(ii) The longevity of the awards program;

(iii) The source of award funds;

(iv) The size of the monetary compo-

nent of the award recognition; (v) The identity and credentials of past award recipients;

(vi) The degree of publicity attendant to receipt of the award; and

(vii) The impact of the substantive contribution being recognized;

(2) Absent the prohibition in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the gift would be permitted under part 2635 of this title; and

(3) The designated agency ethics official shall have determined that the application of the prohibition in paragraph (c)(1) of this section is not necessary to ensure public confidence in the impartiality or objectivity with which NIH programs are administered or to avoid a violation of part 2635 of this title.

(e) Disposition of improperly accepted awards—(1) Failure to obtain prior approval. If an employee accepts an award for which approval is required under paragraph (c)(2) of this section without obtaining such approval, the employee may be required, in addition to any penalty provided by law and applicable regulations, to forfeit the award by returning it to the donor.

(2) Receipt of prohibited award. If an employee accepts an award prohibited by paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the employee shall be required, in addition to any penalty provided by law and applicable regulations, to:

(i) Reject the award and instruct the donor to strike the honoree's name from any list of award recipients;

(ii) Remove the recognition from the employee's résumé or curriculum vitae;

(iii) Return any tangible indicia of the recognition to the donor; and

(iv) Forfeit the award by returning it to the donor.

 $[70\ {\rm FR}\ 5563,\ {\rm Feb}.\ 3,\ 2005,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 70\ {\rm FR}\ 51572,\ {\rm Aug}.\ 31,\ 2005]$ 

## § 5501.112 One-year disqualification of employees of the National Institutes of Health from certain matters involving an award donor.

An employee, other than a special Government employee, of the National

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Institutes of Health who has, within the last year, accepted an award permitted under 5 CFR 2635.204(d) or §5501.111 shall not participate in any particular matter involving specific parties in which the donor is or represents a party unless authorized to do so under 5 CFR 2635.502(d).

[70 FR 5564, Feb. 3, 2005]

## PART 5502—SUPPLEMENTAL FINAN-CIAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPART-MENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Sec. 5502 101 General

- 5502.102 Annual supplemental report of outside employment or activities.
- 5502.103 Content of annual supplemental reports.
- 5502.104 Confidentiality of reports.
- 5502.105 Agency procedures.
- 5502.106 Supplemental disclosure of prohibited financial interests applicable to employees of the Food and Drug Administration.
- 5502.107 Supplemental disclosure of financial interests in substantially affected organizations applicable to employees of the National Institutes of Health.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301, 7301; 5 U.S.C. App. (Ethics in Government Act of 1978); E.O. 12674, 54 FR 15159, 3 CFR, 1989 Comp., p. 215, as modified by E.O. 12731, 55 FR 42547, 3 CFR, 1990 Comp., p. 306; 5 CFR 2634.103.

SOURCE: 70 FR 5564, Feb. 3, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

## §5502.101 General.

The regulations in this part apply to employees of the Department of Health and Human Services and supplement the Executive Branch Financial Disclosure Regulations in 5 CFR part 2634. Any regulation in this part made applicable only to the employees of an HHS component designated as a separate agency under §5501.102(a) of this chapter shall apply to the employees of that component as defined in §5501.102(b)(1) of this chapter.

## § 5502.102 Annual supplemental report of outside employment or activities.

Any employee, other than a special Government employee, for whom an outside employment or activity has been approved, or who has participated