#### Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

- (6) Anticipate heavy congestion of VFR traffic at or above 3,500 feet MSL; and
- (7) Use caution to avoid high-speed civil and military aircraft transiting the area to or from Niagara Falls Airport.
- (f) These procedures do not relieve pilots from the requirements of §91.113 of this chapter to see and avoid other aircraft.
- (g) Flight following, to and from the area, is available through Buffalo Approach.

[Doc. No. FAA-2002-13235, 68 FR 9795, Feb. 28, 2003]

## Subpart F—Valparaiso, Florida, Terminal Area

## §93.80 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft operating in the Valparaiso, Florida, Terminal

[Doc. No. FAA-2002-13235, 68 FR 9795, Feb. 28, 2003]

# § 93.81 Applicability and description of area.

The Valparaiso, Florida Terminal Area is designated as follows:

(a) North-South Corridor. The North-South Corridor includes the airspace extending upward from the surface up to, but not including, 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°42′51″ N., Longitude 86°38′02″ W.;

Latitude 30°43′18″ N., Longitude 86°27′37″ W.; to

Latitude 30°37′01″ N., Longitude 86°27′37″ W.; to

Latitude 30°37′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′30″ W.; to

Latitude 30°33′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′30″ W.; to

Latitude 30°33′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.; to

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.; to

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.; to

Latitude 30°29′02″ N., Longitude 86°38′02″ W.; to point of beginning.

(b) East-West Corridor—The East-West Corridor is divided into three sections to accommodate the different altitudes as portions of the corridor un-

derlie restricted areas R-2915C, R-2919B, and R-2914B.

- (1) The west section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at: Latitude 30°22'47" N., Longitude 86°51'30" W.: then along the shoreline to Latitude 30°23'46" N., Longitude 86°38'15" W.; to Latitude 30°20'51" N., Longitude 86°38'50" W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to Latitude 30°19'31" N., Longitude 86°51'30" W.; to the beginning.
- (2) The center section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 18,000 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°38′12″ W.;

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°25′00″ W.;

Latitude  $30^{\circ}25'01''$  N., Longitude  $86^{\circ}22'26''$  W.; to

Latitude 30°19′46″ N., Longitude 86°23′45″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to Latitude 30°20′51″ N.,

Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; to Latitude 30°23′46″ N..

Longitude 86°38'15" W.; to the beginning.

(3) The east section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°22′26″ W.; to

Latitude 30°22′01″ N., Longitude 86°08′00″ W.; to

Latitude 30°19′16″ N., Longitude 85°56′00″ W.;

Latitude 30°11′01″ N., Longitude 85°56′00″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shoreline to Latitude 30°19′46″ N., Longitude 86°23′45″ W.; to the beginning.

[Amdt. 93–70, 59 FR 46154, Sept. 6, 1994, as amended by Amdt. 93–82, 68 FR 9795, Feb. 28, 2003]

#### §93.83 Aircraft operations.

- (a) North-South Corridor. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC (including the Eglin Radar Control Facility), no person may operate an aircraft in flight within the North-South Corridor designated in §93.81(b)(1) unless—
- (1) Before operating within the corridor, that person obtains a clearance from the Eglin Radar Control Facility

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or an appropriate FAA ATC facility; and

- (2) That person maintains two-way radio communication with the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility while within the corridor.
- (b) East-West Corridor. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC (including the Eglin Radar Control Facility), no person may operate an aircraft in flight within the East-West Corridor designated in §93.81(b)(2) unless—
- (1) Before operating within the corridor, that person establishes two-way radio communications with Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility and receives an ATC advisory concerning operations being conducted therein; and
- (2) That person maintains two-way radio communications with the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility while within the corridor.

[Amdt. 93-70, 59 FR 46155, Sept. 6, 1994]

# Subpart G—Special Flight Rules in the Vicinity of Los Angeles International Airport

SOURCE: Docket No. FAA-2002-14149, 68 FR 41214, July 10, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

## §93.91 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft conducting VFR operations in the Los Angeles, California Special Flight Rules Area.

## §93.93 Description of area.

The Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area is designated as that part of Area A of the Los Angeles Class B airspace area at 3,500 feet above mean sea level (MSL) and at 4,500 feet MSL, beginning at Ballona Creek/Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°57'42" N, long. 118°27'23" W), then eastbound along Manchester Blvd. to the intersection of Manchester/405 Freeway (lat. 33°57'42" N, long. 118°22'10" W), then southbound along the 405 Freeway to the intersection of the 405 Freeway/Imperial Highway 33°55′51″ N, long. 118°22′06″ W), then westbound along Imperial Highway to the intersection of Imperial Highway/ Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°55′51" N, long.

 $118^{\circ}26'05''$  W), then northbound along the shoreline to the point of beginning.

# § 93.95 General operating procedures.

Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator, no person may operate an aircraft in the airspace described in §93.93 unless the operation is conducted in accordance with the following procedures:

- (a) The flight must be conducted under VFR and only when operation may be conducted in compliance with §91.155(a) of this chapter.
- (b) The aircraft must be equipped as specified in §91.215(b) of this chapter replying on code 1201 prior to entering and while operating in this area.
- (c) The pilot shall have a current Los Angeles Terminal Area Chart in the aircraft.
- (d) The pilot shall operate on the Santa Monica very high frequency omni-directional radio range (VOR) 132° radial.
- (e) Aircraft navigating in a south-easterly direction shall be in level flight at 3,500 feet MSL.
- (f) Aircraft navigating in a north-westerly direction shall be in level flight at 4,500 feet MSL.
- (g) Indicated airspeed shall not exceed 140 knots.
- (h) Anti-collision lights and aircraft position/navigation lights shall be on. Use of landing lights is recommended.
- (i) Turbojet aircraft are prohibited from VFR operations in this area.

#### §93.97 Operations in the SFRA.

Notwithstanding the provisions of §91.131(a) of this chapter, an air traffic control authorization is not required in the Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area for operations in compliance with §93.95. All other provisions of §91.131 of this chapter apply to operations in the Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area.

## Subpart H—Mandatory Use of the New York North Shore Helicopter Route

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By Admt. 93–98A, 80 FR 8242, Feb. 17, 2015, subpart H was added, consisting of §§93.101 and 93.103, with effectiveness to expire Aug. 6, 2016.