

However, in addition to in-court duties, many court reporters prepare and certify transcripts of their stenographic records for private attorneys, litigants, and others. The court reporter collects a per-page fee for the transcripts and generally earns much more than he or she would for an hour of salaried work for the court. Very often, it is possible for a court reporter to earn more from transcription work than from his or her annual salary. When working for this per-page fee, the court reporter is clearly acting as an independent operator, as has been specifically determined by the Internal Revenue Service [IRS]. The fee income is treated as separate and apart from the annual government salary for taxation purposes. Indeed, court reporters file self-employment income forms with the IRS and pay self-employment taxes on this income.

Unfortunately, DOL has not yet recognized the independent capacity of court reporters. In August 1994, the Wage and Hour Division took the position that, even while preparing transcripts for attorneys, litigants, and other parties, official court reporters in Oregon are still acting as employees of the court for purposes of FLSA. Similar letters have been received regarding official court reporters in Indiana and North Carolina. Official court reporters in the vast majority of States operate in circumstances similar to these three States.

If allowed to stand, DOL's interpretation would require State and local courts to pay court reporters 1½ times their regular rate of pay for all transcription work performed during overtime hours in a given week. The DOL position threatens to dramatically impact State and local court budgets. The State and local courts will either have to increase their salary budgets or cut costs elsewhere. In return, they would receive nothing except additional administrative duties and headaches.

Faced with possibly hundreds of millions of dollars of liability nationwide, State and local courts are considering dramatic changes in pay practices and in how transcription work is to be performed. Meanwhile, court reporters who continue to perform transcription work may be required to do it for substantially reduced compensation.

This legislation would allow an exemption under the FLSA for official court reporters while they are performing transcription duties for a private party, provided there is an agreement between the court reporters and the State or local court employer. The legislation would also bar lawsuits by court reporters for overtime back-pay. I urge my colleagues to support this measure so that a law designed to protect workers will not instead lead to job losses and reductions in income.

TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM MEEHAN

HON. ROBERT T. MATSUI

OF CALIFORNIA

HON. VIC FAZIO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Mr. MATSUI. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from California [Mr. FAZIO] and I rise today to pay tribute to Mr. William Meehan, a native California who has devoted his professional career to the preservation and growth of labor's health in this great State.

In the many years Mr. Meehan has been a major force in the labor realm, both of our offices have relied on his expertise and counsel. We join with the scores of colleagues to salute the outstanding leadership you have given to the Sacramento-Sierra's Building and Construction Trades Council and to the Sacramento Central Labor Council.

In an era of shrinking resources, Mr. Meehan has been one of Sacramento's great defenders, ensuring jobs for thousands of men and women throughout the region.

Not only has Mr. Meehan been an outstanding defender of the labor force, but we would be remiss in not commending his steadfast support of this entire community. The list of political, charitable, and labor related organizations with which he has aligned himself reflects the great characters all leaders strive to achieve. An abbreviated list of organizations who are indebted to his leadership and hard work include the Greater Sacramento Area Plan, Labor and Business Alliance, Sacramento Water Intelligently Managed, Private Industry Council, Auburn Dam Council, Friends of Light Rail, American Red Cross, Sacramento Employment Training Agency, Harps, National Toxics Coalition, United Way, Hundred Dollar Club, Sacramento Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce and the Sacramento Fire Board.

Truly, Sacramento is a better place to work and live thanks to what we hope is only the first half to Mr. Meehan's career. As he begins to undertake his latest challenge for the Painter's International, we ask our colleagues to join us in wishing him continued happiness and success.

REMEMBERING DAVID ROSS YOUNG

HON. LYNN C. WOOLSEY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the life of David Ross Young, who died of AIDS earlier this month. I am proud to say that David lived in my district, in Sonoma County, CA.

David did more to touch the lives of others in his 32 years than most people do in a lifetime. After being diagnosed with the AIDS virus, David dedicated his life to preventing the spread of AIDS among young people, speaking to students at Sonoma and Marin County schools about the disease. In addition, he trained hundreds of speakers who will carry on his message in his wake.

Mr. Speaker, it is a truly great human being who, when faced with a limit on the amount of time he has left in this world, chooses to spend it helping others. My heart and my thoughts are with you, David. Your legacy lives within the hearts and minds of the youngsters whose lives you have touched and whose lives you have saved.

ODE TO FITZSIMONS

HON. PATRICIA SCHROEDER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Mrs. SCHROEDER. Mr. Speaker, Mrs. Florence Gasser, whose father was a World War I veteran, was so disturbed about the proposal to close Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that she wrote a poem in protest. I would like to share Mrs. Gasser's poem with my colleagues:

FOR WHOM THE KNELL TOLLS

Who needs a veteran's hospital
In these cloudless peaceful times?
Who cares that four generations fought,
In those lands of different clime?

This century ends with record wars,
Many wounded strewn along the way,
Don't we have moral obligation,
To take care of all of them today?

If you remove their anchors now
Should old soldiers just fade away?
Places like Fitzsimons long has been
Security in world of disarray.

Oh, "they'll get help," indifferent say,
As protest cries, echo in nation;
To most veterans change will seem,
Like a physical amputation.

Fitzsimons spreads out protective arms
To those sick in body and spirit too;
To close its doors, will cruelly state,
Find help elsewhere, then start anew.

Those left groping at hospital door,
Need assurance old Fitz gave heartily;
That they could go on with their lives,
Through all of their sickness and injury.

Those who bled on foreign fields,
And served their country very well,
Should not see Fitzsimons lights go out
And hear that sorrowful, hopeless knell.

FEDERAL FUNDING FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING SHOULD CON- TINUE

HON. CORRINE BROWN

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 14, 1995

Ms. BROWN of Florida. Mr. Speaker, today I want to spend a few minutes telling my colleagues about four public broadcasting television stations in Florida's Third Congressional District. WJCT in Jacksonville, WFME in Orlando, WUFT in Gainesville, and WCEU in Daytona Beach are truly community assets. They provide programming which enlightens, enriches, entertains, and touches the lives of thousands of north and central Floridians.

These public broadcasting stations have been an integral part of our communities. They have been important partners in public education, providing instructional television and media technology resources to our schools since their beginning.

Public broadcasting reaches 99 percent of all American television households. Its high quality educational and cultural programs have contributed significantly to the quality of life in north Florida. And it's a great investment. Public broadcasting is one of the best public-private partnerships ever developed, matching Federal dollars on a 5 to 1 basis. And it delivers these dollars to the local level. It is also at