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been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed. As an enforceable method, States may use:

- (1) Any of the appropriate methods in appendix M to this part, Recommended Test Methods for State Implementation Plans; or
- (2) An alternative method following review and approval of that method by the Administrator; or
- (3) Any appropriate method in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
- [51 FR 40673, Nov. 7, 1986, as amended at 55 FR 14249, Apr. 17, 1990; 62 FR 8328, Feb. 24, 1997]

§51,213 Transportation control meas-

- (a) The plan must contain procedures for obtaining and maintaining data on actual emissions reductions achieved as a result of implementing transportation control measures.
- (b) In the case of measures based on traffic flow changes or reductions in vehicle use, the data must include observed changes in vehicle miles traveled and average speeds.
- (c) The data must be maintained in such a way as to facilitate comparison of the planned and actual efficacy of the transportation control measures.

[61 FR 30163, June 14, 1996]

§ 51.214 Continuous emission monitoring.

- (a) The plan must contain legally enforceable procedures to—
- (1) Require stationary sources subject to emission standards as part of an applicable plan to install, calibrate, maintain, and operate equipment for continuously monitoring and recording emissions; and
- (2) Provide other information as specified in appendix P of this part.
 - (b) The procedures must-
- (1) Identify the types of sources, by source category and capacity, that must install the equipment; and
- (2) Identify for each source category the pollutants which must be monitored.
- (c) The procedures must, as a minimum, require the types of sources set forth in appendix P of this part to meet

the applicable requirements set forth therein.

- (d)(1) The procedures must contain provisions that require the owner or operator of each source subject to continuous emission monitoring and recording requirements to maintain a file of all pertinent information for at least two years following the date of collection of that information.
- (2) The information must include emission measurements, continuous monitoring system performance testing measurements, performance evaluations, calibration checks, and adjustments and maintenance performed on such monitoring systems and other reports and records required by appendix P of this part.
- (e) The procedures must require the source owner or operator to submit information relating to emissions and operation of the emission monitors to the State to the extent described in appendix P at least as frequently as described therein.
- (f)(1) The procedures must provide that sources subject to the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section must have installed all necessary equipment and shall have begun monitoring and recording within 18 months after either—
- (i) The approval of a State plan requiring monitoring for that source; or
- (ii) Promulgation by the Agency of monitoring requirements for that source.
- (2) The State may grant reasonable extensions of this period to sources that—
- (i) Have made good faith efforts to purchases, install, and begin the monitoring and recording of emission data; and
- (ii) Have been unable to complete the installation within the period.

Subpart L—Legal Authority

Source: 51 FR 40673, Nov. 7, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§51.230 Requirements for all plans.

Each plan must show that the State has legal authority to carry out the plan, including authority to:

(a) Adopt emission standards and limitations and any other measures

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necessary for attainment and maintenance of national standards.

- (b) Enforce applicable laws, regulations, and standards, and seek injunctive relief.
- (c) Abate pollutant emissions on an emergency basis to prevent substantial endangerment to the health of persons, i.e., authority comparable to that available to the Administrator under section 305 of the Act.
- (d) Prevent construction, modification, or operation of a facility, building, structure, or installation, or combination thereof, which directly or indirectly results or may result in emissions of any air pollutant at any location which will prevent the attainment or maintenance of a national standard.
- (e) Obtain information necessary to determine whether air pollution sources are in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and standards, including authority to require record-keeping and to make inspections and conduct tests of air pollution sources.
- (f) Require owners or operators of stationary sources to install, maintain, and use emission monitoring devices and to make periodic reports to the State on the nature and amounts of emissions from such stationary sources; also authority for the State to make such data available to the public as reported and as correlated with any applicable emission standards or limitations.

\$51.231 Identification of legal authority.

- (a) The provisions of law or regulation which the State determines provide the authorities required under this section must be specifically identified, and copies of such laws or regulations be submitted with the plan.
- (b) The plan must show that the legal authorities specified in this subpart are available to the State at the time of submission of the plan.
- (c) Legal authority adequate to fulfill the requirements of §51.230 (e) and (f) of this subpart may be delegated to the State under section 114 of the Act.

§51.232 Assignment of legal authority to local agencies.

(a) A State government agency other than the State air pollution control

agency may be assigned responsibility for carrying out a portion of a plan if the plan demonstrates to the Administrator's satisfaction that the State governmental agency has the legal authority necessary to carry out the portion of plan.

- (b) The State may authorize a local agency to carry out a plan, or portion thereof, within such local agency's jurisdiction if—
- (1) The plan demonstrates to the Administrator's satisfaction that the local agency has the legal authority necessary to implement the plan or portion of it; and
- (2) This authorization does not relieve the State of responsibility under the Act for carrying out such plan, or portion thereof.

Subpart M—Intergovernmental Consultation

AUTHORITY: Secs. 110, 121, 174(a), 301(a), Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7410, 7421, 7504, and 7601(a)).

SOURCE: 44 FR 35179, June 18, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

AGENCY DESIGNATION

§51.240 General plan requirements.

Each State implementation plan must identify organizations, by official title, that will participate in developing, implementing, and enforcing the plan and the responsibilities of such organizations. The plan shall include any related agreements or memoranda of understanding among the organizations.

§51.241 Nonattainment areas for carbon monoxide and ozone.

(a) For each AQCR or portion of an AQCR in which the national primary standard for carbon monoxide or ozone will not be attained by July 1, 1979, the Governor (or Governors for interstate areas) shall certify, after consultation with local officials, the organization responsible for developing the revised implementation plan or portions thereof for such AQCR.

(b)-(f) [Reserved]

 $[44\ {\rm FR}\ 35179,\ {\rm June}\ 18,\ 1979,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 48\ {\rm FR}\ 29302,\ {\rm June}\ 24,\ 1983;\ 60\ {\rm FR}\ 33922,\ {\rm June}\ 29,\ 1995;\ 61\ {\rm FR}\ 16060,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 11,\ 1996]$