§493.929

[57 FR 7151, Feb. 28, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 5229, Jan. 19, 1993; 68 FR 3702, Jan. 24, 20031

§493.929 Chemistry.

The subspecialties under the specialty of chemistry for which a proficiency testing program may offer proficiency testing are routine chemistry, endocrinology, and toxicology. Specific criteria for these subspecialties are listed in §§ 493.931 through 493.939.

§493.931 Routine chemistry.

(a) Program content and frequency of challenge. To be approved for proficiency testing for routine chemistry, a program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the clinically relevant range of values that would be expected in patient specimens. The specimens may be provided through mailed shipments or, at HHS' option, may be provided to HHS or its designee for on-site testing.

(b) Challenges per testing event. The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure listed below is five serum, plasma or blood samples.

Analyte or Test Procedure

Alanine aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Albumin Alkaline phosphatase Amvlase Aspartate aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) Bilirubin. total Blood gas (pH, pO2, and pCO2) Calcium. total Chloride Cholesterol. total Cholesterol, high density lipoprotein Creatine kinase Creatine kinase, isoenzymes Creatinine Glucose (Excluding measurements on devices cleared by FDA for home use) Iron, total Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) LDH isoenzymes Magnesium Potassium Sodium Total Protein Triglvcerides Urea Nitrogen

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Uric Acid

(c) Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance. HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's responses in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1)through (5) of this section.

(1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for qualitative and quantitative chemistry tests or analytes, the program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 80 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 80 percent or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in routine chemistry is either the score determined under paragraph (c)(2) or (3)of this section.

(2) For quantitative chemistry tests or analytes, the program must determine the correct response for each analyte by the distance of the response from the target value. After the target value has been established for each response, the appropriateness of the response must be determined by using either fixed criteria based on the percentage difference from the target value or the number of standard deviations (SDs) the response differs from the target value.

Criteria for Acceptable Performance

The criteria for acceptable performance are-

| Analyte or test | Criteria for acceptable per- formance |
|---|---|
| Alanine aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT). | Target value ±20%. |
| Albumin | Target value ±10%. |
| Alkaline phosphatase | Target value ±30%. |
| Amylase | Target value ±30%. |
| Aspartate aminotransferase (AST/SGOT). | Target value ±20%. |
| Bilirubin, total | Target value ±0.4 mg/dL or ±20% (greater). |
| Blood gas pO2 | Target value ±3 SD. |
| pCO2 | Target value ±5 mm Hg or ±8% (greater). |
| pH | Target value ±0.04. |
| Calcium, total | Target value ±1.0 mg/dL. |
| Chloride | Target value ±5%. |
| Cholesterol, total | Target value ±10%. |
| Cholesterol, high density lipoprotein. | Target value ±30%. |
| Creatine kinase | Target value ±30%. |
| Creatine kinase isoenzymes | MB elevated (presence or ab- sence) or Target value ±3SD. |
| Creatinine | Target value ±0.3 mg/dL or ±15% (greater). |

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Target value ±4 mmol/L.

Target value ±10%.

Target value ±25%.

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| Analyte or test | Criteria for acceptable per- formance | Analyte or test | Criteria for acceptable per- formance |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Glucose (excluding glucose performed on monitoring | Target value ±6 mg/dl or ±10% (greater). | Urea nitrogen | Target value ±2 mg/dL or ±9% (greater). |
| devices cleared by FDA for home use. | | Uric acid | Target value ±17%. |
| Iron, total Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH). | Target value ±20%. Target value ±20%. | · / | for acceptable per- ative routine chem- |
| LDH isoenzymes | LDH1/LDH2 (+ or -) or Tar- get value ±30%. | istry tests is positive or negative. | |
| Magnesium Potassium | Target value ±25%. Target value ±0.5 mmol/L. | | the analyte testing |

event score, the number of acceptable analyte responses must be averaged using the following formula:

| $\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for the analyte}}{\text{Total number of challenges for the analyte}} \times 100 =$ | Analyte score for |
|--|-------------------|
| Total number of challenges for the analyte | the testing event |

(5) To determine the overall testing event score, the number of correct responses for all analytes must be averaged using the following formula:

$\frac{\text{Number of acceptable responses for all challenges}}{\text{Total number of all challenges}} \times 100 = \text{Testing event score}$

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§493.933 Endocrinology.

Sodium

Total Protein

Triglycerides

(a) Program content and frequency of challenge. To be approved for proficiency testing for endocrinology, a program must provide a minimum of five samples per testing event. There must be at least three testing events at approximately equal intervals per year. The annual program must provide samples that cover the clinically relevant range of values that would be expected in patient specimens. The samples may be provided through mailed shipments or, at HHS' option, may be provided to HHS or its designee for on-site testing.

(b) *Challenges per testing event.* The minimum number of challenges per testing event a program must provide for each analyte or test procedure is five serum, plasma, blood, or urine samples.

Analyte or Test

Cortisol Free Thyroxine Human Chorionic gonadotropin (excluding urine pregnancy tests done by visual color comparison categorized as waived tests)T3 Uptake

Triiodothyronine

Thyroid-stimulating hormone

Thyroxine

(c) Evaluation of a laboratory's analyte or test performance. HHS approves only those programs that assess the accuracy of a laboratory's responses in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) To determine the accuracy of a laboratory's response for qualitative and quantitative endocrinology tests or analytes, a program must compare the laboratory's response for each analyte with the response that reflects agreement of either 80 percent of ten or more referee laboratories or 80 percent or more of all participating laboratories. The score for a sample in endocrinology is either the score determined under paragraph (c)(2) or (c)(3) of this section.