facility also has policymaking authority over the entity.

- (3) Related to the inpatient stay. A preadmission service is related if—
- (i) It is diagnostic (including clinical diagnostic laboratory tests); or
- (ii) It is nondiagnostic when furnished on the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission; or
- (iii) On or after June 25,, 2010, it is nondiagnostic when furnished on the calendar day preceding the date of the beneficiary's inpatient admission and the hospital does not attest that such service is unrelated to the beneficiary's inpatient admission.
 - (4) Not one of the following—
 - (i) Ambulance services.
- (ii) Maintenance renal dialysis services.
- (g) Reporting and recordkeeping requirements. All inpatient rehabilitation facilities participating in the prospective payment system under this subpart must meet the recordkeeping and cost reporting requirements of §§ 413.20 and 413.24 of this subchapter.

[66 FR 41388, Aug. 7, 2001, as amended at 67 FR 44077, July 1, 2002; 68 FR 45699, Aug. 1, 2003; 74 FR 39810, Aug. 7, 2009; 75 FR 50417, Aug. 16, 2010]

§412.606 Patient assessments.

- (a) Admission orders. At the time that each Medicare Part A fee-for-service patient is admitted, the inpatient rehabilitation facility must have physician orders for the patient's care during the time the patient is hospitalized.
- (b) Patient assessment instrument. An inpatient rehabilitation facility must use the CMS inpatient rehabilitation facility patient assessment instrument to assess Medicare Part A fee-for-service and Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) inpatients who—
- (1) Are admitted on or after January 1, 2002; or
- (2) Were admitted before January 1, 2002, and are still inpatients as of January 1, 2002.
- (c) Comprehensive assessments. (1) A clinician of the inpatient rehabilitation facility must perform a comprehensive, accurate, standardized, and reproducible assessment of each Medicare Part A fee-for-service inpatient using the inpatient rehabilitation facility patient assessment instrument

- specified in paragraph (b) of this section as part of his or her patient assessment in accordance with the schedule described in §412.610. IRFs must also complete a patient assessment instrument in accordance with §412.606 for each Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) patient admitted to or discharged from an IRF on or after October 1, 2009.
- (2) A clinician employed or contracted by an inpatient rehabilitation facility who is trained on how to perform a patient assessment using the inpatient rehabilitation facility patient assessment instrument specified in paragraph (b) of the section must record appropriate and applicable data accurately and completely for each item on the patient assessment instrument.
- (3) The assessment process must include—
- (i) Direct patient observation and communication with the patient; and
- (ii) When appropriate and to the extent feasible, patient data from the patient's physician(s), family, someone personally knowledgeable about the patient's clinical condition or capabilities, the patient's clinical record, and other sources.

[66 FR 41388, Aug. 7, 2001, as amended at 74 FR 39810, Aug. 7, 2009]

§ 412.608 Patients' rights regarding the collection of patient assessment

- (a) Before performing an assessment using the inpatient rehabilitation facility patient assessment instrument, a clinician of the inpatient rehabilitation facility must give a Medicare inpatient—
- (1) The form entitled "Privacy Act Statement—Health Care Records"; and
- (2) The simplified plain language description of the Privacy Act Statement—Health Care Records which is a form entitled "Data Collection Information Summary for Patients in Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities."
- (b) The inpatient rehabilitation facility must document in the Medicare inpatient's clinical record that the Medicare inpatient has been given the documents specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

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- (c) By giving the Medicare inpatient the forms specified in paragraph (a) of this section the inpatient rehabilitation facility will inform the Medicare patient of—
- (1) Their privacy rights under the Privacy Act of 1974 and 45 CFR 5b.4(a)(3); and
 - (2) The following rights:
- (i) The right to be informed of the purpose of the collection of the patient assessment data;
- (ii) The right to have the patient assessment information collected be kept confidential and secure:
- (iii) The right to be informed that the patient assessment information will not be disclosed to others, except for legitimate purposes allowed by the Federal Privacy Act and Federal and State regulations:
- (iv) The right to refuse to answer patient assessment questions; and
- (v) The right to see, review, and request changes on his or her patient assessment.
- (d) The patient rights specified in this section are in addition to the patient rights specified in §82.13 of this chapter.

[68 FR 45699, Aug. 1, 2003]

§412.610 Assessment schedule.

- (a) General. For each Medicare Part A fee-for-service or Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) inpatient, an inpatient rehabilitation facility must complete a patient assessment instrument as specified in §412.606 that covers a time period that is in accordance with the assessment schedule specified in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Starting the assessment schedule day count. The first day that the Medicare Part A fee-for-service or Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) inpatient is furnished Medicare-covered services during his or her current inpatient rehabilitation facility hospital stay is counted as day one of the patient assessment schedule.
- (c) Assessment schedules and references dates. The inpatient rehabilitation facility must complete a patient assessment instrument upon the Medicare Part A fee-for-service or Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) patient's admission and discharge as specified in

- paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section.
- (1) Admission assessment—(i) General rule. The admission assessment—
- (A) Time period is a span of time that covers calendar days 1 through 3 of the patient's current Medicare Part A feefor-service or Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) hospitalization;
- (B) Has an admission assessment reference date that is the third calendar day of the span of time specified in paragraph (c)(1)(i)(A) of this section; and
- (C) Must be completed by the calendar day that follows the admission assessment reference day.
- (ii) Exception to the general rule. We may specify in the patient assessment instrument item-by-item guide and in other issued instructions, items that have a different admission assessment time period to most appropriately capture patient information for payment and quality of care monitoring objectives.
- (2) Discharge assessment—(i) General rule. The discharge assessment—
- (A) Time period is a span of time that covers 3 calendar days, and is the discharge assessment reference date itself specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section and the 2 calendar days prior to the discharge assessment reference date; and
- (B) Must be completed on the 5th calendar day that follows the discharge assessment reference date specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section with the discharge assessment reference date itself being counted as the first day of the 5 calendar day time span.
- (ii) Discharge assessment reference date. The discharge assessment reference date is the actual day that the first of either of the following two events occurs:
- (A) The patient is discharged from the inpatient rehabilitation facility; or
- (B) The patient stops being furnished Medicare Part A fee-for-service or Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) inpatient rehabilitation services.
- (iii) Exception to the general rule. We may specify in the patient assessment instrument item-by-item guide and in other issued instructions, items that have a different discharge assessment