

choices. But I see no alternative to this amendment. We are out of options. We need the balanced budget amendment to force responsibility upon the Federal Government. We need a bold approach—a new approach—to end the dangerous habit of deficit spending.

This amendment presents our best chance, perhaps our only chance, to turn back the sea of red ink that threatens to engulf us. It's the first step to the establishment of a sound fiscal policy and accountability in the U.S. Congress.

Mr. President, it's time we stopped all the hand wringing over the Federal deficit. It's time we stopped dodging the issue. It's time we showed the courage and leadership demanded of us by the American people. It's time we passed a balanced budget amendment and sent it to the States for ratification. This is the legacy I want to leave our children.

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 1

At the request of Mr. KEMPTHORNE, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. JOHNSTON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1, a bill to curb the practice of imposing unfunded Federal mandates on States and local governments; to strengthen the partnership between the Federal Government and State, local and tribal governments; to end the imposition, in the absence of full consideration by Congress, of Federal mandates on State, local, and tribal governments without adequate funding, in a manner that may displace other essential governmental priorities; and to ensure that the Federal Government pays the costs incurred by those governments in complying with certain requirements under Federal statutes and regulations; and for other purposes.

S. 2

At the request of Mr. CONRAD, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 2, a bill to make certain laws applicable to the legislative branch of the Federal Government.

S. 3

At the request of Mr. DOLE, the name of the Senator from New York [Mr. D'AMATO] was added as a cosponsor of S. 3, a bill to control crime, and for other purposes.

S. 12

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, the name of the Senator from Colorado [Mr. CAMPBELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 12, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage savings and investment through individual retirement accounts, and for other purposes.

S. 91

At the request of Mr. COVERDELL, the name of the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. MCCONNELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 91, a bill to delay enforcement of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 until such time as Con-

gress appropriates funds to implement such Act.

S. 98

At the request of Mr. BRADLEY, the name of the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. BUMPERS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 98, a bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish a process to identify and control tax expenditures.

S. 111

At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, the name of the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. EXON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 111, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent, and to increase to 100 percent, the deduction of self-employed individuals for health insurance costs.

S. 122

At the request of Mr. MOYNIHAN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. LAUTENBERG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 122, a bill to prohibit the use of certain ammunition, and for other purposes.

S. 124

At the request of Mr. MOYNIHAN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. LAUTENBERG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 124, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the tax on handgun ammunition, to impose the special occupational tax and registration requirements on importers and manufacturers of handgun ammunition, and for other purposes.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 36—ORIGINAL RESOLUTION REPORTED AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. PACKWOOD, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following original resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration:

S. RES. 36

*Resolved*, That, in carrying out its powers, duties, and functions under the Standing Rules of the Senate, in accordance with its jurisdiction under rule XXV of such rules, including holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and make investigations as authorized by paragraphs 1 and 8 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee on Finance is authorized from March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, and March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, in its discretion (1) to make expenditures from the contingent fund of the Senate, (2) to employ personnel, and (3) with the prior consent of the Government department or agency concerned and the Committee on Rules and Administration, to use on a reimbursable, or non-reimbursable, basis the services of personnel of any such department or agency.

SEC. 2. The expenses of the committee for the period March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, under this resolution shall not exceed \$3,248,413, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended), and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such com-

mittee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946).

(b) For the period March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, expenses of the committee under this resolution shall not exceed \$3,333,157, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended), and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946).

SEC. 3. The committee shall report its findings, together with such recommendations for legislation as it deems advisable, to the Senate at the earliest practicable date, but not later than February 28, 1996, and February 28, 1997, respectively.

SEC. 4. Expenses of the committee under this resolution shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee, except that vouchers shall not be required (1) for the disbursement of salaries of employees paid at an annual rate, (2) the payment of telecommunications provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, United States Senate, (3) for the payment of stationery supplies purchased through the Keeper of the Stationery, United States Senate, or (4) for payments to the Postmaster, United States Senate, or (5) for the payment of metered charges on copying equipment provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, United States Senate, or (6) for the payment of Senate Recording and Photographic Services.

SEC. 5. There are authorized such sums as may be necessary for agency contributions related to the compensation of employees of the committee from March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, and March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, to be paid from the Appropriations account for "Expenses of Inquiries and Investigations."

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 37—NATIONAL WOMEN AND GIRLS IN SPORTS DAY

Mr. PACKWOOD submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 37

Whereas women's athletics are one of the most effective avenues available for women of the United States to develop self-discipline, initiative, confidence, and leadership skills;

Whereas sports and fitness activities contribute to emotional and physical well-being;

Whereas women need strong bodies as well as strong minds;

Whereas the history of women in sports is rich and long, but there has been little national recognition of the significance of women's athletic achievements;

Whereas the number of women in leadership positions as coaches, officials, and administrators has declined drastically since the passage of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972;

Whereas there is a need to restore women to leadership positions in athletics to ensure a fair representation of the abilities of women and to provide role models for young female athletes;

Whereas the bonds built between women through athletics help to break down the social barriers of racism and prejudice;