

to keep pace with the times." This inventor, Madam Speaker, was Thomas Jefferson and he knew a little bit about the Constitution, which charges the Congress with the duty of promoting the progress of science and useful arts through intellectual property.

None of us discharges his or her duty by pandering to the worst instincts of other people. Nor do we honor ourselves by pretending that complex and arcane subject matter is easily and snappily explained. The regrettable effect of the two lectures just described is that they may motivate 20 or 30 people in some Member's district to write or call urging a "no" vote on the patent bill. I urge support of the patent bill.

SEXUAL PREDATORS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. GRANGER). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 21, 1997, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. LAMPSON] is recognized during morning hour debates for 5 minutes.

Mr. LAMPSON. Madam Speaker, yesterday the people of Friendswood, TX, whose lives have been inexorably altered by the kidnapping and murder of 12-year-old Laura Kate Smither, saw a light at the end of their tunnel. Police Chief Jared Stout announced yesterday that they had a prime suspect who was in custody. The Friendswood police were able to name this suspect after his arrest for kidnapping a 19-year-old woman from a nearby community called Webster.

In the case for which this suspect was arrested, he approached a young woman changing a flat tire and offered assistance, but as he approached, he pulled a knife on her and ordered her into his truck. This woman escaped by throwing herself out of his truck, which was moving down an interstate highway at 70 miles an hour sustaining significant injuries.

That was not the first time this individual had attacked a woman. The prime suspect in the murder of Laura Smither had been sentenced on December 18, 1986, to a total of 28 years for convictions on charges of aggravated kidnapping, forcible oral sodomy, and rape. He was released a year ago. He served less than half of that sentence, and now this man has been named as the prime suspect in the slaying of Laura Smither.

In less than a year, this individual, who had committed previous acts of kidnapping and violent sexual assault, has already been charged with aggravated kidnapping again. It is outrageous. Scientific data demonstrates that individuals who commit sex crimes against children have the highest recidivism rate of any criminal. It is irresponsible, if not downright negligent to release this individual back into society after serving only 10 years of a 28-year sentence for aggravated kidnapping, forcible oral sodomy and rape.

Violence against women and children cannot be tolerated. It cannot be excused. It cannot be swept under the rug. Rape and sexual violence are not minor offenses. They are violent attacks that violate the body and violate the human spirit. These crimes must be punished swiftly and severely. An Oklahoma court tried to do that when it sentenced this man to 28 years in prison. But somehow in that State's criminal justice system someone decided that 10 years was enough for that rapist. And less than a year later, one 19-year-old woman had to throw herself out of a truck to save herself, traveling 70 miles an hour down a highway sustaining significant injuries, to save herself from a rapist. And when Chief Stout's investigation is completed, we are likely to learn that this individual has committed a total of three acts of aggravated kidnapping, one act of forcible oral sodomy and two rapes and a murder.

We cannot lose these people in this system. Yes, this man was registered as a sex offender, but if he had been an incarcerated sex offender as he was sentenced, we might have a 12-year-old child alive today.

As for Bob and Gay Smither, they may soon know for certain who took their little girl away never to return again. That is little solace, but that is what the Friendswood Police Department has worked so hard to accomplish since we discovered Laura's body on April 20. We thank and salute them and the Webster Police Department, as well. And today we still pray, as many did last night gathered in Stevenson Park in Texas. We are all still mourning, and worst of all, we must continue to pray for the safe return of Jessica Cain, who has kidnapped from the same vicinity on August 17.

It was the way the community came together to search for Laura that spurred me to form the Congressional Caucus on Missing and Exploited Children. I am proud of the fact that 80 of our colleagues in the House have joined the effort to protect our children and reunite families. But this morning, Madam Speaker, I am frustrated and angry. Whatever we do here in Congress will not matter a bit if we do not punish these sexual predators and make them serve their full sentences in prison. Madam Speaker, we cannot allow more of these tragedies.

FDA'S MISGUIDED POLICY COULD HARM PATIENTS WITH RESPIRATORY PROBLEMS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 21, 1997, the gentleman from Florida [Mr. STEARNS] is recognized during morning hour debates for 5 minutes.

Mr. STEARNS. Madam Speaker, on March 6, 1997, the FDA issued an advanced notice of proposed rulemaking, which set forth its plan to ban CFC-containing metered-dose inhalers once certain criteria are met. The plan was

developed in collaboration with the Environmental Protection Agency and is intended to eliminate the minuscule amount of CFC's currently allowed to be used for medication delivered by metered-dose inhalers.

CFC is the abbreviated term used to refer to chlorofluorocarbon gas. There are tens of millions of Americans who suffer from asthma; 5 million of those are children. These patients depend upon CFC-propelled metered-dose inhalers to treat their asthma and to help them breathe. With over 5,000 deaths each year in America due to asthma, I am convinced that the FDA's rule would eliminate treatment options for asthmatic patients.

Today, I want to talk about H.R. 2221, legislation that I, along with my colleague, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SMITH], introduced on July 22 of this year. Since that time I have received tremendous support from all over the country. With 28 cosponsors, the bill continues to receive new cosponsors daily. The bill would require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to take no further action on the FDA's proposed ban on CFC-containing metered-dose inhalers.

My colleague, the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. SMITH], and I are working with Members from the House and Senate from the relevant committees in an effort to add language in the conference report to the Food and Drug Reform legislation. It will direct the FDA to withdraw its March 6, 1997, advanced notice of proposed rulemaking and to take no further action to promulgate a proposed final rule on the basis of such advanced notice.

Madam Speaker, recently it has been pointed out in several leading publications, including the Wall Street Journal editorial dated September 17, 1997, that asthma is on the rise in our Nation. It is the most common chronic illness affecting children. In fact, among children's chronic diseases, asthma is the No. 1 reason for school absenteeism. Asthma mortality is also on the rise. Explanations for the increasing prevalence, morbidity and mortality are varied. Regardless, these populations include children, especially poor children living in urban areas.

Are not these the very children that the EPA claims it is helping with its new air quality standards? This misguided policy is definitely the case of one hand not knowing what the other hand is doing.

With one hand, the EPA presents new air quality standards that are supposed to protect the health of asthmatic children, while on the other, the FDA proposes to ban life-saving metered-dose inhalers from the market. The result of these actions would be to deny these children the treatment to help them to lead almost normal lives.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues on the conference to adopt the language that I have presented and outlined in their final report. I urge my