

the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts. In 1986, he was appointed by Chief Justice Warren Burger as chairman of a committee to expand and improve the educational programs for all bankruptcy judges. Justice Rehnquist, upon assuming the position of the Chief Justice of the United States, reappointed him to continue as a chairman of that committee until his term expired in 1989. In addition, he was appointed to the State-Federal Judicial Relations Committee of the Commonwealth of Virginia in 1991.

In addition to his significant public service as a judge, Judge Bostetter has a strong record of civic contributions as well. He has served as president of the Alexandria Bar Association, president of the Alexandria Junior Chamber of Commerce, president and chairman of the board of the Alexandria Junior Chamber of Commerce, president and chairman of the board of the Alexandria Sertoma Club, president of the Alexandria Mental Health Association, and has also served on the boards of the Alexandria Hospital Corp., the Alexandria Mental Health Clinic, the Alexandria Community Chest, and the Alexandria Boys' Club. In 1959, the Alexandria Junior Chamber of Commerce awarded him the Distinguished Service Award as the "Outstanding Young Man of the Year 1959", and the Kiwanis Club of Alexandria designated him as an honorary member. In 1960, Judge Bostetter was nominated by the Alexandria Junior Chamber of Commerce as one of the Ten Outstanding Men of the United States for his work on the Juvenile Detention Commission.

#### REMEMBERING THE MIA's

### HON. CHARLES E. SCHUMER

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to ask my colleagues to join me in remembering the Israeli soldiers captured by the Syrians during the 1982 Israeli war with Lebanon.

On June 11, 1982, an Israeli unit battled with a Syrian armored unit in the Bekaa Valley in northeastern Lebanon. Sgt. Zachary Baumel, 1st Sgt. Zvi Feldman, and Cpl. Yehudah Katz were captured by the Syrians that day. They were identified as the Israeli tank crew, and reported missing in Damascus. The Israeli tank, flying the Syrian and Palestinian flag, was greeted with cheers from bystanders.

Since that terrible day in 1982, the Israeli and United States Governments have been doing their utmost to obtain any possible information about the fate of these missing soldiers, working with the offices of the International Committee of the Red Cross, the United Nations, and other international bodies. According to the Geneva Convention, Syria is responsible for the fates of the Israeli soldiers because the area in Lebanon where the soldiers disappeared was continually controlled by Syria. To this day, despite promises made by the Syrian Government and by the PLO, very little information has been forthcoming about the condition of Zachary Baumel, Zvi Feldman, and Yehudah Katz.

June 11, marks the anniversary of the day that these soldiers were reported missing in

action. Fifteen pain-filled years have passed since their families have seen their sons, and still President Assad has not revealed their whereabouts.

One of these missing soldiers, Zachary Baumel is an American citizen, from my district in Brooklyn, NY. An ardent basketball fan, Zachary began his studies at the Hebrew School in Boro Park. In 1979, he moved to Israel with other family members and continued his education at Yeshivat Hesder, where religious studies are integrated with army service. When the war with Lebanon began, Zachary was completing his military service and was looking forward to attending Hebrew University, where he had been accepted to study psychology. But fate decreed otherwise and on June 11, 1982, he disappeared with Zvi Feldman and Yehudah Katz.

Zachary's parents Yonah and Miriam Baumel have been relentless in their pursuit of information about Zachary and his compatriots. I have worked closely with the Baumels, as well as the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, the American Coalition for Missing Israeli Soldiers, and the MIA Task Force of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations. These groups have been at the forefront of this pursuit of justice. I want to recognize their good work and ask my colleagues to join me in supporting their efforts. For 15 years, these families have been without their children. Answers are long overdue.

HONORING REV. MATTHEW J.  
PEARSON

### HON. THOMAS M. DAVIS

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. DAVIS of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, it gives me great pleasure to rise today to pay tribute to the esteemed pastor of Warner Baptist Church, the Reverend Matthew J. Pearson. The Warner Baptist Church is celebrating their 25th anniversary of guidance under Reverend Pearson.

Matthew was born in Washington, DC, on June 23, 1930. He first studied Bible courses at the Moody Bible Institute in Chicago, IL, and later graduated from the Washington Bible College in Washington, DC. In 1951, he married Mildred Robinson and together they have been blessed with two children, a son, Melvin, and a daughter, Donna. Matthew has been involved in the ministry for 36 years. Previous to this time, he spent 2 years in the United States Army during the Korean war, again showing his dedication to his country and serving others.

In 1955 Matthew joined the Warner Baptist Church where he began serving God as president of the senior choir, member of the deacon board, and as a Sunday school teacher. In 1961, he was called to the ministry and was licensed at the Warner Baptist Church, where he was ordained in 1963. Reverend Pearson became the pastor of Warner Baptist Church in 1972 and a number of accomplishments have been achieved under his leadership. One of his goals has been organizing the ministries of the church for all ages of parishioners.

