

Finally, my legislation would direct all of our overseas missions to make tourism promotion a priority. It would require our overseas posts to cooperate with the national tourism organization in attracting more international visitors.

This is a new concept. We are breaking new ground. The U.S. Government is not used to working with private industry in a coordinated way on a promotional campaign. The leadership of the travel and tourism industry has convinced me that this can be done.

My goal is to enact this bill into law by this time next year. This year, we will have 44 million international visitors to the United States with this partnership in place, our goal should be to increase that total to 100 million over the next 10 years.

THE TRAVEL AND TOURISM PARTNERSHIP ACT  
OF 1995

(By Congressman Toby Roth, Chairman,  
Subcommittee on International Economic  
Policy and Trade Chairman, Travel and  
Tourism Congressional Caucus)

FACT SHEET

Implements a central recommendation of the White House Conference on Travel and Tourism.

Forms a "public-private partnership" between the travel/tourism industry and the federal government to strengthen the promotion of international travel to the U.S.

Establishes a 36-member National Tourism Board (75% private sector) to advise the President and Congress on policies to improve the competitiveness of the U.S. travel and tourism industry in global markets, appointed by the President with the advice of the travel and tourism industry.

Establishes a National Tourism Organization as a not-for-profit corporation under federal charter to implement the tourism promotion strategy developed by the National Tourism Board; to develop and operate a marketing plan in partnership with U.S. travel and tourism firms to increase the U.S. market share of the world travel market; governed by a 45-member board of directors, reflecting the breadth of the travel and tourism industry; board of directors develops a plan for long-term financing; interim funding from industry; and data and staff resources provided by federal government.

Requires federal agencies and U.S. overseas missions to cooperate in implementing promotion strategy developed by National Tourism Board.

TRIBUTE TO JOHN BILBRA  
TALMAGE, JR.

HON. EDOLPHUS TOWNS

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 2, 1995

Mr. TOWNS. Mr. Speaker, I want to recognize John Bilbra Talmage for his life's work and achievements. John was born in Aniston, AL, and moved to New York City in 1961. He was formerly the administrator in the school of engineering, at Columbia University. Additionally, he has been an aide to Abe Gerges, and Councilman Ken Fisher.

Mr. Talmage is the founder and first chairman of the Columbia University Federal Credit Union. He has also served on the Metrotech Business Improvement District Board of Directors. Mr. Talmage has served on other prestigious community boards dealing with issues of health, religious affairs, and waste storage.

John is a tireless and eager servant. His work and enthusiasm are infectious. It is my honor and pleasure to highlight this gentleman's contributions.

HONORING RAOUL WALLENBERG

HON. DAN SCHAEFER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 2, 1995

Mr. SCHAEFER. Mr. Speaker, in April of last year, the House voted unanimously for a resolution providing for the placement of a bust of Raoul Wallenberg in the U.S. Capitol. Raoul Wallenberg was a young Swedish diplomat who risked his own life in rescuing many tens of thousands of Hungarian Jews during World War II. Through great acts of personal bravery, Wallenberg saved many would-be victims of the Nazi exterminators by providing Swedish protective passports to thousands of Jews he had never met. He pulled some out of death trains and others from the ranks of death marches.

In one notable incident, Wallenberg, a slightly built 32-year-old, boldly threatened a Nazi general preparing to bomb to the ground a Jewish ghetto. Through this intervention alone, some 70,000 Jews were saved from death. He demonstrated how a strong character and unwavering determination could force even the brutal Nazi occupiers to spare some of the Hungarian Jews who had been marked for death.

Wallenberg's implacable hostility toward oppression made him a target of Soviet military officials, who arrested him early in 1945. After his arrest, he disappeared into a Soviet gulag prison camp, never to emerge again. Though the Soviets claimed in 1957 that he had died in 1947 of a heart attack, reliable eyewitnesses report sightings of Wallenberg long after that year. To this day, no one outside of Russia knows what truly happened to Wallenberg, whether he is still alive, or when he may have died.

Today, Mr. Speaker, in the rotunda of the U.S. Capitol, a stirring ceremony was held to unveil the bust of Raoul Wallenberg and to honor his enormous contribution to humanity. You were among those who paid tribute to his great works, along with many other distinguished persons such as House International Relations Committee Chairman GILMAN, Mr. PORTER, the cochair of the Congressional Human Rights Caucus, and Senator DASCHLE. Others who spoke included Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg, Miles Lerman, chairman of the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Council, and the speakers of the Parliaments of Hungary, Israel, and Sweden.

I would now like to recognize three individuals who played especially important roles in making today's ceremony in honor of Raoul Wallenberg possible. My colleague from California, TOM LANTOS and his wife, Annette, survivors of the Holocaust themselves, have worked tirelessly for years to bring the Wallenberg case to public attention. Their hard work and determination to human rights, and especially to the Wallenberg case, serves as an example to me and my colleagues in the House.

Finally, I want to recognize Lillian Hoffman of Denver, CO, who purchased and donated

the bronze bust of Raoul Wallenberg. Lillian has spent more than two decades herself on the Wallenberg case and has demonstrated tireless devotion to the cause of human rights wherever they are violated. As the chair of the Colorado Committee of Concern for Soviet Jewry, she has helped numerous people herself who were persecuted in Russia and the Soviet Union because of their religious beliefs. She helped them to obtain exit visas so they could start new lives in Israel and the United States. It has been a pleasure knowing and working with Lillian for so many years.

I salute Lillian Hoffman for her generosity in donating the bust of Raoul Wallenberg to the people of the United States. Lillian's generosity will help ensure that Raoul Wallenberg's great deeds of humanity will be remembered by many generations of people to come. Thank you, Lillian Hoffman, for helping us to remember Raoul Wallenberg.

HONORING EDWARD A. PALLADINO

HON. MAURICE D. HINCHEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 2, 1995

Mr. HINCHEY. Mr. Speaker, I want to ask my colleagues to join me in honoring Edward A. Palladino. Ed's life recalls a life that was more common in the past, in the "olden days". He spent most of his entire career in one place, at one of my local newspapers, the Kingston Freeman, working his way up from right out of high school to becoming managing editor.

Ed is a pillar of our community in ways that still mean something to people. More than a local legend for his coverage of sporting events of all levels in our area, Ed is a genuine sportsman himself, embodying the principles of hard work, fairness, and real passion on and off the playing field. I ask my colleagues to join me in celebrating 40-plus years of excellence and the life of my great friend, Ed Palladino.

A TRIBUTE TO ART JOHNSON

HON. JOHN CONYERS, JR.

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 2, 1995

Mr. CONYERS. Mr. Speaker, I want to take a few minutes to tell you about a man who has spent his life working as a healer but he is not a medical doctor. He has not repaired any broken bones or mended any human hearts. But he has devoted his life to healing the bitter and gaping rifts that separate the races in our county.

The man I am describing is Dr. Arthur Johnson, my longtime friend in the struggle for justice, who retired September 30, 1995, as vice president for university relations and professor of education sociology at Detroit's Wayne State University, which just happens to be my alma mater.

His title and his long list of degrees and commendations might lead some to believe he concentrated his civil rights work in the academic arena. That was not the case. His activism, which has spanned six decades, has