

SEC. 12. TRUST FUND FOR FINAL DISPOSITION.

From revenues received from storage fees, the owners will contribute to a trust fund to be administered by the United States Department of Energy the sum of \$100,000 for each metric ton of high level spent nuclear fuel deposited in the private storage facility, which fund shall be used to defray the cost of making final disposition of the high-level spent nuclear fuel existing in the private storage facility at the time the disposition decision is made.

SEC. 13. TRUST FUND FOR BENEFIT OF PACIFIC ISLAND NATIONS.

In recognition of the interest in and support of this project on the part of the Pacific Island nations, the private owners will establish a trust fund, to be administered by the Office of Insular Affairs of the United States Department of the Interior and based in Hawaii, that will receive a share of the profits from each metric ton of spent nuclear fuel placed in the private storage facility. This trust will be funded by an initial contribution of \$100,000,000 plus an increment of \$25,000 for each metric ton deposited in the private storage facility up to a maximum payout of \$250,000,000 per annum. This fund will be used to assist the Pacific Island Nations in economic development, education and environmental protection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana [Mr. BUYER] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. BUYER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Illinois [Mrs. COLLINS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida [Mr. MICA] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. MICA addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Connecticut [Ms. DELAURO] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Ms. DELAURO addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. CHAMBLISS] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. CHAMBLISS addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California [Mr. FILNER] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FILNER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. WAMP] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. WAMP addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. GUTKNECHT] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. GUTKNECHT addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Washington [Mr. METCALF] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. METCALF addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. WELLER] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. WELLER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Washington [Ms. DUNN] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Ms. DUNN of Washington addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. HILLEARY] is recognized for 5 minutes.

[Mr. HILLEARY addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

THE BURNING OF AFRICAN-AMERICAN CHURCHES IN THE SOUTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the Gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. FOX] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FOX of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, from Johnson Grove Baptist Church in Tennessee in January 1995, to the Church of the Living God in Greenville, TX, just this week, America's black churches are under siege. The recent outbreak of arson crimes throughout the United States recalls a dark era in the history of our great Nation. In all, 33 black churches have been torched in the past 18 months in a rash of disturbing acts of violence, racism, and hatred. This cannot be tolerated.

The pain and anguish of these fires can be felt here in Washington and throughout the Nation by people of all races and creeds who value tolerance and diversity. While there is no clear

evidence of a national conspiracy, it is clear that racial hostility is the driving force behind these reprehensible incidents. This must and will stop.

It is hard to imagine a more depraved and senseless act of violence than the destruction of a place of worship. In this Nation, black churches were burned in the 1950's and 1960's to intimidate civil rights workers. The sight of a Southern black church burning is part of a hateful mosaic which includes beatings, murders, and lynchings. It is easy to try and relegate these memories to the past. Yet, the recent crimes show that there is much work to be done when it comes to the end of discrimination and the promotion of civil rights for all.

As many oppressed races and religions know, the specter of hatred can rise at any time and in any place. We must always remain vigilant if all Americans are to have an equal opportunity to taste the sweet fruit of freedom.

These fires struck at the very heart and soul of the black community. Every family, without regard to race, has a right to expect that when they walk into a church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship, they will find a place of prayer and quiet contemplation and not the charred remnants of a hateful act perpetrated by cowards in the night.

We must work together as a nation to safeguard the right of every American to pray in safety in their own house of worship. That is what America stands for. That is why thousands of Americans have laid down their lives over the centuries, Mr. Speaker: to protect the lives of all Americans to worship as they choose, if they choose, to worship in safety, peace, and free of violence.

Ultimately, it is up to us to end this senseless violence. We must say to those who would feed upon what Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., called the "stale bread and spoiled meat of racism" that they have lost sight of what America stands for. That is not the American way. Together, we can smother the fires of racial hatred which fuel this violence.

Religious freedom is one of the founding principles of our democracy and the black church has historically been the center of worship, self-help, and community life for millions of Americans. In my own home of Montgomery County, PA, some of my fondest memories are of the fellowship and friendship I have shared with my friends in many of the black congregations of my district.

We must all do our part to end this rash of violence. In Congress, Mr. Speaker, we have introduced legislation to deter these arson crimes and to increase the penalties for those who would perpetrate them. Americans must rise up and show the forces of hatred they cannot win and are not welcome here.