Pt. 63, Subpt. DDDDD, Table 6

Environmental Protection Agency

To conduct a performance test for the following pollutant	You must	Using
	f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-7 of this chapter.
4. Mercury	Select sampling ports location and the number of traverse points. Determine velocity and volumetric flowrate of the stack gas.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A- 1 of this chapter. Method 2, 2F, or 2G at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-1 or A-2 of this chapter.
	c. Determine oxygen or carbon dioxide concentration of the stack gas.	Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-1 of this chapter, or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10-1981.a
	d. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas.	Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-3 of this chapter.
	e. Measure the mercury emission concentration.	Method 29, 30A, or 30B (M29, M30A, or M30B) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-8 of this chapter or Method 101A at 40 CFR part 61, appendix B of this chapter, or ASTM Method D6784. ^a
	f. Convert emissions concentration to lb per MMBtu emission rates.	Method 19 F-factor methodology at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-7 of this chapter.
5. CO	Select the sampling ports location and the number of traverse points.	Method 1 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-1 of this chapter.
	b. Determine oxygen concentration of the stack gas.	Method 3A or 3B at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-3 of this chapter, or ASTM D6522-00 (Reapproved 2005), or ANSI/ASME PTC 19.10-1981.*
	c. Measure the moisture content of the stack gas.	Method 4 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-3 of this chapter.
	d. Measure the CO emission concentration	Method 10 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-4 of this chapter. Use a measurement span value of 2 times the concentration of the applicable emission limit.

 $[76~{\rm FR}~15664,\,{\rm Mar}.~21,\,2011,\,{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~78~{\rm FR}~7200,\,{\rm Jan}.~31,\,2013]$

Table 6 to Subpart DDDDD of Part 63—Fuel Analysis Requirements

As stated in §63.7521, you must comply with the following requirements for fuel analysis testing for existing, new or reconstructed affected sources. However, equivalent methods (as defined in §63.7575) may be used in lieu of the prescribed methods at the discretion of the source owner or operator:

source owner or operation.			
To conduct a fuel analysis for the following pollutant	You must	Using	
1. Mercury	a. Collect fuel samples	Procedure in § 63.7521(c) or ASTM D5192a, or ASTM D7430a, or ASTM D6883a, or ASTM D2234/D2234Ma(for coal) or EPA 1631 or EPA 1631E or ASTM D6323a (for solid), or EPA 821-R-01-013 (for liquid or solid), or ASTM D4177a (for liquid), or ASTM D4057a (for liquid), or equivalent.	
	b. Composite fuel samples c. Prepare composited fuel samples	Procedure in § 83.7521(d) or equivalent. EPA SW-846-3050Ba (for solid samples), EPA SW- 846-3020Aa (for liquid samples), ASTM D2013/ D2013Ma (for coal), ASTM D5198a (for biomass), or EPA 3050a (for solid fuel), or EPA 821-R-01-013a (for liquid or solid), or equivalent.	
	d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.	ASTM D5865a (for coal) or ASTM E711a (for biomass), or ASTM D5864a for liquids and other solids, or ASTM D240a or equivalent.	
	e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.	ASTM D3173a, ASTM E871a, or ASTM D5864a, or ASTM D240, or ASTM D95a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4006a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4177a (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057a (for liquid fuels), or equivalent.	
	f. Measure mercury concentration in fuel sample.	ASTM D6722a (for coal), EPA SW-846-7471Ba (for solid samples), or EPA SW-846-7470Aa (for liquid samples), or equivalent.	
	g. Convert concentration into units of pounds of mercury per MMBtu of heat content.	Equation 8 in § 63.7530.	

