

to build the ships, planes, and tanks for our men and women overseas.

Joining the celebration on March 15 were 236 "Rosies." These women worked in the industrial hub of Baltimore's wartime economy—they melted the ore, welded the ships, and riveted the wings. Fifty years later their employers—Bethlehem Steel, Lockheed-Martin—formerly Glen L. Martin Aircraft—and General Motors—Eastern Aircraft—thanked the 236 Rosies present at the celebration and the thousands of Rosies these women represented.

In recognition of the efforts of Dundalk Community College and in honor of the lives of all of the "Rosies" who built the arsenal of democracy and helped to save the Western World, today we extend to them our gratitude. They have earned an honored place in our memory and respected place in our history.●

THE LEGACY OF STANLEY O. IKENBERRY

● Mr. SIMON. Mr. President, Stanley O. Ikenberry, a giant on the national stage of higher education policy, will retire this year after an exceptional tenure of 16 years as president of the University of Illinois.

President Ikenberry announced his decision last year to give the university's board of trustees ample time to carefully select a successor, and the board now has chosen James J. Stukel, chancellor of the University of Illinois at Chicago, to become the 15th president of the university.

Few posts are as stressful and delicate—and as public and influential—as the presidency of a major university. Stan and Judy Ikenberry have handled the pressures superbly, with grace and warmth and character.

Stan Ikenberry has kept a firm hand on the tiller and a clear eye on the horizon in charting the university's progress during his stewardship. The Ikenberry era has been an intense period of growth and vigor that has seen improvements across the breadth of the university's activities and has solidified the campus' stature as a world-class university and center of research. During his tenure institutions such as

the university's National Center for Supercomputing Applications have been established, and the university activities in Chicago have been strengthened with the chartering of the University of Illinois at Chicago.

Under Stan Ikenberry's leadership, the University of Illinois last fall became one of the first campuses in the Nation to offer the new direct student loan program to its students. Stan Ikenberry and the University of Illinois are helping to prove the merits of this bold new program that is benefiting not only students but also taxpayers and schools.

I well recall that when another major university in our State became indecisive about the chance to establish and offer a permanent home to an annual Paul Douglas Ethics In Government Award, Stan Ikenberry seized the opportunity, and the award program is now underway, based in Urbana-Champaign.

Stan Ikenberry is a statesman who has enriched American higher education. Governors, lawmakers of both political parties in the State legislature and in Congress, and his colleagues in the higher education community all have relied heavily on Stan Ikenberry's insight, wisdom, and leadership skills. I have had the pleasure and the opportunity of working with Stan Ikenberry on a wide range of issues of importance to the university and to national education policy. Among many, many others who have worked in this field, I am grateful for Stan Ikenberry's wisdom, for his constancy, and for his leadership.

President Ikenberry has much more to contribute to the Nation when he moves later this year into other pursuits. To his great credit, he plans on resuming college-level teaching in the field of higher education administration.

We extend to Stan and Judy Ikenberry our deep appreciation and our very best wishes for their future endeavors.●

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEE TO REPORT

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Finance

Committee have until 8 p.m. this evening to file a report to accompany H.R. 831.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1995

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in recess until the hour of 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday, March 21, 1995; that following the prayer, the Journal of proceedings be deemed approved to date, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day; that there then be a period for the transaction of morning business, not to extend beyond the hour of 10 a.m., with the following Senators recognized to speak for up to 10 minutes each: Senator GRASSLEY, 10 minutes; Senator HEFLIN, 10 minutes; Senator FEINSTEIN, 10 minutes.

I further ask that at the hour of 10 a.m., the Senate resume consideration of S. 4, the line-item veto bill, and that the Senate stand in recess between the hours of 12:30 p.m. and 2:15 p.m. for the weekly party luncheons to meet.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, for the information of my colleagues, a cloture motion was filed on the pending substitute amendment to the line-item veto bill. Therefore, a cloture vote will occur on the amendment on Wednesday.

RECESS UNTIL 9:30 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. MCCAIN. If there is no further business to come before the Senate, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in recess under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 6:15 p.m., recessed until Tuesday, March 21, 1995, at 9:30 a.m.