§483.376

at the time it executes a provider agreement with the Medicaid agency.

- (b) Reporting of serious occurrences. The facility must report each serious occurrence to both the State Medicaid agency and, unless prohibited by State law, the State-designated Protection and Advocacy system. Serious occurrences that must be reported include a resident's death, a serious injury to a resident as defined in §483.352 of this part, and a resident's suicide attempt.
- (1) Staff must report any serious occurrence involving a resident to both the State Medicaid agency and the State-designated Protection and Advocacy system by no later than close of business the next business day after a serious occurrence. The report must include the name of the resident involved in the serious occurrence, a description of the occurrence, and the name, street address, and telephone number of the facility.
- (2) In the case of a minor, the facility must notify the resident's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) as soon as possible, and in no case later than 24 hours after the serious occurrence.
- (3) Staff must document in the resident's record that the serious occurrence was reported to both the State Medicaid agency and the State-designated Protection and Advocacy system, including the name of the person to whom the incident was reported. A copy of the report must be maintained in the resident's record, as well as in the incident and accident report logs kept by the facility.
- (c) Reporting of deaths. In addition to the reporting requirements contained in paragraph (b) of this section, facilities must report the death of any resident to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) regional of-
- (1) Staff must report the death of any resident to the CMS regional office by no later than close of business the next business day after the resident's death.
- (2) Staff must document in the resident's record that the death was reported to the CMS regional office.

[66 FR 7161, Jan. 22, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 28117, May 22, 2001]

§483.376 Education and training.

- (a) The facility must require staff to have ongoing education, training, and demonstrated knowledge of—
- (1) Techniques to identify staff and resident behaviors, events, and environmental factors that may trigger emergency safety situations;
- (2) The use of nonphysical intervention skills, such as de-escalation, mediation conflict resolution, active listening, and verbal and observational methods, to prevent emergency safety situations; and
- (3) The safe use of restraint and the safe use of seclusion, including the ability to recognize and respond to signs of physical distress in residents who are restrained or in seclusion.
- (b) Certification in the use of cardiopulmonary resuscitation, including periodic recertification, is required.
- (c) Individuals who are qualified by education, training, and experience must provide staff training.
- (d) Staff training must include training exercises in which staff members successfully demonstrate in practice the techniques they have learned for managing emergency safety situations.
- (e) Staff must be trained and demonstrate competency before participating in an emergency safety intervention
- (f) Staff must demonstrate their competencies as specified in paragraph (a) of this section on a semiannual basis and their competencies as specified in paragraph (b) of this section on an annual basis.
- (g) The facility must document in the staff personnel records that the training and demonstration of competency were successfully completed. Documentation must include the date training was completed and the name of persons certifying the completion of training.
- (h) All training programs and materials used by the facility must be available for review by CMS, the State Medicaid agency, and the State survey agency.

Subpart H [Reserved]