§ 54.03–5  General.

(a) Requirements for ferritic steels, high alloy steels, and heat treated fer-
ritic steels are contained in §§ 54.25–10, 54.25–15, and 54.25–20 respectively of
this subchapter.
(b) Requirements for toughness testing of material product forms and
weldments (including weld procedure qualification and production toughness
tests) are contained in subpart 54.05.
(c) Materials suitable for a given minimum service temperature may be
used in warmer service. Steels differing in chemical composition, mechanical
properties, or heat treatments from those specified may be specially ap-
proved by the Commandant. Similarly, aluminum alloys and other nonferrous
materials not intended to be covered by these sections may be specially con-
sidered by the Commandant for service at any low temperature.

§ 54.05–5  Toughness test specimens.

(a) Charpy V-notch impact tests. Where required, Charpy V-notch tests shall be
conducted in accordance with ASTM Specification E 23 (incorporated by ref-
erence, see § 54.01–1), “Notched Bar Impact Testing of Metallic Materials”,
using the Type A specimen shown in Figure 4 of the specification. Special
attention is drawn to the fact that the Charpy Keyhole and U-notch specimens
are not acceptable substitutes for the Charpy V-notch specimen and shall not
be used to qualify materials within the scope of this subpart. Each set of
Charpy impact tests shall consist of three specimens. For materials 1⁄2-inch
thick or less, the largest possible Charpy specimens for that thickness
shall be cut centered at the material’s mid-thickness. For materials thicker
than 1⁄2-inch, full size Charpy speci-
mens shall be cut centered at a loca-
tion as near as practicable to a point
midway between the material’s surface
and half-thickness. Except where oth-
erwise specified, transversely oriented
specimens must be used. When longitu-
dinal specimens are used, the required
energy values may not be less than 1.5
times the values required for trans-
versely oriented specimens. In all cases
the notch shall be cut normal to the
material’s surface. Test specimens
shall be taken at least one ’ ’ from
any heat treated edge (where “ ’ ” is the
material’s nominal thickness).

(b) Drop weight tests. Where required,
drop weight tests shall be conducted
for no-break performance in accord-
ance with ASTM Specification E 208
(incorporated by reference, see § 54.01–
1), “Conducting Drop-Weight Test to
Determine Nil-Ductility Transition
§ 54.05–10 Temperature of Ferritic Steels'. For material thicknesses between 1⁄2-inch and 5⁄8-inch, the ASTM E–208 specimen P–3, machined to 1⁄2-inch thickness, shall be used with a stop distance of 0.090-inch. In preparing weld specimens for dropweight testing, weld reinforcement shall be ground flush, the hard facing bead centered on and transverse to the weld, and the notch centered on and parallel to the weld axis.

(c) Retest procedures. (1) When Charpy V-notch impact specimens are used and the average value of the three initial specimens fails to meet the stated requirements by an amount not exceeding 15 percent, or the value for more than one specimen is below the required average value of when the value for one specimen is below the minimum value permitted for a single specimen by an amount not exceeding 15 percent, three additional specimens from the same material may be tested and the results combined with those previously obtained to form a new average. This new average of six specimens must exceed the specified minimum average. In the event the Charpy retests fail, the material may still be qualified by exhibiting a no-break performance when tested in accordance with the drop-weight procedure. Whenever the drop-weight test is used as an alternative to the Charpy V-notch test, two drop-weight specimens shall be tested for each set of three Charpy V-notch specimens otherwise required. If the drop-weight test cannot be performed because of material thickness limitations (less than one-half inch) or product shape, or is otherwise inapplicable (because of heat treatment, chemistry, etc.), other tests and/or test criteria will be specified by the Commandant to assure the adequacy of the material for the intended application.

(2) When drop weight specimens are used, retests shall be permitted only within the limits prescribed in ASTM Specification E 208 (incorporated by reference, see §54.01–1), except as outlined in paragraph (c)(3) of this section.

(3) If, for heat treated base material, the required toughness results are not obtained in the initial test or in the retest, the material may be reheat treated one time and tested again in accordance with the initial requirements for the material.

(d) Alternate toughness tests. The Charpy V-notch impact values of §§54.05–20(a) and 54.05–25(a) are representative of those which correlate with the nil-ductility transition temperature determined by the drop-weight tests for the steels specified in §54.25–10. For materials for which there are other data showing suitable correlation between Charpy V-notch and drop-weight tests, V-notch acceptance limits different from those tabulated herein may be specially approved by the Commandant, based upon the actual correlation. In the case of steels for which the tabulated Charpy V-notch values can be shown to be inapplicable or in the case of specially considered steels, or as an alternative to complying with the tabulated impact requirements, acceptance may be based upon the material exhibiting a no-break performance when tested in accordance with the drop-weight procedure. Whenever the drop-weight test is used as an alternative to the Charpy V-notch test, two drop-weight specimens shall be tested for each set of three Charpy V-notch specimens otherwise required. If the drop-weight test cannot be performed because of material thickness limitations (less than one-half inch) or product shape, or is otherwise inapplicable (because of heat treatment, chemistry, etc.), other tests and/or test criteria will be specified by the Commandant to assure the adequacy of the material for the intended application.

§ 54.05–6 Toughness test temperatures.

Each toughness test must be conducted at temperatures not warmer than −20 °F or 10 °F below the minimum service temperature, whichever is lower, except that for service at or below −320 °F, the tests may be conducted at the service temperature in accordance with §54.25–10(a)(2).

§ 54.05–10 Certification of material toughness tests.

(a) Plate material. The manufacturer of plates may certify such material, provided it has been given an appropriate heat-treatment, by reporting the results of tests of one set of Charpy impact specimens or of two drop weight