§ 158.612

or to compromise on any penalty provided for in §§158.606 through 158.610 of this subpart.

§158.612 Limitations on penalties.

(a) Circumstances under which a civil monetary penalty is not imposed. HHS does not impose any civil monetary penalty on any failure for the period of time during which none of the responsible entities knew, or exercising reasonable diligence would have known, of the failure. HHS also may not impose a civil monetary penalty for the period of time after any of the responsible entities knew, or exercising reasonable diligence would have known of the failure, if the failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect and the failure was corrected within 30 days of the first day that any of the entities against whom the penalty would be imposed knew, or exercising reasonable diligence would have known, that the failure existed.

(b) Burden of establishing knowledge. The burden is on the responsible entity or entities to establish to HHS's satisfaction that no responsible entity knew, or exercising reasonable diligence would have known, that the failure existed.

§ 158.613 Notice of proposed penalty.

- (a) Contents of notice. If HHS proposes to assess a penalty in accordance with this Part, it must provide the issuer written notice of its intent to assess a penalty, which includes the following:
- (1) A description of the requirements under this part that HHS has determined the issuer violated.
- (2) A description of the information upon which HHS based its determination, including the basis for determining the number of affected individuals and the number of days or weeks for which the violations occurred.
- (3) The amount of the proposed penalty as of the date of the notice.
- (4) Any considerations described in §158.607 through §158.610 of this subpart that were taken into account in determining the amount of the proposed penalty.
- (5) A specific statement of the issuer's right to a hearing.
- (6) A statement that failure to request a hearing within 30 days after the

date of the notice permits the assessment of the proposed penalty without right of appeal in accordance with §158.615 of this subpart.

(b) Delivery of Notice. This notice must be either hand delivered, sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or sent by overnight delivery service with signature upon delivery required.

§ 158.614 Appeal of proposed penalty.

Any issuer against which HHS has assessed a penalty under this part may appeal that penalty in accordance with \$150.400 *et seq.*

§ 158.615 Failure to request a hearing.

If the issuer does not request a hearing within 30 days of the issuance of the notice described in §158.613 of this subpart, HHS may assess the proposed civil monetary penalty indicated in such notice and may impose additional penalties as described in §158.606 of this subpart. HHS must notify the issuer in writing of any penalty that has been assessed and of the means by which the issuer may satisfy the penalty. The issuer has no right to appeal a penalty with respect to which it has not requested a hearing in accordance with §150.405 of this subchapter, unless the responsible entity can show good cause, as determined at §150.405(b) of this subchapter, for failing to timely exercise its right to a hearing.

PART 159—HEALTH CARE REFORM INSURANCE WEB PORTAL

Sec.

159.100 Basis and Scope.

159.110 Definitions.

159.120 Data Submission for the individual and small group markets.

AUTHORITY: Section 1103 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Pub. L. 111-148)

Source: 75 FR 24482, May 5, 2010, unless otherwise noted.

§159.100 Basis and scope.

This part establishes provisions governing a Web portal that will provide information on health insurance coverage options in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. It sets forth data submission requirements for