

even heat their homes in the middle of winter.

Mr. President, 18 of Idaho's 44 counties lie within the scope of this order. Twenty-eight million acres—more than half of the State of Idaho—are in danger of being shut down along with the natural resource jobs which provide the economic base of my State.

Do you know what this means to Idaho, Mr. President? This single court action was the equivalent of telling Detroit that they could no longer make cars. It was like telling Hollywood that they could no longer make movies. It was as if Iowa were no longer allowed to grow corn.

Absent a 1-week stay by the judge, issued late last Friday, the judge's order would have, and still may, immediately lay off hundreds of Idahoans from their jobs in mines and lumber mills. It will savage the economy of the State by removing any hope for thousands of Idahoans in the service industries that depend on the loggers, miners, and ranchers for their livelihood.

What could possibly bring on a disaster of this nature, Mr. President? Was it an earthquake? Was it a famine? Was it a flood? No, it was the Federal Government issuing pink slips to its citizens.

It was a disagreement between two agencies of the Federal Government on how to proceed in a timely manner on consultation issues under the Endangered Species Act. Consultation is sometimes referred to as the "Inter-agency Cooperation" provisions of the Endangered Species Act. What is wrong here is that the agencies have failed to cooperate, and the people of Idaho are the ones who suffer because of it.

The irony of all of this is that one agency of tax supported bureaucrats is locked in disagreements with another agency of tax supported bureaucrats while the very people who pay the taxes are being put out of work. The residents of these counties should not be getting pink slips from their Government.

The Idaho delegation and the Governor continue to work with the Federal agencies involved to reach a resolution that will not threaten the working men and women of Idaho. All of this points to the fact that we need to bring some balance into the Endangered Species Act. I am committed to that, Mr. President, because the one species the ESA ignores is the human species. And the people of my State are seeing and feeling that in a very real way.

ELECTING DR. LLOYD JOHN OGILVIE, OF CALIFORNIA, AS CHAPLAIN OF THE U.S. SENATE

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I send a resolution to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 70) electing Dr. Lloyd John Ogilvie, of California, as Chaplain of the U.S. Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the resolution is considered and agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 70) is as follows:

*Resolved*, That Doctor Lloyd John Ogilvie, of California, be, and he is hereby, elected Chaplain of the Senate as of March 11, 1995.

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. I move to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was agreed to, and I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

#### DESIGNATION OF CHAIRMEN OF CERTAIN SENATE COMMITTEES FOR THE 104TH CONGRESS

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I send a resolution to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 71) designating the chairmen of certain Senate committees for the 104th Congress.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the resolution is considered and agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 71) is as follows:

*Resolved*, That the following Senators are designated as the Chair of the following committees for the 104th Congress, or until their successors are chosen:

Committee on the Budget: Mr. Domenici, Chairman.

Committee on Veterans' Affairs: Mr. Simpson, Chairman.

Committee on Indian Affairs: Mr. McCain, Chairman.

Committee on Intelligence: Mr. Specter, Chairman.

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was agreed to, and I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

#### AMENDMENT OF 2 U.S.C. SEC. 61H-6

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I send a bill to the desk and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 273) to amend 2 U.S.C. Section 61h-6.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the bill is considered read three times and passed.

So the bill (S. 273), was considered, deemed read for the third time, and passed.

(The text of the bill will be printed in a future edition of the RECORD.)

Mr. KEMPTHORNE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed, and I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

#### REPORT OF THE STATE OF THE UNION ADDRESS—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT—PM 4

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report, which was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. President. Mr. Speaker. Members of the 104th Congress. My fellow Americans:

Again we are here in the sanctuary of democracy, and once again our democracy has spoken. To all of you in the 104th Congress, to you, Mr. Speaker: Congratulations.

If we agree on nothing else, we must agree that the American people voted for change in 1992 and 1994. We didn't hear America singing—we heard America shouting. Now, we must say: We hear you. We will work together to earn your trust.

For we are the keepers of a sacred trust, and we must be faithful to it in this new era. Over two hundred years ago, our Founders changed the course of history by joining together to create a new country based on a powerful idea Declaration of Independence: We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness. It has fallen to every generation since to preserve that idea—the American idea—and to expand its meaning in new and different times. To Lincoln and his Congress: To preserve the Union and end slavery. To Theodore Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson: To restrain the abuses and excesses of the Industrial Revolution, and to assert America's leadership in the world. To Franklin Roosevelt: To fight the failure of the Great Depression and our century's great struggle against fascism. To all our Presidents since: To fight the Cold War. Especially to two, who struggled in partnership with Congresses of the opposite party. To Harry Truman, who summoned us to unparalleled prosperity at home and constructed the architecture of the Cold War world. And to Ronald Reagan, who exhorted us to carry on until the twilight struggle against Communism was won.

In another time of change and challenge, I became the first President to be elected in the post-Cold War era, an era marked by the global economy, the information revolution, unparalleled change and opportunity and insecurity for ordinary Americans.

I came to this hallowed chamber two years ago on a mission: To restore the American Dream for all our people and to ensure that we move into the 21st Century still the world's strongest force for freedom and democracy.