disasters during at least 2 of the 3 years.

(d) Unit prices for agricultural commodities established by the Agency will generally be used. Applicants and borrowers that provide evidence that they will receive a premium price for a commodity may use a price above the price established by the Agency.

(e) For MLs, when projected yields and unit prices cannot be determined as specified in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section because the data is not available or practicable, other documentation from other reliable sources may be used to assist in developing the applicant's farm operating plan.

(f) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this section, the applicant or borrower must sign the final farm operating plan prior to approval of any loan or servicing action.

(g) If the Agency believes the applicant or borrower's farm operating plan is inaccurate, or the information upon which it is based cannot be verified, the Agency will discuss and try to resolve the concerns with the applicant or borrower. If an agreement cannot be reached, the Agency will make loan approval and servicing determinations based on the Agency's revised farm operating plan.

 $[72\ {\rm FR}\ 63285,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 8,\ 2007,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 78$  FR 3835, Jan. 17, 2013]

#### §761.105 Year-end analysis.

(a) The Agency conducts a year-end analysis at its discretion or if the borrower:

(1) Has received any direct loan except for streamlined CLs, chattel subordination, or primary loan servicing action within the last year;

(2) Is financially distressed or delinquent:

(3) Has a loan deferred, excluding deferral of an installment under subpart B of part 766; or

(4) Is receiving a limited resource interest rate on any loan.

(b) To the extent practicable, the year-end analysis will be completed within 60 days after the end of the business year or farm budget planning period and must include:

(1) An analysis comparing actual income, expenses, and production to projected income, expenses, and produc7 CFR Ch. VII (1–1–14 Edition)

tion for the preceding production cycle; and

(2) An updated farm operating plan.

[72 FR 63285, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 75 FR 54013, Sept. 3, 2010]

## §§ 761.106–761.200 [Reserved]

# Subpart D—Allocation of Farm Loan Programs Funds to State Offices

## §761.201 Purpose.

(a) This subpart addresses:

(1) The allocation of funds for direct and guaranteed FO, CL, and OL loans;

(2) The establishment of socially disadvantaged target participation rates; and

(3) The reservation of loan funds for beginning farmers.

(b) The Agency does not allocate EM loan funds to State Offices but makes funds available following a designated or declared disaster. EM loan funds are available on a first-come first-served basis.

(c) State funding information is available for review in any State Office.

 $[72\ {\rm FR}\ 63285,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 8,\ 2007,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 75\ {\rm FR}\ 54013,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 3,\ 2010]$ 

#### **§761.202** Timing of allocations.

The Agency's National Office allocates funds for FO, CL, and OL loans to the State Offices on a fiscal year basis, as made available by the Office of Management and Budget. However, the National Office will retain control over the funds when funding or administrative constraints make allocation to State Offices impractical.

[72 FR 63285, Nov. 8, 2007, as amended at 75 FR 54013, Sept. 3, 2010]

### §761.203 National reserves for Farm Ownership and Operating loans.

(a) Reservation of funds. At the start of each fiscal year, the National Office reserves a portion of the funds available for each direct and guaranteed loan program. These reserves enable the Agency to meet unexpected or justifiable program needs during the fiscal year.

(b) Allocation of reserved funds. The National Office distributes funds from