Matthew is not only heavily involved in his church, but also in his community. He is the

chaplain for HOSPICE of Arlington, member of the Lott Carey Foreign Mission, member of the Annandale Christian Community for Action, and an active participant in the Meals-On-Wheels' program. He was also instrumental in organizing the Baileys Crossroads Shelter for the Homeless. Reverend Pearson was recently honored for his devotion to public service by being asked to give the opening prayer at the House of Delegates in Richmond.

The Warner Baptist Church has been blessed for 25 years with Reverend Pearson's religious teachings. I know my colleagues and the congregation of Warner Baptist Church will join me in saluting Reverend Pearson on this special anniversary. It has been a great honor and pleasure to work with Matthew Pearson for nearly 20 years. He is someone who has made a difference in our community. I wish him the best for continued success in the future.

#### EQUAL PAY ACT

### HON. BERNARD SANDERS

OF VERMONT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. Speaker, today marks the 34th anniversary of the Equal Pay Act, the original legislation to address the wage disparity between men and women. I am of the opinion, Mr. Speaker, that while the Equal Pay Act is a necessary piece of legislation, it has not yet lived up to its promise of ensuring equal pay for equal work.

I recently attended a rally held in my district commemorating Pay Inequity Day, which fell on April 11, 1997. Pay Inequity Day marks the day when working women's 1996-97 paychecks will, on average, finally equal what men earned in 1996 alone. This day falls over 4 months into 1997. This is simply unacceptable.

In my work as a Member of Congress, I often focus on the growing problem of income disparity and how the families of America are affected by this and the growing inequality of wealth in our country. In looking at the statistics we see that even 34 years after enacting the Equal Pay Act, the wage disparity between men and women still plagues this country. In 1995, women earned only 71 percent of wages earned by men. According to the National Academy of Sciences, between one-third and one-half of the wage difference between men and women cannot be explained by differences in experience, education, or other legitimate qualifications. Bureau of Labor Statistics data indicates that women earn equal pay in only 2 out of 90 detailed occupations.

What does this mean for the American family? The picture is not good. Vermont families and families across the country are becoming more and more dependent on women's wages. Today, 40 percent of all working women have children under the age of 18—children who depend upon them for care, shelter, food, clothing, et cetera. Although most American families today must rely heavily on women's wages, women with the same qualifications as men continue to make less than their male counterparts.

If we look closely at the wage gap between men and women over the years, we notice

that it narrowed slightly in the 1980's. Some may have looked at that as a gain for women. The truth is however, that the narrowing of the gap was largely due to a decline in men's wages. Now how does that fare for American families?

As for my district, according to data supplied by the Institute for Women's Policy Research, Vermont ranks 3d in the Nation for wage equity. The Vermont female/male ratio is 75 percent while the U.S. average is 68 percent. Vermont shares its ranking with Alaska and sits below only Washington, DC. Some may try to indicate that since Vermont is ranked third, we do not have a problem and we can relax. I say that is just not acceptable. It is our job to respond that no pay inequity is acceptable—not 68 percent, not 75 percent, not 95 percent. Women should expect and receive 100 percent—equal pay as men for equal work.

TRIBUTE TO DR. ANTHONY EVANS,  
RETIRING PRESIDENT OF CALI-  
FORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY AT  
SAN BERNARDINO

**HON. GEORGE E. BROWN, JR.**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. BROWN of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Dr. Anthony Evans, the retiring president of California State University at San Bernardino [CSUSB].

Dr. Evans came to CSUSB in 1982, bringing with him the experience of an already illustrious career. He received his doctorate from the University of California, Berkeley, and served as the director of planning for the Peace Corps in addition to specializing in Far East affairs with the U.S. State Department. Prior to coming to CSUSB, Dr. Evans served as provost and vice president of Academic Affairs at Eastern Michigan University.

In his 15 years at CSUSB, Dr. Evans has led the school through remarkable changes. Major construction projects have added, or expanded to, 10 campus buildings, the number of students and faculty have more than doubled, CSUSB was awarded university status, 15 degree programs have been added and alumni have more than tripled.

CSUSB has blossomed under Dr. Evans' leadership. His presence will be sorely missed, however his legacy to the region will be leaving CSUSB well poised to lead San Bernardino into the 21st century. Again, I commend Dr. Evans for his years of service to the Cal State San Bernardino community and I am certain that he will bring as much success to his next endeavor as he did to this one.

