accounts (except at the time interest assistance is initially granted);

(vi) The value of an irrevocable trust fund or any other trust over which no member of the household has control;

(vii) Cash value of life insurance policies: and

(viii) Other amounts deemed by the Agency not to constitute net family assets.

§§ 3555.153-3555.199 [Reserved]

§ 3555.200 OMB control number.

The report and recordkeeping requirements contained in this subpart are currently with the Office of Management and Budget under review and awaiting approval.

Subpart E—Underwriting the Property

§3555.201 Site requirements.

- (a) Rural areas. Rural Development will only guarantee loans made in rural areas designated as rural by Rural Development. However, if a rural area designation is changed to nonrural:
- (1) Existing conditional commitments in the former rural area will be honored:
- (2) A supplemental loan may be made in accordance with §3555.101 in conjunction with a transfer and assumption of a guaranteed loan;
- (3) Loan requests where the application and purchase contract was complete prior to the area designation change may be approved; and
- (4) REO property sales and transfers with assumption may be processed.
- (b) Site standards. Sites must be modest and developed in accordance with any standards imposed by a State or local government and must meet all of the following requirements.
- (1) The site size must be typical for the area.
- (2) The site must not include incomeproducing land or buildings to be used principally for income-producing purposes. Vacant land without eligible residential improvements, or property used primarily for agriculture, farming or commercial enterprise is ineligible for a loan guarantee.
- (3) The site must be contiguous to and have direct access from a street,

road, or driveway. Streets and roads must be hard surfaced or all weather surfaced and legally enforceable arrangements must be in place to ensure that needed maintenance will be provided.

(4) The site must be supported by adequate utilities and water and wastewater disposal systems. Certain water and wastewater systems that are privately-owned may be acceptable if the lender determines that the systems are adequate, safe, compliant with applicable codes and requirements, and the cost or feasibility to connect to a public or community system is not reasonable. Certain community-owned water and wastewater systems may be acceptable if the lender determines that the systems are adequate, safe, and compliance with applicable codes and requirements. The Agency may require inspections on individual, central, or privately-owned and operated water or waste systems.

§ 3555.202 Dwelling requirements.

- (a) New dwellings. New dwellings must be constructed in accordance with certified plans and specifications, and must meet or exceed the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) in effect at the time of construction. The lender must obtain and retain evidence of construction costs, inspection reports, certifications, and builder warranties acceptable to Rural Development.
- (b) Existing dwellings. Existing dwellings are considered to meet the following criteria when inspected and certified as meeting HUD requirements for one-to-four unit dwellings in accordance with Agency guidelines:
 - (1) Be structurally sound;
- (2) Be functionally adequate;
- (3) Be in good repair, or to be placed in good repair with loan funds; and
- (4) Have adequate and safe electrical, heating, plumbing, water, and wastewater disposal systems.
- (c) Escrow account for exterior or interior development. This paragraph does not apply if the development is related to a "combination construction and permanent loan" under §3555.101(c). If a dwelling is complete with the exception of interior or exterior development work, Rural Development may