

TRIBUTE TO THE CENTER FOR  
JEWISH HISTORY

HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 30, 1996*

Mrs. MALONEY. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to pay tribute to the Center for Jewish History. I ask my colleagues to join with me in celebrating the establishment of this very important institution and in recognizing the immeasurable contribution it will make to the study of Jewish history.

The Center for Jewish History is comprised of four established institutions: the American Jewish Historical Society; the Leo Baeck Institute; Yeshiva University Museum; and the YIVO Institute for Jewish Research. These established and highly respected institutions have become partners in the visionary creation of a center devoted to the study of Jewish history and culture. The goal of this major partnership is to house each of the partner-institutions' research libraries, preserve each of their collections of historical documents, works of art, and objects, and to plan and mount exhibits of these combined collections. The new Center for Jewish History will also publish important works of scholarship, present lectures and educational events, and sponsor fellowships in Judaic studies. With the cooperation of major universities, the center will also establish specialized graduate and post-graduate studies programs.

The collaboration of these four important institutions to form the center for Jewish History is an unprecedented enterprise. Sunday, April 28, 1996, marks the celebration of the center's founder's day. With the support of the Jewish community and the collaboration of the four established partner-institutions, the center is destined to become a major educational and cultural resource for all Americans.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to pay tribute here today to the inception of the Center for Jewish History, whose establishment marks an important milestone in the advancement of the study and preservation of Jewish history. I ask my colleagues to join with me in this tribute and to celebrate the creation of the Center for Jewish History, a very significant contribution to the resources for advanced Judaic scholarship in the United States.

ON COSPONSORING H.R. 3199, H.R.  
3200, AND H.R. 3201, FDA REFORM

HON. CHARLES W. STENHOLM

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 30, 1996*

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Speaker, today, I am pleased to add my name as a cosponsor of the three bills that make up the comprehensive Food and Drug Administration [FDA] reform being considered in the House. Most Americans believe that the FDA approval process for new drugs, medical devices, and foods should be streamlined to ensure that citizens have access to life-saving products. Many believe, however, that this streamlining effort also must preserve the public's confidence in the agency's mission of protecting the health and safety of consumers. I agree

with both concerns and believe that both goals can be met through commonsense legislation.

While I have some concerns about these FDA reform bills, I strongly agree with the underlying principle that there are constructive reforms of FDA that should be enacted. I am cosponsoring these bills because I believe they are a step in the right direction. At the same time, I believe it is critical that the hearing process function as it should, providing an opportunity for all interested parties to air their concerns and assisting Congress in making changes in the legislation as appropriate.

Some of the people who have approached me about FDA reform have described it as a "work in progress." Therefore, I look forward to seeing what progress can be made to address some of the concerns I have heard regarding safety. In particular, I know that breast implant recipients, understandably, have some concerns along these lines. I also have had expressed to me an uncertainty about moving too quickly to privatization, as well as concerns expressed from the State level about changes in the State and Federal relationship.

I am convinced that a middle ground can be reached to reduce bureaucracy and delay, while also protecting the public health and safety. I believe that, while not perfect, these three bills set us off down that path toward appropriate FDA reform.

HONORING DELMONT LODGE 43,  
FORMERLY VALLEY FORGE  
COUNCIL, BSA

HON. JON D. FOX

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 30, 1996*

Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the accomplishments of a group of citizens that have had a tremendous impact on the 13th Congressional District over the past 66 years.

This year these citizens, members of an organization known as the Order of the Arrow, will merge their lodge, Delmont Lodge No. 43, with the founding lodge of the Order, Unami Lodge No. 1, to form a new lodge. They are merging as a result of a merger between two Boy Scout councils in the area. Valley Forge Council, which formerly served Montgomery and Delaware Counties, including the 13th Congressional District, and Philadelphia Council, which served the city of Philadelphia, consolidated their operations into the Cradle of Liberty Council on the first day of this year.

The Order of the Arrow is an honor camper society within the Boy Scouts of America. The scout units select from members in their troop those who have represented the best principles of Scouting and nominate them for membership in this organization. Following an ordeal which the candidates face several personal challenges, they become members of the brotherhood.

This organization has its roots in the Delaware valley. It was started in the summer of 1915 by E. Urner Goodman on Treasure Island, an island no more than 30 miles up river from Philadelphia in the middle of the Delaware River. He devised this organization as a means to keep young men interested in returning to summer camp every year.

Word of Goodman's organization spread, and some members of Valley Forge Council,

known at that time as Delaware and Montgomery Counties Council, were inducted by members of this original lodge. As time progressed, staff at the council's camp in Green Lane, Camp Delmont, decided to start their own lodge. In 1929, with the help of Jack Foster, Delmont Lodge was born, and with it increased opportunity for the scouts in the 13th Congressional District.

One of the crowning achievements of the order has been its ability to successfully combine youth leadership with adult advising. As a result, through participation in this organization millions of scouts have had the opportunity to experience direct leadership. The organization offers opportunities to work in event planning, publications, promotions, acting, and service.

Delmont's brothers have also spent innumerable hours giving service to the community and to Camp Delmont itself. They provide money for disadvantaged scouts to attend summer camp. They also promote the camp's program to over 150 individual scout units every year.

Delmont has also been recognized nationally for their outstanding level of service. In 1995, the lodge received the highest recognition any lodge can receive, the Urner E. Goodman Camping Award. It is only presented to eight lodges each year, two in each region. And in 1982, as well as every year from 1989 to 1995, they received national honor lodge recognition, ranking it consistently among the best of the lodges across the country.

Mr. Speaker, while on September 1, 1996, Delmont Lodge will merge with Unami Lodge, and despite that the name and number of this institution will no longer exist, the spirit and dedication of the individuals associated with this brotherhood will help preserve what they have accomplished over the years. These citizens will work to ensure that the new lodge works just as hard to provide assistance to just as many, if not more members of the community, and will honor their former lodge in all their endeavors.

SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF BLACK  
HAWK SHOOTDOWN

HON. MAC COLLINS

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, April 30, 1996*

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, April 14 marked the second anniversary of the Black Hawk shootdown, an accident which claimed the lives of 26 international servicemen. Among the victims was Capt. Patrick McKenna, the son of my constituents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. McKenna of Columbus, GA.

Captain McKenna was among an elite group of brave men and women who sacrificed their lives to complete a mission of selflessness in the face of tyranny. Their bravery and courage epitomize the strength of the human spirit and the dedication of those who give their lives to defend others.

To commemorate this heroism, the Eagle Flight Detachment Memorial Monument was constructed at the Giebelstadt Army Airfield in Giebelstadt, Germany. This memorial provides a tangible reminder to the victims' families and friends that their loss will never be forgotten. I commend all parties involved who had a hand in making this project a reality.