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(2) For Class I municipal waste combustion units only, concentration of nitrogen oxides emissions.
(3) Concentration of carbon monoxide emissions.
(4) Load level of your municipal waste combustion unit.
(5) Temperature of the flue gases at the inlet of your particulate matter air pollution control device.
(6) Average 6-minute opacity level. The data obtained from your continuous opacity monitoring system are not used to determine compliance with the limit on opacity emissions.

(b) If the results of your annual stack tests (as recorded in § 62.15300(a)) show emissions above the limits specified in table 2 or 4 of this subpart as applicable for dioxins/furans, cadmium, lead, mercury, particulate matter, opacity, hydrogen chloride, and fugitive ash, include a copy of the test report that documents the emission levels and your corrective actions.

(c) For municipal waste combustion units that apply activated carbon to control dioxins/furans or mercury emissions, include two items:
(1) Documentation of all dates when the 8-hour block average carbon feed rate (calculated from the carbon injection system operating parameter) is less than the highest carbon feed rate established during the most recent mercury and dioxins/furans stack test (as specified in § 62.15310(a)(1)). Include four items:
   (i) Eight-hour average carbon feed rate.
   (ii) Reasons for these occurrences of low carbon feed rates.
   (iii) The corrective actions you have taken to meet the carbon feed rate requirement.
   (iv) The calendar date.
(2) Documentation of each quarter when total carbon purchased and delivered to the municipal waste combustion plant is less than the total required quarterly usage of carbon. If you choose to evaluate total carbon purchased and delivered on a municipal waste combustion unit basis, record the total carbon purchased and delivered for each individual municipal waste combustion unit at your plant. Include five items:
   (i) Amount of carbon purchased and delivered to the plant.
   (ii) Required quarterly usage of carbon.
   (iii) Reasons for not meeting the required quarterly usage of carbon.
   (iv) The corrective actions you have taken to meet the required quarterly usage of carbon.
   (v) The calendar date.

§ 62.15360  Can reporting dates be changed?

(a) If the Administrator agrees, you may change the semiannual or annual reporting dates.
(b) See § 60.19(c) in subpart A of 40 CFR part 60 for procedures to seek approval to change your reporting date.

AIR CURTAIN INCINERATORS THAT BURN 100 PERCENT YARD WASTE

§ 62.15365  What is an air curtain incinerator?

An air curtain incinerator operates by forcefully projecting a curtain of air across an open chamber or open pit in which combustion occurs. Incinerators of this type can be constructed above or below ground and with or without refractory walls and floor.

§ 62.15370  What is yard waste?

Yard waste is grass, grass clippings, bushes, shrubs, and clippings from bushes and shrubs. They come from residential, commercial/retail, institutional, or industrial sources as part of maintaining yards or other private or public lands. Yard waste does not include two items:
(a) Construction, renovation, and demolition wastes that are exempt from the definition of “municipal solid waste” in § 62.15410.
(b) Clean wood that is exempt from the definition of “municipal solid waste” in § 62.15410 of this subpart.

§ 62.15375  What are the emission limits for air curtain incinerators that burn 100 percent yard waste?

If your air curtain incinerator burns 100 percent yard waste, you must meet only the emission limits in this section.
(a) Within 180 days after your final compliance date, you must meet two limits: