enough time to fit George Washington law school into the picture, where she graduated first in the graduating class of 1960. Within five years, Pat was appointed by President Lyndon Johnson as the first black female ambassador to Luxembourg. She also later became the first black female U.S. Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare under President Jimmy Carter.

Pat had a tremendous professional career, as well as a style unlike anyone else in public office. She had a unique way or organizing and formulating policy strategies effectively. Pat's expectations were high, but she took every turn and situation in life head on. This was evident as professor, ambassador, public official and particularly when she served as co-chair for President Kennedy's National Women's Committee for Civil Rights in 1963. She not only played an essential leadership role in this position, she garnered support for the enactment of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In 1985, Pat passed away. She bequeathed part of her will to a public affairs program named in her honor at her alma mater of Howard University. Pat wanted to make sure that future generations would have the same opportunities as she, and continue to pursue her goals through government internships. This demonstrates just how dedicated Pat Harris was to the African-American community and spreading the influence of public service to others.

Mr. Speaker, it is an honor to recognize Pat Harris as the commemorative campaign continues organizing her postal stamp, and as Mr. Calhoun completes writing her childhood biography on this great public official. I wish the organization, and Mrs. Calhoun, my very best wishes and future success as they finish highlighting the many accomplishments of Pat HARRIS.

TRIBUTE TO MRS. MINAL KUMAR
HON. PATSY T. MINK
OF HAWAI'I
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mrs. MINK of Hawaii. Mr. Speaker, I take this opportunity to give thanks for the life of Minal Kumar, an extraordinarily dedicated and effective advocate for the health of women and children in the State of Hawaii. As the only public health nutritionist on the island of Kauai, Mrs. Kumar, in the span of only six years, managed to triple the number of clients served by the State Department of Health's Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) programs and for the first time extended WIC programs to the laena Valley of Kauai.

Minal Kumar's special mission was to encourage women to breast-feed their infants because of the significant health benefits breast-fed babies enjoy and because of the special bond that breast-feeding promotes between mother and child. Mrs. Kumar is remembered with great fondness by the people of Kauai for her commitment to the health of women and children and for her personal contribution to relief efforts after Hurricane Iniki devastated the island.

It has been almost a year since Minal Kumar's passing, but she has not been forgotten by her many friends and admirers on Kauai. A garden at the Kauai office of the Hawaii Department of Health was dedicated this past summer and a memorial fund benefiting Hawaii Mothers' Milk has been established in her name. I send my heartfelt aloha to Minal's loving family—her husband Dr. Krishna Kumar, daughter Roshni, and son Akash—and I ask all of my colleagues to join me in honoring the memory and special contributions of Minal Kumar.

THE HOUSEPARENT PROTECTION ACT
HON. JOSEPH R. PITTS
OF PENNSYLVANIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing legislation to provide an exemption from Department of Labor (DOL) wage and hour regulations to employees of private, non-profit institutions who serve as houseparents. Houseparents are men and women who work and live in certain institutions and care for and supervise residents of the institution. Usually in compensation for their services, houseparents receive a fixed annual salary, food, lodging, and transportation.

Mr. Speaker, it is in my district that use the houseparent model. They are a home for teenage mothers with small children, a home for pregnant women, a home for disabled adults, as well as several homes for troubled and abused children. These homes have been very effective in caring and ministering to these needy individuals. Because of the care and support of their houseparents, most of these individuals are able to leave the group home and become productive members of society.

Mr. Speaker, the Department of Labor's recent interpretation of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) as it applies to houseparents has resulted in lawsuits and large legal fees for a small non-profit group home in my district, and several other homes across the nation. Houseparents serve a much different purpose than other caretakers of institutions.

Houseparents volunteer to permanently reside at the group home in which they work. Caring for the individuals in their home is more of a calling to them than an occupation. The DOL, however, has decided that these houseparents should be paid minimum wage and overtime pay for the time they are at the home. This means that many houseparents would need to be paid 24 hours a day, even for the time they are sleeping, or not directly caring for the residents of the home. This ridiculous interpretation by the DOL has driven many group homes to the point that many of them can no longer provide services and have been shut down. Other homes are being forced to use a type of employment model whereby "teams" of houseparents would be required to work in eight-hour shifts to care for the residents. Not only does this shift model also drive up costs, but also destroys the family-like arrangement of the home.

Mr. Speaker, houseparents serve a very important role in these institutions. They create a family atmosphere for individuals who do not have parents or whose parents are unable to care for them. Individuals who work in these homes do so out of a selfless calling, and provide structure and care for a vulnerable group of people in our country. My bill will end the Department of Labor's policy of stopping houseparents from caring for people who need their loving support.

