## § 1653.12 Qualifying legal processes.

- (a) The TSP will only honor the terms of a legal process that is qualifying under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) A legal process must meet each of the following requirements to be considered qualifying:
- (1) A competent authority must have issued the legal process;
- (2) The legal process must expressly relate to the Thrift Savings Plan account of a TSP participant, as described in §1653.2(a)(1);
- (3) The legal process must require the TSP to:
- (i) Pay a stated dollar amount from a participant's TSP account; or
- (ii) Freeze the participant's account in anticipation of an order to pay from the account.
- (c) The following legal processes are not qualifying:
- (1) A legal process relating to a TSP account that has been closed;
- (2) A legal process relating to a TSP account that contains only nonvested money, unless the money will become vested within 30 days of the date the TSP receives the order if the participant were to remain in Government service:
- (3) A legal process requiring the return to the TSP of money that was properly paid pursuant to an earlier legal process;
- (4) A legal process requiring the TSP to make a payment in the future; and
- (5) A legal process requiring a series of payments.
- (6) A legal process that designates the specific TSP Fund, source of contributions, or balance from which the payment or portions of the payment shall be made.

[68 FR 35510, June 13, 2003, as amended at 77 FR 26429, May 4, 2012]

## § 1653.13 Processing legal processes.

(a) The payment of legal processes from the TSP is governed solely by the Federal Employees' Retirement System Act, 5 U.S.C. chapter 84, and by the terms of this subpart. Although the TSP will honor legal processes properly issued by a competent authority, those entities have no jurisdiction over the

TSP and the TSP cannot be made a party to the underlying proceedings.

- (b) The TSP will review a legal process to determine whether it is enforceable against the TSP only after the TSP has received a complete copy of the document. Receipt by an employing agency or any other agency of the Government does not constitute receipt by the TSP. Legal processes should be submitted to the TSP record keeper at the current address as provided at http://www.tsp.gov. Receipt by the TSP record keeper is considered receipt by the TSP. To be complete, a legal process must contain all pages and attachments; it must also provide (or be accompanied by a document that provides):
- (1) The participant's account number or Social Security number (SSN);
- (2) The name and last known mailing address of each payee covered under the order; and
- (3) The SSN and state of legal residence of the payee if he or she if the current or former spouse of the participant.
- (c) As soon as practicable after the TSP receives a document that purports to be a qualifying legal process, whether or not complete, the participant's account will be frozen. After the account is frozen, no withdrawal or loan disbursements will be allowed until the account is unfrozen. All other account activity will be permitted, including contributions, loan repayments, adjustments, contribution allocations and interfund transfers.
- (d) The following documents will not be treated as purporting to be a qualifying legal processes, and accounts of participants to whom such orders relate will not be frozen:
- (1) A document that does not indicate on its face (or accompany a document that establishes) that it has been issued by a competent authority;
- (2) A legal process relating to a TSP account that has been closed; and
- (3) A legal process that does not relate either to the TSP or to the participant's retirement benefits.
- (e) After the participant's account is frozen, the TSP will review the document further to determine if it is complete; if the document is not complete,