- (3) Are furnished in accordance with a physician certification and plan of care as specified under §424.24(e) of this chapter; and
  - (4) Include any of the following:
- (i) Individual and group therapy with physicians or psychologists or other mental health professionals to the extent authorized under State law.
- (ii) Occupational therapy requiring the skills of a qualified occupational therapist, provided by an occupational therapist, or under appropriate supervision of a qualified occupational therapist by an occupational therapy assistant as specified in part 484 of this chapter.
- (iii) Services of social workers, trained psychiatric nurses, and other staff trained to work with psychiatric patients.
- (iv) Drugs and biologicals furnished for therapeutic purposes, subject to the limitations specified in §410.29.
- (v) Individualized activity therapies that are not primarily recreational or diversionary.
- (vi) Family counseling, the primary purpose of which is treatment of the individual's condition.
- (vii) Patient training and education, to the extent the training and educational activities are closely and clearly related to the individual's care and treatment.
  - (viii) Diagnostic services.
- (b) The following services are separately covered and not paid as partial hospitalization services:
- (1) Physician services that meet the requirements of §415.102(a) of this chapter for payment on a fee schedule basis.
- (2) Physician assistant services, as defined in section 1861(s)(2)(K)(i) of the Act.
- (3) Nurse practitioner and clinical nurse specialist services, as defined in section 1861(s)(2)(K)(ii) of the Act.
- (4) Qualified psychologist services, as defined in section 1861(ii) of the Act.
- (5) Services furnished to SNF residents as defined in §411.15(p) of this chapter
- (c) Partial hospitalization programs are intended for patients who—
- (1) Require a minimum of 20 hours per week of therapeutic services as evidenced in their plan of care;

- (2) Are likely to benefit from a coordinated program of services and require more than isolated sessions of outpatient treatment;
  - (3) Do not require 24-hour care:
- (4) Have an adequate support system while not actively engaged in the program:
  - (5) Have a mental health diagnosis;
- (6) Are not judged to be dangerous to self or others; and
- (7) Have the cognitive and emotional ability to participate in the active treatment process and can tolerate the intensity of the partial hospitalization program.

[59 FR 6577, Feb. 11, 1994, as amended at 65 FR 18536, Apr. 7, 2000; 72 FR 66399, Nov. 27, 2007; 73 FR 68811, Nov. 18, 2008]

## §410.45 Rural health clinic services: Scope and conditions.

- (a) Medicare Part B pays for the following rural health clinic services, if they are furnished in accordance with the requirements and conditions specified in part 405, subpart X, and part 491 of this chapter:
- (1) Physicians' services.
- (2) Services and supplies furnished as an incident to physicians' professional services.
- (3) Nurse practitioner and physician assistant services.
- (4) Services and supplies furnished as an incident to nurse practitioners' or physician assistants' services.
  - (5) Visiting nurse services.
- (b) Medicare pays for rural health clinic services when they are furnished at the clinic, at a hospital or other medical facility, or at the beneficiary's place of residence.

## § 410.46 Physician and other practitioner services furnished in or at the direction of an IHS or Indian tribal hospital or clinic: Scope and conditions.

(a) Medicare Part B pays, in accordance with the physician fee schedule, for services furnished in or at the direction of a hospital or outpatient clinic (provider-based or free-standing) that is operated by the Indian Health Service (IHS) or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization (as those terms are defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act). These

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services are subject to the same situations, terms, and conditions that would apply if the services were furnished in or at the direction of a hospital or clinic that is not operated by IHS or by an Indian tribe or tribal organization. Payments include health professional shortage areas incentive payments when the requirements for these incentive payments in §414.42 of this chapter are met.

- (b) Payment is not made under this section to the extent that Medicare otherwise pays for the same services under other provisions.
- (c) Payment is made under these provisions for the following services:
- (1) Services for which payment is made under the physician fee schedule in accordance with part 414 of this chapter.
- (2) Services furnished by non-physician practitioners for which payment under Part B is made under the physician fee schedule.
- (3) Services furnished by a physical therapist or occupational therapist, for which payment under Part B is made under the physician fee schedule.
- (d) Payments under these provisions will be paid to the IHS or tribal hospital or clinic.

[66 FR 55329, Nov. 1, 2001]

## §410.47 Pulmonary rehabilitation program: Conditions for coverage.

(a) Definitions. As used in this section:

Individualized treatment plan means a written plan established, reviewed, and signed by a physician every 30 days, that describes all of the following:

- (i) The individual's diagnosis.
- (ii) The type, amount, frequency, and duration of the items and services under the plan.
- (iii) The goals set for the individual under the plan.

Medical director means the physician who oversees or supervises the PR program.

Outcomes assessment means a written evaluation of the patient's progress as it relates to the individual's rehabilitation which includes the following:

(i) Beginning and end evaluations, based on patient-centered outcomes, which are conducted by the physician at the start and end of the program.

(ii) Objective clinical measures of effectiveness of the PR program for the individual patient, including exercise performance and self-reported measures of shortness of breath and behavior.

Physician means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy as defined in section 1861(r)(1) of the Act.

Physician-prescribed exercise means physical activity, including aerobic exercise, prescribed and supervised by a physician that improves or maintains an individual's pulmonary functional level.

Psychosocial assessment means a written evaluation of an individual's mental and emotional functioning as it relates to the individual's rehabilitation or respiratory condition.

Pulmonary rehabilitation means a physician-supervised program for COPD and certain other chronic respiratory diseases designed to optimize physical and social performance and autonomy.

Supervising physician means a physician that is immediately available and accessible for medical consultations and medical emergencies at all times items and services are being furnished under the PR program.

- (b) Beneficiaries who may be covered. (1) Medicare covers pulmonary rehabilitation for beneficiaries with moderate to very severe COPD (defined as GOLD classification II, III and IV), when referred by the physician treating the chronic respiratory disease.
- (2) Additional medical indications for coverage for pulmonary rehabilitation program services may be established through a national coverage determination (NCD).
- (c) *Components*. Pulmonary rehabilitation includes all of the following components:
- (1) Physician-prescribed exercise. This physical activity includes techniques such as exercise conditioning, breathing retraining, step, and strengthening exercises. Some aerobic exercise must be included in each pulmonary rehabilitation session.
- (2) Education or training. (i) Education or training closely and clearly related to the individual's care and treatment which is tailored to the individual's needs.