HONORING AURORA METALS ON ITS 100TH ANNIVERSARY
HON. J. DENNIS HASTERT
OF ILLINOIS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mr. HASTERT. Mr. Speaker, today I rise today to congratulate the management and workforce of a firm in my district which is celebrating its one hundredth year of operation. On October 18, 1899, the Aurora Metal Company was formed to reclaim metallic lead for the manufacture of hardware and decorative items. In the ensuing years, the company grew and prospered, pioneering the new technology of vacuum casting.

In World War II, the Aurora Metal Company, along with industries across this nation, put its skills and determination to helping our Nation win the war, and received the prestigious Army-Navy E Award for outstanding production of war materials. In fact, the Aurora Metal Company was the smallest firm west of the Alleghenies to receive the honor.

Today the company, now known as Aurora Metals Division LLC, located in Montgomery, IL, employs 160 people and maintains a state-of-the-art foundry, machine shop and tool and die manufacturing facility. And the talent, hard work and diversity of its workforce has contributed greatly to its success. The firm's dedication and commitment to providing high quality products at a fair price represent the ideals that have made our nation great, and are, in no small part, what have enabled Aurora Metals to grow and prosper.

Mr. Speaker, I urge you and my colleagues to join me in honoring the workers and management of Aurora Metals on reaching this centennial milestone and wish them continued success for the future.

TRIBUTE TO ROBERT P. GAJDYS
HON. BENJAMIN L. CARDIN
OF MARYLAND
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Robert P. Gajdys, who is retiring after 8 years as executive director of the Community Assistance Network, Inc., Baltimore County's non-profit community action agency. The Community Assistance Network (CAN) operates over three dozen programs that serve the diversified needs of more than 50,000 low-income families.

An outspoken advocate for the poor and disadvantaged, Bob Gajdys turned CAN from an agency with a $100,000 deficit to one with $250,000 surplus. Because of his leadership and exceptional abilities, CAN has built and strengthened regional partnerships, worked to develop statewide anti-poverty strategies, and received national recognition for program excellence.

Before his tenure at CAN, Bob spent 32 years working for the Federal Government. He has served as Director of Personnel at NOAA,
Director of Administration at the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, and Deputy Director of the Office of Program Development and Accountability at the Department of Labor. A Native American of the Mohawk tribe, Bob also served as Deputy Director of Indian and Territorial Affairs at the Department of the Interior. He was a charter member of the Senior Executive Service.

I invite my colleagues to join me in honoring Robert P. Gadlys for his dedication and commitment to the poor and disadvantaged. Although he was retired as Executive Director of CAN, we know that he will continue to be a voice for those who cannot speak out for themselves.

HONORING TWO EAGLE SCOUTS
HON. BOB ETHERIDGE
OF NORTH CAROLINA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mr. ETHERIDGE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor two young men in my district who have earned the distinguished rank of Eagle Scout, Mr. Joshua Westly Robinson and Mr. Loren Christopher Robinson. The two brothers from Coats, North Carolina exemplify leadership and community service, serving as a bright hope for the future of America.

Joshua Westly Robinson began his Scouting career as a member of Cub Scout Pack 779 in 1989. As a Cub Scout, Joshua earned the God and Me and God and Family Religious Awards, his WEBELOS Badge, and nineteen Activity Badges. In January of 1993, he earned his Arrow of Light Cub Scout Badge and bridged over to Boy Scout Troop 779. He has served as a Troop Guide, Patrol Leader, and Senior Patrol Leader as a member of Troop 779. To date, he has earned a total of 56 Merit Badges. Joshua is currently a Brotherhood Member in the Order of the Arrow, and Honor Camper’s Organization.

Joshua embodies the idea of a student athlete, gaining many academic awards while participating in four team sports at Erwin Triton High School. Currently, Joshua is a junior at the North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics. He earned his Eagle Scout Award on December 12, 1997 and is currently eligible to wear a Gold Palm.

Loren Christopher Robinson also began his Scouting career as a member of Cub Scout Pack 779 in 1989. He earned both the God and Me and God and Family Religious Awards, and nineteen Activity Badges on his way to becoming a WEBELOS Scout in 1992. He became a Boy Scout in 1993 after achieving the Arrow of Light Award. As a member of Troop 779, Loren has served as Patrol Leader and as Assistant Senior Patrol Leader. To date, Loren has earned 50 Merit Badges and is currently a Brotherhood Member of the Order of the Arrow.

Loren is currently a Junior at Erwin Triton High School where he excels in the sport of swimming. He has won many state and local awards, including representing the state of North Carolina in national competition. Loren earned his Eagle Scout Award on August 17, 1998.

As a former Scout leader myself and a recipient of the Silver Beaver Award, I know the difference that Scouting can make in young lives. I congratulate Joshua Westly Robinson and Loren Christopher Robinson on their momentous achievements. I wish them both all the best in their future endeavors.

