

start of the year this past Saturday, and she knocked down "clutch" three pointers for her team to advance to next weeks game against the No. 1 ranked women of the University of Connecticut. Kate Paye paces the team from the guard position, while Kate Starbird leads the team in scoring.

Also contributing to the team effort are Olympia Scott, Jamila Wideman, Vanessa Nygaard, Regan Freuen, Charmin Smith, Bobbie Kelsey, Tara Harrington, Naomi Mulituaapele, and Heather Owen. Their 30-2 record this year is a mark of dedication and talent. The trip they make to Minnesota to be in the Final Four is a deserved reward.

I salute these two teams and all the student athletes from California, and wish them the best in both competition and scholarship.

#### CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Morning business is closed.

#### REGULATORY TRANSITION ACT

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now resume consideration of S. 219, the Regulatory Transition Act of 1995, which the clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 219) to ensure economy and efficiency of Federal Government operations by establishing a moratorium on regulatory rulemaking actions, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the question now occurs on final passage of S. 219, as amended.

The yeas and nays have been ordered and the clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber who desire to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 100, nays 0, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 117 Leg.]

YEAS—100

Abraham	Dodd	Johnston
Akaka	Dole	Kassebaum
Ashcroft	Domenici	Kempthorne
Baucus	Dorgan	Kennedy
Bennett	Exon	Kerrey
Biden	Faircloth	Kerry
Bingaman	Feingold	Kohl
Bond	Feinstein	Kyl
Boxer	Ford	Lautenberg
Bradley	Frist	Leahy
Breaux	Glenn	Levin
Brown	Gorton	Lieberman
Bryan	Graham	Lott
Bumpers	Gramm	Lugar
Burns	Grams	Mack
Byrd	Grassley	McCain
Campbell	Gregg	McConnell
Chafee	Harkin	Mikulski
Coats	Hatch	Moseley-Braun
Cochran	Hatfield	Moynihan
Cohen	Heflin	Murkowski
Conrad	Helms	Murray
Coverdell	Hollings	Nickles
Craig	Hutchison	Nunn
D'Amato	Inhofe	Packwood
Daschle	Inouye	Pell
DeWine	Jeffords	Pressler

Pryor	Shelby	Thomas
Reid	Simon	Thompson
Robb	Simpson	Thurmond
Rockefeller	Smith	Warner
Roth	Snowe	Wellstone
Santorum	Specter	
Sarbanes	Stevens	

So, the bill (S. 219) as amended, was passed as follows:

S. 219

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### TITLE I—REGULATORY TRANSITION

##### SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Regulatory Transition Act of 1995".

##### SEC. 102. FINDING.

The Congress finds that effective steps for improving the efficiency and proper management of Government operations will be promoted if a moratorium on the effectiveness of certain significant final rules is imposed in order to provide Congress an opportunity for review.

##### SEC. 103. MORATORIUM ON REGULATIONS; CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.

(a) REPORTING AND REVIEW OF REGULATIONS.—

(1) REPORTING TO CONGRESS AND THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—

(A) Before a rule can take effect as a final rule, the Federal agency promulgating such rule shall submit to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General a report containing—

- (i) a copy of the rule;
- (ii) a concise general statement relating to the rule; and
- (iii) the proposed effective date of the rule.

(B) The Federal agency promulgating the rule shall make available to each House of Congress and the Comptroller General, upon request—

- (i) a complete copy of the cost-benefit analysis of the rule, if any;
- (ii) the agency's actions relevant to section 603, section 604, section 605, section 607, and section 609 of Public Law 96-354;
- (iii) the agency's actions relevant to title II, section 202, section 203, section 204, and section 205 of Public Law 104-4; and
- (iv) any other relevant information or requirements under any other Act and any relevant Executive Orders, such as Executive Order 12866.

(C) Upon receipt, each House shall provide copies to the Chairman and Ranking Member of each committee with jurisdiction.

(2) REPORTING BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—

(A) The Comptroller General shall provide a report on each significant rule to the committees of jurisdiction to each House of the Congress by the end of 12 calendar days after the submission or publication date as provided in section 104(b)(2). The report of the Comptroller General shall include an assessment of the agency's compliance with procedural steps required by subparagraph (B) (i) through (iv).

(B) Federal agencies shall cooperate with the Comptroller General by providing information relevant to the Comptroller General's report under paragraph (2)(A) of this section.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE OF SIGNIFICANT RULES.—A significant rule relating to a report submitted under paragraph (1) shall take effect as a final rule, the latest of—

(A) the later of the date occurring 45 days after the date on which—

(i) the Congress receives the report submitted under paragraph (1); or

(ii) the rule is published in the Federal Register;

(B) if the Congress passes a joint resolution of disapproval described under section 104 relating to the rule, and the President signs a veto of such resolution, the earlier date—

(i) on which either House of Congress votes and fails to override the veto of the President; or

(ii) occurring 30 session days after the date on which the Congress received the veto and objections of the President; or

(C) the date the rule would have otherwise taken effect, if not for this section (unless a joint resolution of disapproval under section 104 is enacted).

(4) EFFECTIVE DATE FOR OTHER RULES.—Except for a significant rule, a rule shall take effect as otherwise provided by law after submission to Congress under paragraph (1).

(5) FAILURE OF JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3), the effective date of a rule shall not be delayed by operation of this title beyond the date on which either House of Congress votes to reject a joint resolution of disapproval under section 104.

(b) TERMINATION OF DISAPPROVED RULE-MAKING.—A rule shall not take effect (or continue) as a final rule, if the Congress passes a joint resolution of disapproval described under section 104.

(c) PRESIDENTIAL WAIVER AUTHORITY.—

(1) PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section (except subject to paragraph (3)), a rule that would not take effect by reason of this title may take effect, if the President makes a determination under paragraph (2) and submits written notice of such determination to the Congress.

(2) GROUNDS FOR DETERMINATIONS.—Paragraph (1) applies to a determination made by the President by Executive order that the rule should take effect because such rule is—

(A) necessary because of an imminent threat to health or safety or other emergency;

(B) necessary for the enforcement of criminal laws; or

(C) necessary for national security.

(3) WAIVER NOT TO AFFECT CONGRESSIONAL DISAPPROVALS.—An exercise by the President of the authority under this subsection shall have no effect on the procedures under section 104 or the effect of a joint resolution of disapproval under this section.

(d) TREATMENT OF RULES ISSUED AT END OF CONGRESS.—

(1) ADDITIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW.—In addition to the opportunity for review otherwise provided under this title, in the case of any rule that is published in the Federal Register (as a rule that shall take effect as a final rule) during the period beginning on the date occurring 60 days before the date the Congress adjourns sine die through the date on which the succeeding Congress first convenes, section 104 shall apply to such rule in the succeeding Congress.

(2) TREATMENT UNDER SECTION 104.—

(A) In applying section 104 for purposes of such additional review, a rule described under paragraph (1) shall be treated as though—

(i) such rule were published in the Federal Register (as a rule that shall take effect as a final rule) on the 15th session day after the succeeding Congress first convenes; and

(ii) a report on such rule were submitted to Congress under subsection (a)(1) on such date.

(B) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to affect the requirement under subsection (a)(1) that a report must be submitted to Congress before a final rule can take effect.

(3) ACTUAL EFFECTIVE DATE NOT AFFECTED.—A rule described under paragraph