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audits and investigations of Department programs, in the course of administrative hearings held under the Social Security Act, or to disclosures to the General Accounting Office as necessary to carry out its statutory responsibilities.

- (g) A QIO must disclose quality review study information to CMS with identifiers of patients, practitioners or institutions—
- (1) For purposes of quality improvement. Activities include, but are not limited to, data validation, measurement, reporting, and evaluation.
- (2) As requested by CMS when CMS deems it necessary for purposes of overseeing and planning QIO program activities.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985. Redesignated at 64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 49266, Aug. 11, 2004; 75 FR 19826, Apr. 15, 2010; 76 FR 26547, May 6, 2011]

§ 480.141 Disclosure of QIO interpretations on the quality of health care.

Subject to the procedures for disclosure and notice of disclosure specified in §§ 480.104 and 480.105, a QIO may disclose to the public QIO interpretations and generalizations on the quality of health care that identify a particular institution.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985. Redesignated at 64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 49267, Aug. 11, 2004]

§ 480.142 Disclosure of sanction re-

- (a) The QIO must disclose sanction reports directly to the Office of the Inspector General and, if requested, to CMS.
- (b) The QIO must upon request, and may without a request, disclose sanction reports to State and Federal agencies responsible for the identification, investigation or prosecution of cases of fraud or abuse in accordance with § 480.137.
- (c) CMS will disclose sanction determinations in accordance with part 474 of this chapter.

 $[50~{\rm FR}~15359,~{\rm Apr.}~17,~1985.~{\rm Redesignated}~{\rm at}~64~{\rm FR}~66279,~{\rm Nov.}~24,~1999,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~69~{\rm FR}~49267,~{\rm Aug.}~11,~2004]$

§480.143 QIO involvement in shared health data systems.

- (a) Information collected by a QIO. Except as prohibited in paragraph (b) of this section, information collected by a QIO may be processed and stored by a cooperative health statistics system established under the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 242k) or other State or Federally authorized shared data system
- (b) QIO participation. A QIO may not participate in a cooperative health statistics system or other shared health data system if the disclosure rules of the system would prevent the QIO from complying with the rules of this part.
- (c) Disclosure of QIO information obtained by a shared health data system. QIO information must not be disclosed by the shared health data system unless—
- (1) The source from which the QIO acquired the information consents to or requests disclosure; or
- (2) The QIO requests the disclosure of the information to carry out a disclosure permitted under a provision of this part.

§ 480.144 Access to QIO data and information.

CMS may approve the requests of researchers for access to QIO confidential information not already authorized by other provisions in 42 CFR part 480.

[76 FR 26547, May 6, 2011]

§ 480.145 Beneficiary authorization of use of confidential information.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided under this part, a QIO may not use or disclose a beneficiary's confidential information without an authorization from the beneficiary. The QIO's use or disclosure must be consistent with the authorization.
- (b) A valid authorization is a document that contains the following:
- (1) A description of the information to be used or disclosed that identifies the information in a specific and meaningful fashion.
- (2) The name or other specific identification of the QIO(s) and QIO point(s) of contact making the request to use or disclose the information.
- (3) The name or other specific identification of the person(s), or class of

persons, to whom the QIO(s) may disclose the information or allow the requested use.

- (4) A description of each purpose of the requested use or disclosure. The statement "at the request of the individual" is a sufficient description of the purpose when an individual initiates the authorization and does not, or elects not to, provide a statement of purpose.
- (5) An expiration date or an expiration event that relates to the beneficiary or the purpose of the use or disclosure. The statement "end of the QIO research study," "none," or similar language is sufficient if the authorization is for a use or disclosure of confidential information for QIO research, including for the creation and maintenance of a research database or research repository.
- (6) Signature of the individual and date. If the authorization is signed by a beneficiary's representative, a description of such representative's authority to act for the beneficiary must also be provided.
- (c) In addition to those items contained in paragraph (b) of this section, the authorization must contain statements adequate to place the individual on notice of all of the following:
- (1) The individual's right to revoke the authorization in writing; and
- (2) Any exceptions to the right to revoke and a description of how the individual may revoke the authorization;

- (3) The ability or inability of the QIO to condition its review activities on the authorization, by stating either:
- (i) That the QIO may not condition the review of complaints, appeals, or payment determinations, or any other QIO reviews or other tasks within the QIO's responsibility on whether the individual signs the authorization;
- (ii) The consequences to the individual of a refusal to sign the authorization when the refusal will render the QIO unable to carry out an activity.
- (4) The potential for information disclosed pursuant to the authorization to be subject to either appropriate or inappropriate redisclosure by a beneficiary, after which the information would no longer be protected by this subpart.
- (d) The authorization must be written in plain language.
- (e) If a QIO seeks an authorization from a beneficiary for a use or disclosure of confidential information, the QIO must provide the beneficiary with a copy of the signed authorization.
- (f) A beneficiary may revoke an authorization provided under this section at any time, provided the revocation is in writing, except to the extent that the QIO has taken action in reliance upon the authorization.

[77 FR 68564, Nov. 15, 2012]

PART 481 [RESERVED]