HON. TOM LANTOS
OF CALIFORNIA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call the attention of my distinguished colleagues in the House to an outstanding exhibition entitled “Art of the Gold Rush,” which will be on display at the Smithsonian Institution’s National Museum of American Art from October 30, 1998 until March 7, 1999. I am pleased that this historic celebration was chosen to celebrate the 150th anniversary of this defining moment in the history of Northern California and in the development of the American West in such an appropriate manner.

On January 24, 1848—nine days before California became a State—the discovery of gold in the American River was reported to the people of the United States by Mexico—an obscure laborer and European immigrant named James W. Marshall discovered a few nuggets of gold in the South Fork of the American River at Sutter’s Mill. He presented his find to his employer, Captain John A. Sutter, who joined Marshall in a fruitless attempt to keep news of the treasure secret.

Slowly, but with unabashed excitement inspired by the hope of a quick fortune, reports of the discovery leaked throughout the Bay Area. Proclaimed the Californian newspaper on May 29: “The whole country from San Francisco to Los Angeles, and from the sea shore to the base of the Sierra Nevadas, resounds with the sordid cry of GOLD, GOLD, GOLD!”

Before long, the gold euphoria spread across the entire country and around the world. Declared President James K. Polk in a message to Congress on December 5: “The accounts of abundance of gold are of such an extraordinary character as would scarcely command belief were they not corroborated by the authentic reports of officers in the public service.” The following year, tens of thousands of adventurers and dreamers descended upon San Francisco, hoping for a “lucky strike” and a lifetime of wealth. In the process, the City by the Bay swelled from a sleepy town of 3,000 inhabitants to a major city of over 100,000 by the end of the following year. The first public schools, representative governmental bodies, and cultural institutions in the State of California evolved from this unplanned invasion of explorers, immigrants, and deserting sea men.

“Art of the Gold Rush” highlights the social and cultural transformation wrought by these extraordinary changes. Taking place just a few years after the invention of the daguerreotype (photograph), the Gold Rush was the first major event to be photographed. The “Art of the Gold Rush” captures this historical coincidence skillfully, as emotions such as ambition, disappointment, hope, and confusion can be observed in the 150 rare images featured in the exhibition. Each of the subjects of these pictures presents a unique and evocative perspective of this turbulent time, from the mourning mother and child wearing blank expressions of loneliness and fear to the macho miner whose tough exterior hides his vulnerability. A drawing of the Gold Rush, “500 miles away from my wife and not a person about me who would do anything for pay.”

Mr. Speaker, these photographs, along with the sixty-five significant paintings, watercolors, and drawings that also make up this beautiful exhibition, represent the true, lasting gold of the 49ers. The outstanding and talented curators of “Art of the Gold Rush,” Drew Heath Johnson and Marcia Eymann, deserve the gratitude of all who love the history of our great land and all who appreciate and cherish the city of San Francisco.

I urge my colleagues to see Art of the Gold Rush at the National Museum of American Art where it will be on display from October 30, 1998, to March 7, 1999, and in celebrating the 150th anniversary of Northern California’s Gold Rush.

IN HONOR OF THE 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF ST. ELIAS POST 1618 OF THE CATHOLIC WAR VETERANS
HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY
OF NEW YORK
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Friday, October 9, 1998

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to St. Elias Post 1618 of the Catholic War Veterans on the occasion of their 50th anniversary.

On October 7, 1948 is very significant for members of St. Elias Church and the Catholic War Veterans community. On this date, St. Elias Post 1618 was installed as a Catholic War Veterans Post under the leadership of George Kudlak as Commander and Rev. Demetrius Yackanich as Chaplain. Stephen J. Zipay was a member of the initial Officers Roster and Charter Membership.

Throughout the years, veterans of World War I and World War II were joined by veterans of the Korean and Vietnam conflicts to create a unified veterans organization in Greenpoint, Brooklyn. These veterans combined their Catholic heritage and patriotism as veterans of the United States Armed Forces.

With the establishment of a headquarters building, many visitors joined in annual events sponsored by the St. Elias Post 1618. Special guests included sports figure Stan Musial and Bishop Fulton Sheen. St. Elias Post sponsors annual parades throughout the streets of Greenpoint.

On November 15, 1998, St. Elias Post 1618 will celebrate the 50th anniversary of their post and of the installation of their officers. Stephen J. Zipay will maintain the exclusive honor of having been installed for the 50th time. He has maintained every position in St. Elias Post 1618 throughout his tenure, including an entire decade as post commander.

Mr. Speaker, I am humbled to bring to your attention an important anniversary in the history of St. Elias Post 1618 of the Catholic War Veterans. I am proud to have such a dedicated veterans organization in my district.