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-14 Edition)

To conduct a fuel analysis for the following pollutant	You must	Using
	h. Calculate the mercury emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu.	Equations 10 and 12 in §63.7530.
2. HCl	a. Collect fuel samples	Procedure in §63.7521(c) or ASTM D5192a, or ASTM D7430a, or ASTM D6883a, or ASTM D2234/D2234Ma (for coal) or ASTM D6323a (for coal or biomass), ASTM D4177a (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057a (for liquid fuels), or equivalent.
	b. Composite fuel samples	Procedure in § 63.7521(d) or equivalent. EPA SW-846-3050Ba (for solid samples), EPA SW-846-3020Aa (for liquid samples), ASTM D2013/ D2013M§a (for coal), or ASTM D5198§a (for biomass), or EPA 3050a or equivalent.
	d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.	ASTM D5865a (for coal) or ASTM E711a (for biomass), ASTM D5864, ASTM D240a or equivalent.
	e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.	ASTM D3173 ^a or ASTM E871 ^a , or D5864 ^a , or ASTM D240 ^a , or ASTM D95 ^a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4006 ^a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4177 ^a (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057 ^a (for liquid fuels) or equivalent.
	f. Measure chlorine concentration in fuel sample.	EPA SW-846-9250°, ASTM D6721°, ÁSTM D4208° (for coal), or EPA SW-846-5050° or ASTM E776° (for solid fuel), or EPA SW-846-9056° or SW-846-9076° (for solids or liquids) or equivalent.
	g. Convert concentrations into units of pounds of HCl per MMBtu of	Equation 7 in § 63.7530.
	heat content. h. Calculate the HCI emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu.	Equations 10 and 11 in § 63.7530.
Mercury Fuel Specification for other gas 1 fuels.	Measure mercury concentration in the fuel sample and convert to units of micrograms per cubic meter.	Method 30B (M30B) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A-8 of this chapter or ASTM D5954 a, ASTM D6350 a, ISO 6978-1:2003(E) a, or EPA-1631 a or equivalent.
	Measure mercury concentration in the exhaust gas when firing only the other gas 1 fuel is fired in the boiler or process heater.	Method 29, 30A, or 30B (M29, M30A, or M30B) at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–8 of this chapter or Method 101A or Method 102 at 40 CFR part 61, appendix B of this chapter, or ASTM Method D6784 a or equivalent.
4. TSM for solid fuels	a. Collect fuel samples	Procedure in § 63.7521(c) or ASTM D5192 a, or ASTM D7430 a, or ASTM D6883 a, or ASTM D2234/ D2234M a (for coal) or ASTM D6323 a (for coal or biomass), or ASTM D4177 a,(for liquid fuels)or ASTM D4057 a (for liquid fuels),or equivalent.
	b. Composite fuel samples	Procedure in § 63.7521(d) or equivalent. EPA SW-846-3050Ba (for solid samples), EPA SW-846-3020Aa (for liquid samples), ASTM D2013/D2013Ma (for coal), ASTM D5198a or TAPPI T266a (for biomass), or EPA 3050a or equivalent.
	d. Determine heat content of the fuel type.	ASTM D5865ª (for coal) or ASTM E711ª (for biomass), or ASTM D5864ª for liquids and other solids, or ASTM D240ª or equivalent.
	e. Determine moisture content of the fuel type.	ASTM D3173 a or ASTM E871 a, or D5864, or ASTM D240 a, or ASTM D95 a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4006 a (for liquid fuels), or ASTM D4177 a (for liquid fuels) or ASTM D4057 a (for liquid fuels), or equivalent.
	f. Measure TSM concentration in fuel sample.	ASTM D3683 a, or ASTM D4606 a, or ASTM D6357 a or EPA 200.8 a or EPA SW-846-6020 a, or EPA SW- 846-6020A a, or EPA SW-846-6010C a, EPA 7060 a or EPA 7060A a (for arsenic only), or EPA SW-846- 7740 a (for selenium only).
	g. Convert concentrations into units of pounds of TSM per MMBtu of heat content.	7740° (for selentin only). Equation 9 in § 63.7530.
	h. Calculate the TSM emission rate from the boiler or process heater in units of pounds per million Btu.	Equations 10 and 13 in § 63.7530.

^a Incorporated by reference, see § 63.14.