

[Roll No. 391]

Allard Gillmor Nethercutt  
 Archer Gilman Neumann  
 Army Goodlatte  
 Bachus Goodling  
 Baesler Gordon  
 Baker (CA) Goss  
 Baker (LA) Graham  
 Ballenger Greene (UT)  
 Barr Greenwood  
 Barrett (NE) Gunderson  
 Bartlett Gutknecht  
 Barton Hall (TX)  
 Bass Hamilton  
 Bateman Hancock  
 Bereuter Hansen  
 Beville Harman  
 Bilbray Hastert  
 Bilirakis Hastings (WA)  
 Bliley Hayes  
 Blute Hayworth  
 Boehlert Hefley  
 Boehner Hefner  
 Bono Heineman  
 Brewster Herger  
 Browder Hillery  
 Bryant (TN) Hobson  
 Bunning Hoekstra  
 Burr Hoke  
 Burton Holden  
 Buyer Horn  
 Callahan Hostettler  
 Calvert Houghton  
 Camp Hunter  
 Campbell Hutchinson  
 Canady Hyde  
 Castle Inglis  
 Chabot Istook  
 Chambliss Johnson (CT)  
 Chenoweth Johnson (SD)  
 Christensen Johnson, Sam  
 Chryslers Jones  
 Clement Kanjorski  
 Clinger Kasich  
 Coble Kelly  
 Coburn Kim  
 Collins (GA) King  
 Combest Kingston  
 Condit Klug  
 Cooley Knollenberg  
 Cox Kolbe  
 Cramer LaHood  
 Crane Largent  
 Crapo Latham  
 Cremeans LaTourette  
 Cubin Laughlin  
 Cunningham Lazio  
 Danner Leach  
 Davis Lewis (CA)  
 Deal Lewis (KY)  
 DeLay Lightfoot  
 Dickey Lincoln  
 Doolittle Linder  
 Dornan Lipinski  
 Dreier Livingston  
 Duncan LoBiondo  
 Dunn Longley  
 Ehlers Lucas  
 Ehrlich Manton  
 English Manzullo  
 Everett Martini  
 Ewing Mascara  
 Fawell McCollum  
 Fields (TX) McCrery  
 Flanagan McHugh  
 Foley McInnis  
 Forbes McIntosh  
 Fowler McKeon  
 Fox McNulty  
 Franks (CT) Metcalf  
 Franks (NJ) Meyers  
 Frelinghuysen Mica  
 Frisa Miller (FL)  
 Funderburk Molinari  
 Gallegly Montgomery  
 Ganske Moorhead  
 Gekas Myers  
 Gilchrest Myrick

NOES—169

Abercrombie Berman Brown (OH)  
 Ackerman Bishop Bryant (TX)  
 Andrews Blumenauer Bunn  
 Baldacci Bonilla Cardin  
 Barcia Bonior Chapman  
 Barrett (WI) Borski Clay  
 Becerra Boucher Clayton  
 Beilenson Brown (CA) Clyburn  
 Bentsen Brown (FL) Coleman

Collins (IL) Jacobs  
 Collins (MI) Jefferson  
 Conyers Johnson, E. B.  
 Costello Johnston  
 Coyne Kaptur  
 Cummings Kennedy (MA)  
 de la Garza Kennedy (RI)  
 DeFazio Kennelly  
 DeLauro Kildee  
 Dellums Kleczka  
 Deutsch Klink  
 Diaz-Balart LaFalce  
 Dicks Lantos  
 Dingell Levin  
 Dixon Lewis (GA)  
 Doggett Lofgren  
 Dooley Lowey  
 Doyle Luther  
 Durbin Maloney  
 Edwards Markey  
 Engel Martinez  
 Ensign Matsui  
 Eshoo McCarthy  
 Evans McDermott  
 Farr McHale  
 Fattah McKinney  
 Fazio Meehan  
 Fields (LA) Meek  
 Filner Menendez  
 Flake Millender  
 Foglietta McDonald  
 Frank (MA) Miller (CA)  
 Frost Minge  
 Furse Mink  
 Gjedenson Moakley  
 Gephardt Mollohan  
 Geren Moran  
 Gibbons Morella  
 Gonzalez Murtha  
 Green (TX) Nadler  
 Gutierrez Neal  
 Hall (OH) Oberstar  
 Hastings (FL) Olver  
 Hilliard Ortiz  
 Hinchey Orton  
 Hoyer Owens  
 Jackson (IL) Pallone  
 Jackson-Lee Pastor  
 (TX) Payne (NJ)

NOT VOTING—5

Brownback McDade Young (FL)  
 Ford Peterson (FL)

□ 1657

Mr. JACKSON of Illinois changed his vote from "aye" to "no."  
 So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□ 1700

## GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CUNNINGHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on the bill just passed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall 387, the conference report to accompany the bill, H.R. 3603, the Agriculture Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1997, I inadvertently voted "yea." I intended to vote "nay."

