Federal Acquisition Regulation

the contract immediately before termination; however, if the contract includes end items of a diverse nature, some other equitable basis may be used, such as machine or labor hours.

- (d) Loss of useful value. Loss of useful value of special tooling, and special machinery and equipment is generally allowable, provided—
- (1) The special tooling, or special machinery and equipment is not reasonably capable of use in the other work of the contractor:
- (2) The Government's interest is protected by transfer of title or by other means deemed appropriate by the contracting officer; and
- (3) The loss of useful value for any one terminated contract is limited to that portion of the acquisition cost which bears the same ratio to the total acquisition cost as the terminated portion of the contract bears to the entire terminated contract and other Government contracts for which the special tooling, or special machinery and equipment was acquired.
- (e) Rental under unexpired leases. Rental costs under unexpired leases, less the residual value of such leases, are generally allowable when shown to have been reasonably necessary for the performance of the terminated contract, if—
- (1) The amount of rental claimed does not exceed the reasonable use value of the property leased for the period of the contract and such further period as may be reasonable; and
- (2) The contractor makes all reasonable efforts to terminate, assign, settle, or otherwise reduce the cost of such lease.
- (f) Alterations of leased property. The cost of alterations and reasonable restorations required by the lease may be allowed when the alterations were necessary for performing the contract.
- (g) Settlement expenses. (1) Settlement expenses, including the following, are generally allowable:
- (i) Accounting, legal, clerical, and similar costs reasonably necessary for—
- (A) The preparation and presentation, including supporting data, of settlement claims to the contracting officer; and

- (B) The termination and settlement of subcontracts.
- (ii) Reasonable costs for the storage, transportation, protection, and disposition of property acquired or produced for the contract.
- (iii) Indirect costs related to salary and wages incurred as settlement expenses in (i) and (ii); normally, such indirect costs shall be limited to payroll taxes, fringe benefits, occupancy costs, and immediate supervision costs.
- (2) If settlement expenses are significant, a cost account or work order shall be established to separately identify and accumulate them.
- (h) Subcontractor claims. Subcontractor claims, including the allocable portion of the claims common to the contract and to other work of the contractor, are generally allowable. An appropriate share of the contractor's indirect expense may be allocated to the amount of settlements with subcontractors; provided, that the amount allocated is reasonably proportionate to the relative benefits received and is otherwise consistent with 31.201-4 and 31.203(d). The indirect expense so allocated shall exclude the same and similar costs claimed directly or indirectly as settlement expenses.

 $[48\ FR\ 42301,\ Sept.\ 19,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 69\ FR\ 17767,\ Apr.\ 5,\ 2004]$

31.205-43 Trade, business, technical, and professional activity costs.

The following types of costs are allowable:

- (a) Memberships in trade, business, technical, and professional organizations
- (b) Subscriptions to trade, business, professional, or other technical periodicals
- (c) When the principal purpose of a meeting, convention, conference, symposium, or seminar is the dissemination of trade, business, technical or professional information or the stimulation of production or improved productivity:
- (1) Costs of organizing, setting up, and sponsoring the meetings, conventions, symposia, etc., including rental of meeting facilities, transportation, subsistence, and incidental costs;

31.205-44

- (2) Costs of attendance by contractor employees, including travel costs (see 31.205–46); and
- (3) Costs of attendance by individuals who are not employees of the contractor, *provided*;
- (i) Such costs are not also reimbursed to the individual by the employing company or organization, and
- (ii) The individual's attendance is essential to achieve the purpose of the conference, meeting, convention, symposium, etc.

[48 FR 42301, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 53 FR 27467, July 20, 1988; 60 FR 42660, Aug. 16, 1995]

31.205-44 Training and education

Costs of training and education that are related to the field in which the employee is working or may reasonably be expected to work are allowable, except as follows:

- (a) Overtime compensation for training and education is unallowable.
- (b) The cost of salaries for attending undergraduate level classes or parttime graduate level classes during working hours is unallowable, except when unusual circumstances do not permit attendance at such classes outside of regular working hours.
- (c) Costs of tuition, fees, training materials and textbooks, subsistence, salary, and any other payments in connection with full-time graduate level education are unallowable for any portion of the program that exceeds two school years or the length of the degree program, whichever is less.
- (d) Grants to educational or training institutions, including the donation of facilities or other properties, scholarships, and fellowships are considered contributions and are unallowable.
- (e) Training or education costs for other than bona fide employees are unallowable, except that the costs incurred for educating employee dependents (primary and secondary level studies) when the employee is working in a foreign country where suitable public education is not available may be included in overseas differential pay.
- (f) Contractor contributions to college savings plans for employee dependents are unallowable.

[70 FR 57472, Sept. 30, 2005]

31.205-45 [Reserved]

31.205-46 Travel costs.

- (a) Costs for transportation, lodging, meals, and incidental expenses. (1) Costs incurred by contractor personnel on official company business are allowable, subject to the limitations contained in this subsection. Costs for transportation may be based on mileage rates, actual costs incurred, or on a combination thereof, provided the method used results in a reasonable charge. Costs for lodging, meals, and incidental expenses may be based on per diem, actual expenses, or a combination thereof, provided the method used results in a reasonable charge.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, costs incurred for lodging, meals, and incidental expenses (as defined in the regulations cited in (a)(2) (i) through (iii) of this paragraph) shall be considered to be reasonable and allowable only to the extent that they do not exceed on a daily basis the maximum per diem rates in effect at the time of travel as set forth in the—
- (i) Federal Travel Regulation, prescribed by the General Services Administration, for travel in the contiguous United States, available on a subscription basis from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, Stock No. 922–002–00000–2;
- (ii) Joint Travel Regulations, Volume 2, DoD Civilian Personnel, Appendix A, prescribed by the Department of Defense, for travel in Alaska, Hawaii, and outlying areas of the United States, available on a subscription basis from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, Stock No. 908-010-00000-1; or
- (iii) Standarized Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas), section 925, Maximum Travel Per Diem Allowances of Foreign Areas, prescribed by the Department of State, for travel in areas not covered in (a)(2) (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, available on a subscription basis from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, Stock No. 744-088-00000-0.