustion unit located at a stand-alone semichemical pulp mill.
- (7) The requirements of the alternative standard in §63.862(d) apply to the hog fuel dryer at Weyerhaeuser Paper Company's Cosmopolis, Washington facility (Emission Unit no. HD–14).
- (c) The requirements of the General Provisions in subpart A of this part that apply to the owner or operator subject to the requirements of this subpart are identified in Table 1 to this subpart.

[66 FR 3193, Jan. 12, 2001, as amended at 68 FR 7713, Feb. 18, 2003]

§63.861 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart are defined in the Clean Air Act, in subpart A of this part, or in this section. For the purposes of this subpart, if the same term is defined in subpart A or any other subpart of this part and in this section, it must have the meaning given in this section.

Bag leak detection system means an instrument that is capable of monitoring PM loadings in the exhaust of a fabric filter in order to detect bag failures. A bag leak detection system includes, but is not limited to, an instrument that operates on triboelectric, light scat-

tering, light transmittance, or other principle to monitor relative PM loadings.

Black liquor means spent cooking liquor that has been separated from the pulp produced by the kraft, soda, or semichemical pulping process.

Black liquor gasification means the thermochemical conversion of black liquor into a combustible gaseous product.

Black liquor oxidation (BLO) system means the vessels used to oxidize the black liquor, with air or oxygen, and the associated storage tank(s).

Black liquor solids (BLS) means the dry weight of the solids in the black liquor that enters the recovery furnace or semichemical combustion unit.

Black liquor solids firing rate means the rate at which black liquor solids are fed to the recovery furnace or the semichemical combustion unit.

Chemical recovery combustion source means any source in the chemical recovery area of a kraft, soda, sulfite or stand-alone semichemical pulp mill that is an NDCE recovery furnace, a DCE recovery furnace system, a smelt dissolving tank, a lime kiln, a sulfite combustion unit, or a semichemical combustion unit.

Chemical recovery system means all existing DCE and NDCE recovery furnaces, smelt dissolving tanks, and lime kilns at a kraft or soda pulp mill. Each existing recovery furnace, smelt dissolving tank, or lime kiln is considered a process unit within a chemical recovery system.

Direct contact evaporator (DCE) recovery furnace means a kraft or soda recovery furnace equipped with a direct contact evaporator that concentrates strong black liquor by direct contact between the hot recovery furnace exhaust gases and the strong black liquor.

Direct contact evaporator (DCE) recovery furnace system means a direct contact evaporator recovery furnace and any black liquor oxidation system, if present, at the pulp mill.

Dry electrostatic precipitator (ESP) system means an electrostatic precipitator with a dry bottom (i.e., no black liquor, water, or other fluid is used in the ESP bottom) and a dry particulate matter return system (i.e., no black liquor,