Subpart C—HWWS Loans

§ 1776.14 Eligibility to receive a HWWS loan.

- (a) The loan recipient must be an eligible individual.
- (b) The loan recipient must either own and occupy the home being improved with the proceeds of the HWWS loan, or be occupying the home as the purchaser under a legally enforceable land purchase contract which is not in default by either the seller or the purchaser.
- (c) The home using the water well system being funded from proceeds of the HWWS loan must be located in a rural area.
- (d) The water well system being funded from the proceeds of the HWWS loan may not be associated with the construction of a new dwelling.
- (e) The water well system being funded from the proceeds of the HWWS loan may not be used to substitute for water service available from collective water systems. Example: Loan recipient wishes to restore an old well which had been abandoned when the dwelling was connected to a water line belonging to a water district.
- (f) A loan recipient must not be suspended or debarred from participation in Federal programs.

§1776.15 Terms of loans.

- (a) HWWS loans under this part—
- (1) Shall have an interest rate of 1 percent:
- (2) Shall have a term not to exceed 20 years; and
- (3) Shall not exceed \$11,000 for each household water well system.
- (b) The grant recipient must set forth the HWWS loan terms in written documentation signed by the loan recipient.
- (c) Grant recipients must develop and use HWWS loan documentation that conforms to the terms of this part, the grant agreement, and the laws of the state or states having jurisdiction.

[70 FR 28788, May 19, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 68295, Nov. 18, 2008]

§1776.16 Loan servicing.

(a) If RUS determines that HWWS loans may be serviced by CSC, then the grant recipient will enter into an agreement with the Centralized Serv-

icing Center for servicing all HWWS loans made from the revolving loan fund. All HWWS loan payments will be received by and processed at the Centralized Servicing Center. The grant recipient will be charged a fee for this service, and such fee should be included in the projected financial statements and work plan submitted as part of the grant application. This fee may be reimbursed as an administrative expense as provided in §1776.13.

(b) If RUS determines that CSC is not able to service HWWS loans, then the grant recipient shall be responsible for servicing, or causing to be serviced, all HWWS loans. Servicing will include preparing loan agreements, processing loan payments, reviewing financial statements and debt reserves balances. and other responsibilities such as enforcement of loan terms. Loan servicing will be in accordance with the work plan RUS approved when the grant was awarded. It will continue as long as any loan made in whole or in part with RUS grant funds is outstanding.

§ 1776.17 Revolving loan fund maintenance.

As long as any part of the HWWS grant remains available for lending, and loans made from the revolving loan fund have an outstanding balance due, the grant recipient must maintain the revolving loan fund for the purposes set forth in §1776.13.

- (a) All HWWS grant funds received by a grant recipient must be deposited into the revolving loan fund.
- (b) The grant recipient may transfer additional assets into the revolving loan fund.
- (c) All cash and other assets of the revolving loan fund shall be deposited in a separate bank account or accounts.
- (d) No cash or other assets of any other fund maintained by the grant recipient shall be commingled with the cash and other assets of the revolving loan fund.
- (e) All moneys deposited in such bank account or accounts shall be money of the revolving loan fund.
- (f) Loans to loan recipients are advanced from the revolving loan fund.