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other facilities where household do-ityourselfer used oil is collected.

- (b) Imports and exports. Transporters who import used oil from abroad or export used oil outside of the United States are subject to the requirements of this subpart from the time the used oil enters and until the time it exits the United States.
- (c) Trucks used to transport hazardous waste. Unless trucks previously used to transport hazardous waste are emptied as described in §261.7 of this chapter prior to transporting used oil, the used oil is considered to have been mixed with the hazardous waste and must be managed as hazardous waste unless, under the provisions of §279.10(b), the hazardous waste/used oil mixture is determined not to be hazardous waste.
- (d) Other applicable provisions. Used oil transporters who conduct the following activities are also subject to other applicable provisions of this part as indicated in paragraphs (d)(1) through (5) of this section:
- (1) Transporters who generate used oil must also comply with subpart C of this part;
- (2) Transporters who process or re-refine used oil, except as provided in § 279.41, must also comply with subpart F of this part;
- (3) Transporters who burn off-specification used oil for energy recovery must also comply with subpart G of this part;
- (4) Transporters who direct shipments of off-specification used oil from their facility to a used oil burner or first claim that used oil that is to be burned for energy recovery meets the used oil fuel specifications set forth in §279.11 must also comply with subpart H of this part; and
- (5) Transporters who dispose of used oil, including the use of used oil as a dust suppressant, must also comply with subpart I of this part.

[57 FR 41612, Sept. 10, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 26425, May 3, 1993]

§ 279.41 Restrictions on transporters who are not also processors or rerefiners.

(a) Used oil transporters may consolidate or aggregate loads of used oil for purposes of transportation. However, except as provided in paragraph (b) of

this section, used oil transporters may not process used oil unless they also comply with the requirements for processors/re-refiners in subpart F of this part.

- (b) Transporters may conduct incidental processing operations that occur in the normal course of used oil transportation (e.g., settling and water separation), but that are not designed to produce (or make more amenable for production of) used oil derived products unless they also comply with the processor/re-refiner requirements in subpart F of this part.
- (c) Transporters of used oil that is removed from oil bearing electrical transformers and turbines and filtered by the transporter or at a transfer facility prior to being returned to its original use are not subject to the processor/re-refiner requirements in subpart F of this part.

 $[57~{\rm FR}~41612,~{\rm Sept.}~10,~1992,~{\rm as~amended}~{\rm at}~59~{\rm FR}~10560,~{\rm Mar.}~4,~1994]$

§279.42 Notification.

- (a) *Identification numbers*. Used oil transporters who have not previously complied with the notification requirements of RCRA section 3010 must comply with these requirements and obtain an EPA identification number.
- (b) Mechanics of notification. A used oil transporter who has not received an EPA identification number may obtain one by notifying the Regional Administrator of their used oil activity by submitting either:
- (1) A completed EPA Form 8700-12 (To obtain ordering information for EPA Form 8700-12 call RCRA/Superfund Hotline at 1-800-424-9346 or 703-920-9810); or
- (2) A letter requesting an EPA identification number.
- Call RCRA/Superfund Hotline to determine where to send a letter requesting an EPA identification number. The letter should include the following information:
 - (i) Transporter company name;
- (ii) Owner of the transporter company;
- (iii) Mailing address for the transporter;
- (iv) Name and telephone number for the transporter point of contact;