## FEDERAL EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATION IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 1996

Mr. CANADY of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 782) to amend title 18 of the United States Code to allow members of employee associations to represent their views before the U.S. Government, with a Senate amendment thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendment, as follows:

Senate amendment:  
 Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the "Federal Employee Representation Improvement Act of 1996".

**SEC. 2. REPRESENTATION BY FEDERAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.**

(a) EXTENSION OF EXEMPTION TO PROHIBITION.—Subsection (d) of section 205 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(d)(1) Nothing in subsection (a) or (b) prevents an officer or employee, if not inconsistent with the faithful performance of that officer's or employee's duties, from acting without compensation as agent or attorney for, or otherwise representing—

"(A) any person who is the subject of disciplinary, loyalty, or personnel administration proceedings in connection with those proceedings; or

"(B) except as provided in paragraph (2), any cooperative, voluntary, professional, recreational, or similar organization or group not established or operated for profit, if a majority of the organization's or groups's members are current officers or employees of the United States or of the District of Columbia, or their spouses or dependent children.

"(2) Paragraph (1)(B) does not apply with respect to a covered matter that—

"(A) is a claim under subsection (a)(1) or (b)(1);

"(B) is a judicial or administrative proceeding where the organization or group is a party; or

"(C) involves a grant, contract, or other agreement (including a request for any such grant, contract, or agreement) providing for the disbursement of Federal funds to the organization or group."

(b) APPLICATION TO LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.—Section 205 of title 18, United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(i) Nothing in this section prevents an employee from acting pursuant to—

"(1) chapter 71 of title 5;

"(2) section 1004 or Chapter 12 of title 39;

"(3) section 3 of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831b);

"(4) chapter 10 of title 1 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4104 et seq.); or

"(5) any provision of any other Federal or District of Columbia law that authorizes labor-management relations between an agency or instrumentality of the United States or the District of Columbia and any labor organization that represents its employees."

Mr. CANADY of Florida (during the reading). Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate amendment be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. NEY). Is there objection to the original request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the original request of the gentlemen from Florida?

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Speaker, I would just note that this is legislation correcting a matter involving employee rights that has been fully agreed to and has gone through the House previously without objection, and I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the original request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### J. PHIL CAMPBELL SENIOR NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION CENTER

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I call up the bill (H.R. 3387) to designate the Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Center located at 1420 Experimental Station Road in Watkinsville, GA, as the J. Phil Campbell, Senior Natural Resource Conservation Center and I ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

Mr. STENHOLM. Reserving the right to object, Mr. Speaker, although I do not intend to object, I yield to the gentleman from Colorado Mr. Allard for an explanation of H.R. 3387.

Mr. ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 3387 is a non-controversial bill sponsored by Congressman CHARLIE NORWOOD. H.R. 3387 renames the Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Center located in Watkinsville, GA, as the J. Phil Campbell, Sr. Natural Resource Conservation Center. The bill memorializes Mr. Campbell, an FDR appointee, for his leading role in locating the Center in Watkinsville and for maintaining funding for the center.

H.R. 3387 was approved by a voice vote in the Subcommittee on Resource Conservation, Research, and Forestry and in the full Committee on Agriculture on May 30 and June 19, respectively. Moreover, Secretary Glickman has provided Chairman ROBERTS with a letter, dated June 19, which states that the Department has no objections to H.R. 3387, and which further acknowledges Mr. Campbell's profound contributions to American agriculture.

Mr. NORWOOD. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. STENHOLM. I yield to the gentleman from Georgia.

Mr. NORWOOD. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Texas for yielding to me.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 3387, a bill to rename the Southern Piedmont Conservation Re-

search Center in Watkinsville, GA as the J. Phil Campbell, Senior Natural Resource Conservation Center.

