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(c) GSA Accessibility Standard. Design, construction, or alteration of facilities shall be in conformance with the "GSA Accessibility Standard," PBS (PCD): DG6. October 14, 1980. A copy of the standard can be obtained through the Business Service Centers, General Services Administration, National Capital Region, 7th and D Streets, SW., Washington, DC 20407 or Regional Business Service Centers, Region 1, John W. McCormack, Post Office and Courthouse, Boston, Massachusetts 02109; Region 2, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, New York 10007; Region 3, Ninth and Market Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107; Region 4, 75 Spring Street, SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303; Region 5, 230 South Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois 60604; Region 6, 1500 East Bannister Road, Kansas City, Missouri 64131; Region 7, 819 Taylor Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76102; Region 8, Building 41, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225; Region 9, 525 Market Street, San Francisco, California 94105; Region 10, GSA Center, Auburn, Washington 98002. In cases of practical difficulty, unnecessary hardship, or extreme differences, exceptions may be granted from the literal requirements of the above-mentioned standard, as defined in §§ 101-19.604 and 101-19.605 ("Exceptions" and "Waiver or modification of standards"), but only when it is clearly evident that equal facilitation and protection are thereby secured.

§ 101-8.311 Historic Preservation Programs.

- (a) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section:
- (1) Historic Preservation Programs are those that receive Federal financial assistance that has preservation of historic properties as a primary purpose.
- (2) Historic properties means those properties that are listed or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.
- (3) Substantial impairment means a permanent alteration that results in a significant loss of the integrity of finished materials, design quality or special character.
- (b) Obligation—(1) Accessibility. A recipient shall operate any program or activity involving Historic Preservation Programs so that when each part

is viewed in its entirety it is readily accessible to and usable by handicapped persons.

This paragraph does not necessarily require a recipient to make each of its existing historic properties or every part of an historic property accessible to and usable by handicapped persons. Methods of achieving accessibility include:

- (i) Making physical alterations which enable handicapped persons to have access to otherwise inaccessible areas or features of historic properties;
- (ii) Using audio-visual materials and devices to depict otherwise inaccessible areas or features of historic properties;
- (iii) Assigning persons to guide handicapped persons into or through otherwise inaccessible portions of historic properties;
- (iv) Adopting other innovative methods to achieve accessibility.

Because the primary benefit of an Historic Preservation Program is the experience of the historic property itself, in taking steps to achieve accessibility, recipients shall give priority to those means which make the historic property, or portions thereof, physically accessible to handicapped individuals.

- (2) Waiver of accessibility standards. Where accessibility cannot be achieved without causing a substantial impairment of significant historic features, the Administrator may grant a waiver of the accessibility requirement. In determining whether accessibility can be achieved without causing a substantial impairment, the Administrator shall consider the following factors:
- (i) Scale of property, reflecting its ability to absorb alterations;
- (ii) Use of the property, whether primarily for public or private purpose;
- (iii) Importance of the historic features of the property to the conduct of the program or activity; and
- (iv) Cost of alterations in comparison to the increase in accessibility.

The Administrator shall periodically review any waiver granted under this section and may withdraw it if technological advances or other changes so warrant.

(c) Advisory Council comments. Where the property is federally owned or where Federal funds may be used for

alterations, the comments of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation shall be obtained when required by section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470), and 36 CFR part 800, prior to effectuation of structural alterations.

 $[47\ FR\ 25337,\ June\ 11,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 68\ FR\ 51374,\ Aug.\ 26,\ 2003]$

§ 101-8.312 Procedures.

The procedural provisions of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 are adopted and stated in §§ 101-6.205-101-6.215 and apply to this subpart. (Sec. 205(c), 63 Stat. 390; 40 U.S.C. 486(c).)

§101-8.313 Self-evaluation.

- (a) *Procedures*. Each recipient shall, within one year of the effective date of this part:
- (1) Whenever possible, evaluate, with the assistance of interested persons, including handicapped persons or organizations representing handicapped persons, its current policies and practices and the effects thereof that do not or may not meet the requirements of this part:
- (2) Modify any policies and practices which do not or may not meet the requirements of this part; and
- (3) Take appropriate remedial steps to eliminate the effects of discrimination which resulted or may have resulted from adherence to these questionable policies and practices.
- (b) Availability of self-evaluation and related materials. Recipients shall maintain on file, for at least three years following its completion, the evaluation required under paragraph (a) of this section, and shall provide to the Director, upon request, a description of any modifications made under paragraph (a)(2) of this section and of any remedial steps taken under paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

Subparts 101–8.4—101–8.6 [Reserved]

Subpart 101–8.7—Discrimination Prohibited on the Basis of Age

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.

SOURCE: 50 FR 23412, June 4, 1985, unless otherwise noted

§ 101–8.700 Purpose of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.

The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance.

§ 101-8.701 Scope of General Services Administration's age discrimination regulation.

This regulation sets out General Services Administration's (GSA) policies and procedures under the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, in accordance with 45 CFR part 90. The Act and the Federal regulation permits Federally assisted programs or activities to continue to use certain age distinctions and factors other than age which meet the requirements of the Act and its implementing regulations.

$\S 101-8.702$ Applicability.

- (a) The regulation applies to each GSA recipient and to each program or activity operated by the recipient.
 - (b) The regulations does not apply to:
- (1) An age distinction contained in that part of Federal, State, local statute or ordinance adopted by an elected, general purpose legislative body that:
- (i) Provides any benefits or assistance to persons based on age:
- (ii) Establishes criteria for participation in age-related terms; or
- (iii) Describes intended beneficiaries or target groups in age-related terms.
- (2) Any employment practice of any employer, employment agency, labor organization or any labor-management apprenticeship training program, except for any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance for public service employment under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) (29 U.S.C. 801 et sea.)

§ 101-8.703 Definitions of terms.

(a) As used in these regulations, the term: Act means the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (title III of Pub. L. 94–135).