§ 160.066-13

TABLE 1—ACCEPT AND REJECT CRITERIA FOR OPERATIONAL TEST LOTS

Lot size	Individual sample size	Sample	Cumulative sample size	Accept 1	Reject 1
280 or	8	First	8	(2)	4
less.		Second	16	1	5
		Third	24	2	6
		Fourth	32 40	3 5	7
		Fifth	40	5 7	8 9
		Seventh	56	9	10
281 to	13	First	13	(2)	4
500.		Second	26	1	6
		Third	39	3	8
		Fourth	52	5	10
		Fifth	65	7	11
		Sixth	78	10	12
		Seventh	91	13	14
501 to	20	First	20	(2)	5
1,200.		Second	40	3	8
		Third	60	6	10
		Fourth	80	8	13
		Fifth	100	11	15
		Sixth	120	14	17
1 001 40	32	Seventh	140	18 1	19 7
1,201 to 3,200.	32	First	32 64	4	10
		Third	96	8	13
		Fourth	128	12	17
		Fifth	160	17	20
		Sixth	192	21	23
		Seventh	224	25	26
More	50	First	50	2	9
than		Second	100	7	14
3,200.		Third	150	13	19
		Fourth	200	19	25
		Fifth	250	25	29
		Sixth	300	31	33
		Seventh	350	37	38

§ 160.066-13 Technical tests.

- (a) The following conditions apply to technical tests as described in this sec-
- (1) A total of nine signals must be selected at random from the lot being tested:
- (2) If the signals are protected by sealed packaging, then the conditioning for the technical tests must be conducted with the signal in the sealed packaging;
- (3) If signals in the test sample fail to pass one of the technical tests, the entire lot is rejected;
- (4) Signals from "reject lots" may be reworked by the manufacturer to correct the deficiency for which they were rejected and be resubmitted for inspection. Records shall be kept of the reasons for rejection, the reworking performed on the "reject lot", and the result of the second test. Signals from

- "reject lots" may not, unless subsequently accepted, be sold or offered for sale as being in compliance with this specification.
- (b) The Elevated Temperature, Humidity, and Storage Test must be conducted in the following manner:
- (1) Select three signals from the nine; (2) Place each signal in a thermostatically controlled even-temperature oven held at 55 Degrees C (131 Degrees F), and at not less than 90% relative humidity, for at least 72 hours (If for any reason it is not possible to operate the oven continuously for the 72 hour period, it may be operated at the required temperature and humidity for 8 hours of each 24 during the 72 hour conditioning period.);
- (3) After removal from the oven immediately place each signal in a chamber:

¹ Cumulative number of failures. ² Lot may not be accepted. Next sample must be tested.

- (i) At a temperature of at least 20 degrees C (68 degrees F) but not more than 25 degrees C (77 degrees F);
- (ii) At not less than 65% relative humidity;
 - (iii) For ten days:
- (4) Then remove each signal from any sealed packaging and fire it.
 - (5) The test sample fails the test if:
- (i) Any signal ignites or decomposes before firing;
- (ii) Any signal when fired malfunctions in a manner that would cause burns or injury to an unprotected person firing the signal, or;
- (iii) Two or more of the signals fail to project and ignite the pyrotechnic candle.
- (c) The Spontaneous Combustion Test must be performed in the following manner:
- (1) Select three signals from the remaining six signals and place them in a thermostatically controlled even temperature over for 48 hours at a temperature of 75 degrees C (167 degrees F).
- (2) The test sample fails the test if any signal ignites or decomposes during the test.
- (d) The Luminous Intensity and Chromaticity Test must be performed in the following manner:
- (1) Remove the pyrotechnic candle from the remaining three signals.
- (2) Ignite, measure, and record the intensity of the burning candle with a visual photometer or equivalent photometric device or automatic recorder:
- (i) While the specimen is supported in a horizontal position and the photometer is at right angles to the axis of the specimen,
- (ii) At a distance of at least 3 m (10 ft.).
- (3) Calculate the intensity of the candle as in §160.066–7(c).
- (4) Measure and record the chromaticity of the burning candle as specified in §160.021-4(d)(4).
- (5) The test sample fails the test if more than one signal has a luminous intensity of less than 10,000 candela, or more than one signal is not "vivid red"
- [CGD 76–183a, 44 FR 73050, Dec. 17, 1979, as amended by USCG–2014–0688, 79 FR 58285, Sept. 29, 2014]

§ 160.066-15 Production testing.

- (a) Production tests must be performed under the procedures in Subpart 159.007 of this chapter.
- (b) The operational tests in §160.066–12 must be performed for every lot of signals produced.
- (c) The technical tests in §160.066-13 must be performed at least once every twelve months, or at least once every 10 lots, whichever occurs first.
- (d) If a lot is rejected on the basis of the technical tests, then each subsequent lot produced must be tested according to the technical tests until samples from a lot pass these tests.
- (e) An independent laboratory acceptable to the Commandant must perform or directly supervise:
 - (1) Each technical test, and
- (2) All operational tests for at least four lots in a 12 month period, unless fewer than four lots are produced in a 12 month period. If less than four lots are produced in a 12 month period, each operational test must be performed or directly supervised by the independent laboratory.
- (f) If a lot selected by the independent laboratory for an operational test is rejected, then the operational tests for the next lot produced, and the rejected lot, if reworked, must be performed or directly supervised by the independent laboratory. The tests required by this paragraph must not be counted for the purpose of meeting the requirements of paragraph (e).
- (g) The independent laboratory selects the lots upon which technical tests are performed.
- (h) If the manufacturer produces more than four lots within a 12 month period, the independent laboratory selects the lots for which it performs or directly supervises the operational tests.
- (i) The operational test performed or directly supervised by the independent laboratory must occur at least once during each quarterly period, unless no lots are produced during that period.
- (j) The independent laboratory, when it performs or directly supervises the technical tests required by paragraph (c) or (d) of this section, must inspect the signals selected for testing and compare them with the approved plans.