§ 633.21 Basic requirement.
(a) If a project meets the definition of major capital project, the recipient shall submit a project management plan prepared in accordance with § 633.25 of this part, as a condition of Federal financial assistance. As a general rule, the PMP must be submitted during the grant review process and is part of FTA’s grant application review. This section applies if:
(1) The project fails under one of the automatic major capital investment project categories (§ 633.5(1) or (2) of this part); or
(2) FTA makes a determination that a project is a major capital project, consistent with the definition of major capital project in § 633.5. This determination normally will be made during the grant review process. However, FTA may make such determination after grant approval.
(b)(1) FTA will notify the recipient when it must submit the PMP. Normally, FTA will notify the recipient sometime during the grant review process. If FTA determines the project is major under its discretionary authority after the grant has been approved, FTA will inform the recipient of its determination as soon as possible.
(2) Once FTA has notified the recipient that it must submit a plan, the recipient will have a minimum of 90 days to submit the plan.

§ 633.23 FTA review of PMP.
Within 60 days of receipt of a project management plan, the Administrator will notify the recipient that:
(a) The plan is approved;
(b) The plan is disapproved, including the reasons for the disapproval;
(c) The plan will require modification, as specified, before approval; or
(d) The Administrator has not yet completed review of the plan, and state when it will be reviewed.

§ 633.25 Contents of a project management plan.
At a minimum, a recipient’s project management plan shall include—
(a) A description of adequate recipient staff organization, complete with well-defined reporting relationships, statements of functional responsibilities, job descriptions, and job qualifications;
(b) A budget covering the project management organization, appropriate consultants, property acquisition, utility relocation, systems demonstration staff, audits, and such miscellaneous costs as the recipient may be prepared to justify;
(c) A construction schedule;
(d) A document control procedure and recordkeeping system;
(e) A change order procedure which includes a documented, systematic approach to the handling of construction change orders;
(f) A description of organizational structures, management skills, and staffing levels required throughout the construction phase;
(g) Quality control and quality assurance programs which define functions, procedures, and responsibilities for construction and for system installation and integration of system components;
(h) Material testing policies and procedures;
(i) Plan for internal reporting requirements including cost and schedule control procedures; and
(j) Criteria and procedures to be used for testing the operational system or its major components.

§ 633.27 Implementation of a project management plan.
(a) Upon approval of a project management plan by the Administrator the recipient shall begin implementing the plan.
(b) If a recipient must modify an approved project management plan, the recipient shall submit the proposed changes to the Administrator along with an explanation of the need for the changes.
(c) A recipient shall submit periodic updates of the project management plan to the Administrator. Such updates shall include, but not be limited to:
(1) Project budget;
(2) Project schedule;
(3) Financing, both capital and operating;
(4) Ridership estimates, including operating plan; and
(5) Where applicable, the status of local efforts to enhance ridership when estimates are contingent, in part, upon the success of such efforts.
(d) A recipient shall submit current data on a major capital project’s budget and schedule to the Administrator on a monthly basis.

§ 633.29 PMP waivers.
A waiver will be considered upon initiation by the grantee or by the agency itself. The Administrator may, on a case-by-case basis, waive:
(a) Any of the PMP elements in § 633.25 of this part if the Administrator determines the element is not necessary for a particular plan; or
(b) The requirement of having a new project management plan submitted for a major capital project if a recipient seeks to manage the major capital project under a previously-approved project management plan.

PART 639—CAPITAL LEASES

Subpart A—General

§ 639.1 General overview of this part.
This part contains the requirements to qualify for capital assistance when leasing facilities or equipment under the Federal transit laws. This part is set out in four subparts, with subpart A containing general information on scope and definitions. Subpart B contains the principal requirements of this part, including eligibility requirements, the self-certification system used, and identification of the various forms of leases and grants that are eligible under the program. Subpart B also contains a section on other Federal requirements that may apply. Subpart C includes the actual calculations that each recipient should undertake before certifying that a lease is cost-effective. Finally, subpart D contains requirements on early lease termination and project management in general.
[63 FR 68366, Dec. 10, 1998]

§ 639.3 Purpose of this part.
This rule implements section 3003 of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (Pub. L. 105–178). Section 3003 amended section 5302 of Chapter 53 of Title 49 of the United States Code to allow a recipient to use capital funds to finance the leasing of facilities and equipment on the condition that the leasing arrangements are more cost-effective than purchase or construction.
[63 FR 68367, Dec. 10, 1998]

§ 639.5 Scope of this part.
This part applies to all requests for capital assistance under Chapter 53 of Title 49 of the United States Code where the proposed method of obtaining a capital asset is by lease rather than purchase or construction.
[63 FR 68367, Dec. 10, 1998]

§ 639.7 Definitions.
In this part:
Applicant is included in the term “recipient”.
Capital asset means facilities or equipment with a useful life of at least one year, which are eligible for capital assistance.