

to speak to you on behalf of the National Association of Graduate and Professional Students.

I want to talk to you about the effect the loss of the interest exemption and other proposed cuts would have on graduate and professional students. Lately opponents to student aid have made statements that trivialize the effect of these cuts.

One opponent of student aid here at the Capital claims that the loss of the interest exemption would cost students just \$21 a month. "So they won't be able to buy 2 CD's" he told USA Today.

Now, in addition to knowing where he buys his CD's, I'd like to know where he got his numbers. You see, for the graduate student who takes out loans to get an M.A., the loss of the interest exemption means that the loan payments could increase as much as \$110 a month. Or to put in terms our friend can understand, that's 11 CD's.

And just yesterday, another opponent of student aid claimed that the loss of the interest exemption would cost just . . . pennies a month.

Tell that to the graduate student who completes a Ph.D. and winds up with over \$68,000 in loans. The loss of the interest exemption could cost this student an additional \$33,000. That's an increase of over \$400 in the monthly payments, . . . or 40,000 pennies.

So you see, while eliminating the interest exemption is a disaster for undergrads, it's even worse for graduate students. Of course, the opponents of student aid have simply chosen to ignore the effects these cuts would have on more than a million graduate and professional students.

These cuts could drive many of these students right out of school. That's a loss that this country cannot afford.

This is because graduate programs prepare the nation's most highly skilled workforce, including faculty, business and industry leaders, social workers, physicians, ministers, researchers, and professionals.

Research conducted by graduate students contributes directly to economic growth. The University of California says that graduate student research drove the development of the biotechnology industry that today employs 80,000 Californians!!

In fact, studies show that U.S. economic production is directly related to government spending in higher education.

In the last week Governor Carlson of MN and Governor George Bush of Texas have both issued statements that "quality graduate education is crucial to the global competitiveness of the United States."

Graduate students are a valuable resource that the opponents of student aid seemed to have ignored. They have not taken calculated the devastating effect of their cuts on this nation's graduate and professional students. (Pause) But we have.

The National Association of Graduate and Professional Students warns you not to be deceived by those who would trivialize the effect of these cuts. These cuts are real, unwise, and undermine the very foundation of higher education.

#### TRIBUTE TO THE 1995 ITALIAN-AMERICANS OF THE YEAR

### HON. SANDER M. LEVIN

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 5, 1995

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I wish to extend my congratulations to the 1995 Italian-Americans of the Year, as honored by the Italian Study Group of Troy, MI. Ed and Marlene

Baker and Frank and Angela Penna are truly deserving of this prestigious honor.

Ed and Marlene Baker publish the oldest Italian-American newspaper in Michigan, the Italian Tribune, spanning 86 years and four generations of Italian-Americans. Together, they also publish the County Line, a community newspaper which covers Madison Heights, Troy, Warren, and Sterling Heights, and have a long list of accomplishments and many years of community involvement.

Frank and Angela Penna own Penna's of Sterling Banquet Hall, in Sterling Heights, and Penna's Restaurant in Warren. In addition to their business involvement, the Pennas are involved with many charity organizations, including the Muscular Dystrophy Association, the March of Dimes Foundation, and the St. Vincent and Sarah Fisher Center.

This honor is just one of many testimonies to Frank and Angela's, and Ed and Marlene's, success and dedication to their community. Again, my congratulations to them and to the Italian Study Group of Troy on this joyous occasion.

#### TRIBUTE TO THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

### HON. JACK REED

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 6, 1995

Mr. REED. Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to rise today to pay tribute to the Government Printing Office [GPO] for its outstanding work on the GPO Access Network. For its efforts, the GPO has received the James Madison Award for 1995.

The Madison Awards are presented by the Coalition on Government Information to those individuals or organizations who enhance citizens' knowledge while championing the public's right to know. Previous winners of these awards include Vice President ALBERT GORE, Secretary of Energy Hazel O'Leary, and Representative HENRY WAXMAN. The GPO is certainly worthy of joining this list of well-known and respected officials.

The GPO has developed an access system which allows American citizens to obtain information including congressional bills, the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Federal Register, the U.S. Code, and more than 6,000 other files from 25 Federal agencies. Additionally, the network can be accessed at no charge from libraries that act as Federal depositories 24 hours a day.

As James Madison stated, "a popular government without popular information, or the means of acquiring it, is but a prologue to a farce or a tragedy, or, perhaps both." Madison realized that a well-informed citizenry is the crucial ingredient for healthy debate. As all of my colleagues are aware, informed and spirited debate is the root of a healthy democracy. The GPO access network is a perfect example of how the new information "super highway" will heighten the level of public discourse.

In Rhode Island, the GPO has done an outstanding job of fulfilling Madison's vision of a politically aware and active citizenry. Because of the team effort of the GPO, Ocean State Free Net, and the Federal Depository libraries in the State, Rhode Islanders are now able to access all of the aforementioned information

with their own home computers. Having such information available will enhance our citizens understanding of Government and their desire to participate in the democratic process. I am confident that continued cooperation between the Federal Government, State Agencies, and American citizens will yield rapid advancement into this new era of shared information.

Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to commend the outstanding achievement and continuing efforts of the Government Printing Office, and I would ask my colleagues to join me in saluting them.

#### TOBACCO HEALTH TAX AND AGRICULTURAL CONVERSION ACT OF 1995

### HON. FORTNEY PETE STARK

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 6, 1995

Mr. STARK. Mr. Speaker, today my colleague from Utah, Mr. HANSEN, and I are introducing the Tobacco Health Tax and Agricultural Conversion Act of 1995, a bill to increase the cigarette tax to \$2 per pack and to increase taxes on other tobacco products.

We are joined in this by Mr. DURBIN, Mr. COYNE, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. LIPINSKI, Mr. Moran, Mr. OBERSTAR, Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, and Mr. EVANS, as original co-sponsors.

The revenues raised by this bill would finance health education and medical research efforts, help fund the health care costs of our Nation's elderly, and assist tobacco workers and agricultural regions that may be adversely affected by an increase in the tobacco tax. But most importantly, this bill creates a powerful disincentive for Americans—particularly youngsters—from taking up smoking.

We all know of the scourge that tobacco brings to America's families. The American Cancer Society, the American Lung Association, and the American Heart Association have reported that "tobacco is the single greatest cause of preventable death and disease."

There are 419,000 deaths each and every year due to smoking. This equates to more than 1,100 Americans dying every day. Smoking-caused deaths exceed the number of deaths caused from alcohol, drug abuse, homicide, suicide, automobile and airplane accidents, and AIDS combined. Twenty-seven percent of all Americans who die between the ages of 35 and 64 die from tobacco-related disease.

The scores of lives lost to tobacco provide sufficient reason to take the action I call for in this legislation. But lives lost is not the only cost of smoking. Tobacco-caused illnesses tax our health care system, requiring more than \$50 billion per year in direct health care expenditures, including \$22 billion borne by the Federal Government. Losses in productivity suck tens of billions more out of our economy.

But if there is an area where federal action can make a positive impact, it is with smoking. Tobacco is the single greatest cause of preventable death and disease—preventable! As proven by experiences in several States and in other countries, tobacco consumption—and the related costs—can be reduced. In my home State of California, through a modest