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- (2) The pump is used to dewater not more than one watertight compartment;
- (3) The pump is permanently mounted:
- (4) The pump is equipped with a strainer that can be readily inspected and cleaned without removal;
- (5) The pump discharge line is suitably supported;
- (6) The opening in the hull for the pump discharge is placed as high above the waterline as possible;
- (7) A positive shutoff valve is installed at the hull penetration; and
- (8) The capacity of the electrical system, including wiring, and size and number of batteries, is designed to allow all bilge pumps to be operated simultaneously.
- (f) A flexible tube or hose may be used instead of fixed pipe for the discharge line of a submersible electric bilge pump provided the hose or tube does not penetrate any required watertight bulkheads and is:
- (1) Of good quality and of substantial construction, suitable for the intended use: and
- (2) Highly resistant to salt water, petroleum oil, heat, and vibration.
- (g) If a fixed hand pump is used to comply with Table 182.520(a), it must be permanently connected to the bilge system.
- (h) On a vessel of not more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length, a power driven fire pump required by \$181.300 of this chapter may serve as a fixed power bilge pump required by this subpart, provided it has the minimum flow rate required by Table 182.520(a).
- (i) On a vessel of more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length, a power driven fire pump required by \$181.300 of this subchapter may serve as one of the two fixed power bilge pumps required by this subpart, provided:
- (1) The bilge and fire pump systems are interconnected;
- (2) The dedicated bilge pump is capable of pumping the bilges at the same time the fire/bilge pump charges the firemain: and
- (3) Stop valves and check valves are installed in the piping to isolate the systems during simultaneous operation and prevent possible flooding through the bilge system.

- (j) A catamaran vessel must be equipped with bilge pumps for each hull, as if each hull is a separate vessel, in accordance with Table 182.520(a), except where:
- (1) One dedicated pump is located in each hull;
- (2) Each dedicated pump is driven by an independent source of power; and
- (3) The bilge system is permanently cross connected between hulls.

[CGD 85-080, 61 FR 986, Jan. 10, 1996; 61 FR 20557, May 7, 1996, as amended by CGD 97-057, 62 FR 51050, Sept. 30, 1997; 62 FR 51358, Sept. 30, 1997; USCG-2003-16630, 73 FR 65209, Oct. 31, 2008]

## § 182.530 Bilge high level alarms.

- (a) On a vessel of at least 7.9 meters (26 feet) in length, a visual and audible alarm must be provided at the operating station to indicate a high water level in each of the following normally unmanned spaces:
- (1) A space with a through-hull fitting below the deepest load waterline, such as a lazarette;
- (2) A machinery space bilge, bilge well, shaft alley bilge, or other spaces subject to flooding from sea water piping within the space; and
- (3) A space with a non-watertight closure, such as a space with a non-watertight hatch on the main deck.
- (b) Vessels constructed of wood must, in addition to paragraph (a), provide bilge level alarms in all watertight compartments except small buoyancy chambers.
- (c) A visual indicator must be provided at the operating station to indicate when any automatic bilge pump is operating.

## § 182.540 Ballast systems.

- (a) Ballast piping must not be installed in any compartment integral with the hull of a wooden vessel. Where the carriage of liquid ballast in such a vessel is necessary, suitable ballast tanks, structurally independent of the hull, must be provided.
- (b) Solid and water ballast must comply with the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter.