

Given the histories and the lessons of the very recent past, the United States and the international community should be responsive to calls for help when another Central African nation is on the brink of disaster. We have offered rhetoric that early preventive action can save millions of lives and billions of dollars later. Conflict resolution and preventive diplomacy is a new mantra in international relations. And it should be. Here is an opportunity to listen to the warning signs and respond in some way.

If we do, Burundi may be able to stem the recent spate of violence and continue its move toward democracy. If we do not, then Burundi risks becoming another Rwanda. ●

SALUTING 150TH ANNIVERSARY OF FLORIDA STATEHOOD

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Senate Resolution 84, submitted earlier by Senators MACK and GRAHAM, which would salute the 150th anniversary of Florida's statehood, and that the resolution be considered and agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table; that any statements relating to the resolution appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the resolution was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution (S. Res. 84) and its preamble are as follows:

S. RES. 84

Whereas Florida became the first State explored by Europeans when Ponce De Leon led a Spanish expedition that made landfall along the east coast in the year 1513;

Whereas Pedro Menendez de Aviles, captain-general of an invading fleet, ousted the French settlement, Fort Caroline, at the mouth of the St. Johns River, proclaimed Spanish sovereignty over Florida, and on September 8, 1565, established St. Augustine, the oldest city in the United States;

Whereas Spain, France, and England played a significant role in the development and exploration of early Florida;

Whereas President James Monroe proclaimed the Adams-Onis Treaty in which Spain ceded Florida to the United States on February 22, 1821, and appointed General Andrew Jackson as the first provisional governor of Florida;

Whereas on March 30, 1822, the United States Congress created a territorial government for Florida, following the pattern set in the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 by providing for public education and orderly political steps toward greater self-government and eventual statehood as population increased;

Whereas 56 delegates representing the 20 counties of Florida assembled in 1838 in the Panhandle town of St. Joseph to frame the first constitution of the territory in preparation for Florida statehood, who were mainly planters and lawyers, were from 13 of the 26 States then in the United States and 4 foreign countries, included only 3 natives from Florida, included 3 delegates who would later become United States Senators, included 2

governors, and included 5 members of the Florida Supreme Court;

Whereas a bill to admit Florida as a State passed the House of Representatives on February 13, 1845, and the Senate on March 1, 1845;

Whereas President John Tyler signed a bill making Florida a State on March 3, 1845, making Florida the 27th State to be admitted into the United States;

Whereas Friday, March 3, 1995, marks the 150th anniversary of Florida becoming a State;

Whereas the admission of Florida to the United States has proved to be of immense benefit both the United States and to the State of Florida;

Whereas 96 citizens of Florida have served the United States and Florida in the House of Representatives;

Whereas 30 citizens of Florida have served the United States and Florida in the United States Senate;

Whereas numerous citizens of Florida have served in the executive, judicial, and legislative branches of the Federal Government;

Whereas citizens of Florida have fought and died in service to the United States, and 22 citizens of Florida have won the United States highest award for bravery, the Congressional Medal of Honor, protecting freedom in the United States;

Whereas Florida is the fourth largest State and is rich in natural resources and talented people;

Whereas Florida, home of the Everglades National Park, is blessed with great natural beauty, clean water, pure air, and extraordinary scenery;

Whereas Florida is a world leader in agriculture, commercial fishing, education, financial services, horse breeding, high technology, manufacturing, phosphate production, and tourism;

Whereas Cape Canaveral, location of the first United States satellite launch and the first manned spaceship flight to the Moon, continues to play a vital and leading role in the exploration and discovery of outer space by the United States;

Whereas a special postage stamp saluting the Sesquicentennial of Florida will be circulated throughout the United States during 1995; and

Whereas Florida is proud of its heritage and looks forward to its future: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved,

SECTION 1. SALUTE BY THE SENATE

The United States Senate salutes the State of Florida on the sesquicentennial anniversary of Florida becoming a State Friday, March 3, 1995.

SEC. 2. COMMEMORATION BY CONGRESS.

The Senate calls on the joint Congressional leadership of Congress to agree on an appropriate time and manner to honor the State of Florida, in recognition of the achievements of all the men and women who have worked hard to develop Florida into a great State, from pioneer days to modern times.

SEC. 3. COMMEMORATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Senate calls on the President to issue a Presidential message calling on the people of the United States and all Federal, State, and local governments to commemorate the sesquicentennial anniversary of Florida becoming a State with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

SEC. 4. COPIES OF RESOLUTION.

The Secretary of the Senate shall send this resolution to the Florida Congressional delegation, the Governor of Florida, the National Archives, and the Florida Archives.

MEASURE READ THE FIRST TIME

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I understand that Senate Joint Resolution 28, introduced earlier today by Senator JEFFORDS, is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

Mr. DOLE. I ask for its first reading.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the resolution for the first time.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A joint resolution (S.J. Res. 28) to grant consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Area Compact.

Mr. DOLE. And I now ask for its second reading.

Mr. FORD. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Objection is heard.

The second reading will occur on the next legislative day.

ORDERS FOR FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1995

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in recess until the hour of 10 a.m. March 3, 1995; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, and the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day; that there then be a period for the transaction of morning business not to extend beyond the hour of 1 p.m., with Senators permitted to speak therein not to exceed 5 minutes each, with the following exceptions: Senator CRAIG, 1 hour; Senator DASCHLE, 30 minutes; Senator LIEBERMAN, 20 minutes; Senator GRAHAM of Florida, 15 minutes; Senator GRAMS, of Minnesota, 5 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, for the information of all my colleagues, the next item the Senate is expected to consider is S. 244, the Paperwork Reduction Act. One amendment is expected to be offered. However, that amendment will not be available until Monday. Therefore, the Senate will conduct morning business only during tomorrow's session of the Senate. No rollcall votes will occur during Friday's session of the Senate.

Mr. FORD. Will the leader yield?

Could he give any indication of what Monday might be?

Mr. DOLE. I may be able to do that in the morning.

Mr. FORD. All right, fine. There is some interest in that.

Mr. DOLE. I think it depends on what happens on the Paperwork Reduction Act, and I will be able to make that announcement hopefully early tomorrow so people, if we do not have votes Monday, can make plans.

Mr. FORD. I thank the leader.