

Through the years, we have kept track of each other. I have been very proud, but not surprised, that Skip has gone on to accomplish great things in his career with the State Department. I've lived around the world through my brother.

Skip has been a man for our time. A quick glance at Skip's duty sheet will show that whenever there has been a "hot spot" in the world community that warranted the careful attention of the State Department and a search for "the right one"—someone with a great sensitivity to a tense foreign situation and strong diplomatic skills to help find a solution—Skip was often the one they called.

To name a few of his tours of duty with the State Department, Skip has served in the Vietnamese Embassy, he has been in Nepal, and he has been stationed in many posts in the Middle East.

Skip was a part of the team that negotiated hostage releases. He has been in charge of evacuating Embassy families. Each change of administration has sought out his expertise, his counsel, and his active participation in our foreign policy. When Operation Desert Storm became necessary, once again Skip was there, serving as our Ambassador to Kuwait. You'll remember the proud moment when the American flag went back up at our Embassy—Skip was the person you saw raise the colors.

Most recently, Skip has been serving as the Deputy U.S. Representative to the United Nations.

Ambassador Gnehm is a man of great character, strongly held principles, and the greatest integrity you could hope to find. He has earned the respect of those he works with, and his counterparts in the foreign countries and Embassies in which he has been assigned.

Skip is the perfect choice for the Foreign Service. He has always seen the foreign service as his best chance to serve—to make a difference. And he has made a difference. He has the experience and the determination it takes to succeed. He's a proven leader who understands the need to follow orders and the direction of our foreign policy. He possesses the finest of administration skills. I have no doubt that the wealth of talent he possesses will enable him to lead with confidence. As always, Skip will do a fine job and produce results.

It is with great pleasure that I support his nomination.

NOMINATIONS OF GEORGE OMAS, JAMES ATKINS,  
AND JANICE LACHANCE

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, we have had some others cleared. Therefore, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate continue in executive session to consider the following nominations on the Executive Calendar, the nominations of George Omas, James Atkins, and Janice Lachance which were reported from the Governmental Affairs Committee today, that the nominations be confirmed, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, any statements relating to the nominations

appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD, and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nominations considered and confirmed en bloc are as follows:

FEDERAL RETIREMENT THRIFT INVESTMENT BOARD

James H. Atkins, of Arkansas, to be a Member of the Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board for a term expiring September 25, 2000.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

Janice R. Lachance, of Virginia, to be Deputy Director of the Office of Personnel Management.

POSTAL RATE COMMISSIONER

George A. Omas, of Mississippi, to be a Commissioner of the Postal Rate Commission for a term expiring October 14, 2000.

Mr. LOTT. I yield the floor.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now return to legislative session.

Mr. WARNER. Now, Mr. President, I will continue in the stead of the majority leader.

Mr. President, I am advised that the requests to be made on behalf of the majority leader by the Senator from Virginia have all been cleared and that we may proceed in the absence of anyone on the other side.

REMOVAL OF INJUNCTION OF SECRECY—TREATY DOCUMENT NOS. 105-20 AND 105-21

Mr. WARNER. I now ask, Mr. President, as in executive session, unanimous consent that the Injunction of Secrecy be removed from the following treaties transmitted to the Senate on July 31, 1997, by the President of the United States:

Extradition Treaty with Barbados (Treaty Document No. 105-20); Extradition Treaty with Trinidad and Tobago (Treaty Document No. 105-21).

I further ask unanimous consent that the treaties be considered as having been read the first time; that they be referred, with accompanying papers, to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered to be printed; and that the President's messages be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The messages of the President are as follows:

*To the Senate of the United States:*

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith the Extradition Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Barbados, signed at Bridgetown on February 28, 1996.

In addition, I transmit, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State with respect to the Treaty. As the report explains, the Treaty will not require implementing legislation.

The provisions in this Treaty follow generally the form and content of ex-

tradition treaties recently concluded by the United States.

This Treaty will, upon entry into force, enhance cooperation between the law enforcement communities of both countries, and thereby make a significant contribution to international law enforcement efforts. It will supersede the Extradition Treaty between the United States and Great Britain that was signed at London on December 22, 1931, which was made applicable to Barbados upon its entry into force on June 24, 1935, and which the United States and Barbados have continued to apply following Barbados becoming independent. However, that treaty has become outmoded and the new Treaty will provide significant improvements.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to the Treaty and give its advice and consent to ratification.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, July 31, 1997.

*To the Senate of the United States:*

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith the Extradition Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, signed at Port of Spain on March 4, 1996.

In addition, I transmit, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State with respect to the Treaty. As the report explains, the Treaty will not require implementing legislation.

The provisions in this Treaty follow generally the form and content of extradition treaties recently concluded by the United States.

This Treaty will, upon entry into force, enhance cooperation between the law enforcement communities of both countries and thereby make a significant contribution to international law enforcement efforts. Upon entry into force, it will supersede the Extradition Treaty between the United States and Great Britain signed at London on December 22, 1931, and made applicable to Trinidad and Tobago upon its entry into force on June 24, 1935, and which the United States and Trinidad and Tobago have continued to apply following Trinidad and Tobago's independence. That treaty has become outmoded, and the new Treaty will provide significant improvements.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to the Treaty and give its advice and consent to ratification.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, July 31, 1997.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE VICE PRESIDENT

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Chair, on behalf of the Vice President,