RECOGNIZING ROWLAND ADULT  
SCHOOL ON THE OCCASION OF  
ITS 25TH ANNIVERSARY

**HON. ESTEBAN EDWARD TORRES**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. TORRES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Rowland Adult School on the occasion of its 25th anniversary. Later this evening,

Rowland will hold its annual commencement ceremonies and celebrate 25 years of service to our community.

Founded in 1971, Rowland has served over 30,000 students in classes ranging from citizenship, parent literacy and parent education to a variety of community education classes such as notary public, dance, art, language development, and others. Since 1971, the adult school has offered courses for students wishing to obtain their adult school diploma. Additionally, Rowland is a center for general educational development [GED] testing, and has provided this important service to students throughout the years.

As part of the Rowland Unified School District, the adult school has worked to help adults become productive citizens, productive workers, better parents and family members, and civic-minded residents who take an active role in the community. Rowland helps to foster the development of intellectual, physical, and emotional skills and experiences, providing high school skills, ESL classes, citizenship courses, and a family literacy program. This comprehensive approach has proved very effective in our community, with over 1,000 adults graduating from Rowland Adult School in the past 25 years.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in recognizing the dedicated faculty, staff, and administrators of the Rowland Adult School, who have created a vision for the future of the school to continue providing the highest quality education to the adults of our community for many years to come. I would like to recognize Rocky Bettar, Rowland Adult School's director; Melinda Seshike, program specialist, and Gabe Moorman, curriculum coordinator, as well as the many teachers, staff members, instructional assistants and students who will be celebrating Rowland Adult School's 25th anniversary this evening.

THE CITY OF SAN BRUNO  
RECYCLING PROGRAM

**HON. TOM LANTOS**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the outstanding efforts of the city of San Bruno for its recycling program.

The city of San Bruno, located in the heart of my congressional district, was the first city in San Mateo County to implement a weekly curbside recycling program. Starting in 1988, the program grew to be one of the outstanding environmentally conscious recycling programs in the State of California. The tremendous efforts of the city of San Bruno earned it numerous awards.

One year after implementing the curbside recycling program, the city of San Bruno received the Helen Putnam Award for Excellence in Citywide Weekly Curbside Program by the California League of Cities. Working in conjunction with community leaders, the recycling program was able to boast that 70 percent of the city's households actively participated in recycling, compared to the statewide average of 30 percent. Since then, San Bruno received the first place award from the California State Department of Conservation and the merit of excellence for its curbside recycling

program. The growing success of San Bruno's recycling effort is attributed to the proactive partnership between the San Bruno City Council, the San Bruno Garbage Co., city residents, businesses, schools, apartment complexes, and office parks.

Recently, the city of San Bruno renewed its recycling effort by reinstating the San Bruno Environmental and Recycling Committee. The Recycling Committee brings together members of the community and the city of San Bruno to coordinate recycling efforts. The committee, comprised of city council members, teachers, business professionals, and residents, advises the city of San Bruno on methods to improve the recycling campaign. Empowering communities with the ability to recommend policy on environmental and recycling efforts has proven to be a highly effective technique to ensure the long-term success of this community-based recycling effort.

San Bruno's newest effort is driven by the mandate from the State of California that all cities reduce their solid waste by 50 percent by the year 2000. In response to this ambitious goal, the San Bruno Recycling Committee launched its SPACE 2000 Program [Save, Protect and Clean our Environment]. This effort aims to bring recycling to the forefront of the community. In addition to focusing on government and corporate office recycling, SPACE 2000 targets youth. The SPACE 2000 program reaches out to a new generation in order to keep San Bruno an environmentally healthy community. On June 1, 1997, over 1,000 children marched for the environment and recycling in San Bruno's annual Posy Parade, the longest running children's parade in the United States.

I am pleased to recognize San Bruno's proactive, leadership role in reengineering and revitalizing its environment and recycling efforts. As we move into the 21st century, conservation and recycling programs will be the cornerstone of our environmental policy. I am proud of San Bruno's efforts to strengthen community involvement, and its vision and commitment to renew, reuse, and recycle our Nation's resources.

SHIRLEY KLEIN OF DUNBAR, WV,  
MEMORIALIZES FRANKLIN ROO-  
SEVELT THROUGH POETRY

**HON. NICK J. RAHALL II**

OF WEST VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 10, 1997*

Mr. RAHALL. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to call my colleagues attention to a most beautiful tribute to Franklin D. Roosevelt, written by Shirley Klein of Dunbar, WV.

As we are all aware, there has been much controversy recently over the dedication of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Memorial because it does not depict that much-loved President in his wheelchair. The disabled community has come out in strong favor of adding to the memorial, a statue of President Roosevelt in the wheelchair that was so much a part of his every-day life as he struggled to lift this Nation from its knees during our worst depression, as well as to bring us to victory in World War II. I agree that the memorial ought to be augmented to show this great President in his wheelchair.