Environmental Protection Agency

- 63.1438 Parameter monitoring levels and excursions.
- 63.1439 General recordkeeping and reporting provisions.
- TABLE 1 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—APPLI-CABILITY OF GENERAL PROVISIONS TO SUB-PART PPP AFFECTED SOURCES
- TABLE 2 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—APPLI-CABILITY OF HON PROVISIONS TO SUBPART PPP AFFECTED SOURCES
- TABLE 3 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—GROUP 1 STORAGE VESSELS AT EXISTING AND NEW AFFECTED SOURCES
- TABLE 4 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—KNOWN ORGANIC HAP FROM POLYETHER POLYOL PRODUCTS
- TABLE 5 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—PROC-ESS VENTS FROM BATCH UNIT OPER-ATIONS—MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
- TABLE 6 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—PROC-ESS VENTS FROM CONTINUOUS UNIT OPER-ATIONS—MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
- TABLE 7 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—OPER-ATING PARAMETERS FOR WHICH MONI-TORING LEVELS ARE REQUIRED TO BE ES-TABLISHED FOR PROCESS VENT STREAMS
- TABLE 8 TO SUBPART PPP OF PART 63—ROU

 TINE REPORTS REQUIRED BY THIS SUBPART

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

SOURCE: 57 FR 61992, Dec. 29, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§63.1200

Subpart EEE—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Hazardous Waste Combustors

SOURCE: $64\ {\rm FR}\ 53038,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 30,\ 1999,\ unless otherwise noted.$

GENERAL

§63.1200 Who is subject to these regulations?

The provisions of this subpart apply to all hazardous waste combustors: hazardous waste incinerators, hazardous waste cement kilns, hazardous waste lightweight aggregate kilns, hazardous waste solid fuel boilers, hazardous waste liquid fuel boilers, hazardous waste hydrochloric acid production furnaces. Hazardous waste combustors are also subject to applicable requirements under parts 260 through 270 of this chapter.

(a) What if I am an area source? (1) Both area sources and major sources are subject to this subpart.

(2) Both area sources and major sources subject to this subpart, but not previously subject to title V, are immediately subject to the requirement to apply for and obtain a title V permit in all States, and in areas covered by part 71 of this chapter.

(b) These regulations in this subpart do not apply to sources that meet the criteria in Table 1 of this Section, as follows:

| TABLE 1 TO §63.1200—HAZARDOUS WASTE COMB | USTORS EXEMPT FROM SUBPART EEE |
|--|--------------------------------|
|--|--------------------------------|

| lf | And if | Then |
|--|--|---|
| (1) You are a previously af- fected source. | (i) You ceased feeding hazardous waste for a period of time greater than the hazardous waste residence time (i.e., hazardous waste no longer resides in the combustion chamber);. (ii) You have initiated the closure requirements of subpart G, parts 264 or 265 of this chapter;. (iii) You begin complying with the requirements of all other applicable standards of this part (Part 63); and. (iv) You notify the Administrator in writing that you are no longer an affected source under this subpart (Subpart EEE). | You are no longer subject to this subpart (Subpart EEE). |
| (2) You are a research, devel- opment, and demonstration source. | You operate for no longer than one year after first burning hazardous waste (Note that the Administrator can extend this one-year restriction on a case-by-case basis upon your written request documenting when you first burned hazardous waste and the justification for needing additional time to perform research, development, or demonstration operations) | You are not subject to this subpart (Subpart EEE). Thi exemption applies even if there is a hazardous waste combustor at the plant site that is regulated under this subpart. You still, however, remain subject to § 270.65 of this chapter. |

§63.1201

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TABLE 1 TO § 63.1200-HAZARDOUS WASTE COMBUSTORS EXEMPT FROM SUBPART EEE-Co

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| lf | And if | Then |
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| (3) The only hazardous wastes you burn are exempt from regulation under § 266.100(c) of this chapter. | · | You are not subject to the re- quirements of this subpart (Subpart EEE). |
| (4) You meet the definition of a small quantity burner under § 266.108 of this chapter. | | You are not subject to the re- quirements of this subpart (Subpart EEE). |

(c) Table 1 of this section specifies the provisions of subpart A (General Provisions, §§63.1-63.15) that apply and those that do not apply to sources affected by this subpart.

[64 FR 53038, Sept. 30, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 42297, July 10, 2000; 67 FR 6986, Feb. 14, 2002; 70 FR 59540, Oct. 12, 2005]

§63.1201 Definitions and acronyms used in this subpart.

(a) The terms used in this subpart are defined in the Act, in subpart A of this part, or in this section as follows:

Air pollution control system means the equipment used to reduce the release of particulate matter and other pollutants to the atmosphere.

Automatic waste feed cutoff (AWFCO) system means a system comprised of cutoff valves, actuator, sensor, data manager, and other necessary components and electrical circuitry designed, operated and maintained to stop the flow of hazardous waste to the combustion unit automatically and immediately (except as provided bv §63.1206(c)(3)(viii)) when any operating requirement is exceeded.

Btu means British Thermal Units.

By-pass duct means a device which diverts a minimum of 10 percent of a cement kiln's off gas, or a device which the Administrator determines on a case-by-case basis diverts a sample of kiln gas that contains levels of carbon monoxide or hydrocarbons representative of the levels in the kiln.

Combustion chamber means the area in which controlled flame combustion of hazardous waste occurs.

Continuous monitor means a device which continuously samples the regulated parameter specified in §63.1209 without interruption, evaluates the detector response at least once every 15 seconds, and computes and records the average value at least every 60 seconds, except during allowable periods of calibration and except as defined otherwise by the CEMS Performance Specifications in appendix B, part 60 of this chapter.

Dioxin/furan and dioxins and furans mean tetra-, penta-, hexa-, hepta-, and octa-chlorinated dibenzo dioxins and furans.

Existing source means any affected source that is not a new source.

Feedrate operating limits means limits on the feedrate of materials (e.g., metals, chlorine) to the combustor that are established based on comprehensive performance testing. The limits are established and monitored by knowing the concentration of the limited material (e.g., chlorine) in each feedstream and the flowrate of each feedstream.

Feedstream means any material fed into a hazardous waste combustor, including, but not limited to, any pumpable or nonpumpable solid, liquid, or gas.

Flowrate means the rate at which a feedstream is fed into a hazardous waste combustor.

Hazardous waste is defined in §261.3 of this chapter.

Hazardous waste burning cement kiln means a rotary kiln and any associated preheater or precalciner devices that produce clinker by heating limestone and other materials for subsequent production of cement for use in commerce, and that burns hazardous waste at any time.

Hazardous waste combustor means a hazardous waste incinerator, hazardous waste burning cement kiln, hazardous waste burning lightweight aggregate kiln, hazardous waste liquid fuel boiler, hazardous waste solid fuel boiler, or hazardous waste hydrochloric acid production furnace.