J. Phil Campbell, Senior lived on this Earth for 66 years, but in that time, he gave more to the men and women of this country that can be measured. His contributions to agriculture, not only in the Southeast, but throughout the Nation, are well known and widely recognized. Mr. LINDER and I introduced this legislation to, in a small way, give Mr. Campbell the recognition he most certain deserves.

James Philander Campbell was born in Dallas, GA, just northeast of Atlanta, on March 2, 1878. He grew up on a farm and, at the age of 17, began teaching school. At a young age, J. Phil Campbell, Senior fought for and helped to secure legislation providing for teaching agriculture in rural Georgia schools. In 1907, he spent 6 months traveling throughout the State advocating for the creation of district agriculture schools and a State college of agriculture. All of this was done before he turned 30 years of age.

Between 1908 and 1910, J. Phil Campbell, Senior served as the first farmer extension supervisor to the Southeast region. This was done before passage of the Smith-Lever Act in 1915, which created a Federal extension service.

In 1910, he began a career as the Georgia State agent for the U.S. Department of Agriculture. He also served on the Georgia State University's College of Agriculture staff. During his tenure, he organized nearly 13,000 Georgia children in "corn" and "canning clubs." He also helped organize 5,000 Georgia farmers into farming demonstration work. These efforts were done under the supervision of Dr. Seaman Knapp of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During this time, he also served as the Director of Extension Work in Agriculture and Home Economics. In 1933, he took a leave of absence to assist the Federal Agriculture Adjustment Administration in their cotton belt crop replenishment division. After 1935, he was elevated to a Federal position in the Roosevelt administration as assistant chief of the Soil Conservation Service in the USDA. He served in that capacity until he died in December of 1994.

In addition to his clear record of accomplishment in the area of education, J. Phil Campbell, Senior was also extremely interested in agricultural research and maintained close ties with Georgia's agriculture experiment stations. He was integral in the creation of the Southern Piedmont Conservation Research Center. He chose its siting in Watkinsville, just outside of Athens and the University of Georgia. When funding for the center was threatened in its first year, Phil Campbell fought to keep the center open and secure its line of funding. It exists to this day on Experimental Station Road in Watkinsville.

I introduced H.R. 3387 as a small token of recognition and gratitude for

Mr. Campbell's contributions to agriculture and the communities and Nation he loved. Fortunately, Mr. Campbell's contributions to agriculture are not being recognized after his death only. In the mid-1930's, Dean Paul Chapman, the first dean of the University of Georgia's College of agriculture, stated, "J. Phil Campbell and I were pioneers in promoting professional agricultural work and in the establishing of agencies to carry on such work. With little professional training ourselves, we were plowing new ground to create such training." Later, in a ceremony honoring Mr. Campbell after he departed for Washington, Dean Chapman stated that no one had as many friends in Georgia as did J. Phil Campbell. Mr. Campbell was also recognized in the "Who's Who in America" collection in the 1940's. Clearly, given his contributions to agriculture in the State of Georgia and throughout the Nation, Mr. Campbell had more friends than he could have ever known.

Mr. Speaker, I am honored to offer this legislation. In a letter from the USDA, Secretary of Agriculture Dan Glickman stated that, while the USDA generally discourages the naming of its laboratories after any one individual, given the Department's admiration and appreciation of, "the great service Mr. Campbell has rendered to agriculture and the Nation, the USDA has no objection to the enactment of H.R. 3387."

We have also received assurances from the CBO that enactment of H.R. 3387 will result in no significant cost to the Federal Government and does not include any inter-governmental or private sector mandates.

Given this, Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join with me to recognize Mr. Campbell's many contributions and support this legislation.

With that, I thank the gentleman from Texas for yielding.

Mr. STENHOLM. Mr. Speaker, continuing my reservation of objection, I thank my colleague for his explanation of the legislation.

I rise in support of H.R. 3387, and wanted to thank my colleagues from Georgia for their work on this effort. Mr. Campbell was certainly a driving force in their home State, as well as in a number of areas in agriculture, including Extension Service and research activities, in addition to serving as assistant chief of the Soil Conservation Service here in Washington during Franklin Roosevelt's administration. Therefore, it is appropriate that the agriculture research facility in Watkinsville that works on issues involving our natural resources be named after him.

Again, I thank our colleagues, the gentlemen from Georgia, Mr. NORWOOD and Mr. LINDER, for introducing this legislation, and I urge its passage by the House.

Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?