

gap is even greater. African American women earn 65 cents and Hispanic women only 55 cents for every dollar earned by a man.

The tragedy of this wage discrepancy is highlighted by the fact that four out of every five households depend on a woman's income just to make ends meet. This crisis is further exacerbated by the rise in female-headed households, which makes women's income critical to the well-being of our Nation's children.

When you consider that receiving less pay means that women will also have less retirement security, the enormity of the problem is magnified. For example, less than 40% of women in the private sector have pensions, and those with pensions receive 50% less than what men receive. This is a critical problem given that women tend to outlive men, often by several years.

So, although women have made some gains since President Kennedy signed the Equal Pay Act, clearly, much more needs to be done to erase the disparity in wages that exists between men and women in order to achieve true pay equity.

Two bills have been introduced during this Congress that seek to remedy this wage disparity: H.R. 541, the Paycheck Fairness Act, introduced by Congresswoman ROSA DELAURO, and H.R. 1271, the Fair Pay Act, introduced by Delegate ELEANOR HOLMES NOR-TON.

The Paycheck Fairness Act strengthens current law by allowing women to collect damages for pay discrimination. It also ensures that employers who have taken steps to provide equal pay get the recognition they deserve. The Fair Pay Act prohibits wage discrimination based on sex, race, or national origin for work in equivalent jobs.

I encourage my colleagues in Congress to support these important bills, and I urge the leadership of the House of Representatives to take action to address the issue of wage inequality in our country.

CONGRATULATING BREAD FOR  
THE WORLD ON ITS 25TH ANNI-  
VERSARY

**HON. MARGE ROUKEMA**

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, June 14, 1999*

Mrs. ROUKEMA. Mr. Speaker, I rise to congratulate the Bread for the World organization on its 25th anniversary of seeking to feed the world's neediest individuals—those who suffer from hunger. There is no more basic need for survival than adequate nutrition, and these dedicated, compassionate volunteers are deserving of our deepest thanks. Without their efforts, millions of people around the globe might literally have starved to death in the past quarter century.

For 25 years, Bread for the World has been blessed with the commitment of tens of thousands of people united to one goal: seeking justice for the world's hungry people. This month, I join my colleagues in Congress and on the board of Bread for World in welcoming Bread for the World members to Washington for their National Gathering, Silver Anniversary Celebration, and Annual Lobby Day.

Bread for the World is a nonpartisan, Christian citizens' movement. Its mission is to

change public policy to address the root causes of hunger and poverty in the United States and the world. Bread for the World members lobby the nation's decision-makers for policies that benefit hungry and poor people in the United States and around the world.

The organization was launched in 1974, after a small group of Catholics and Protestants began meeting to reflect on how persons of faith could be mobilized to influence U.S. policies that address the causes of hunger. Under the leadership of the Reverend Arthur Simon, the group quickly grew. Now, more than 44,000 members and churches belong to the ranks of Bread for the World and, led by the Reverend David Beckmann, serve as citizen advocates for hungry people.

Year after year, Bread for the World members win victories for hungry people from increased funding for child nutrition programs to investments in African farmers to restoration of food stamps to vulnerable legal immigrants. This year, Bread for the World members are part of Jubilee 2000, a worldwide movement for debt relief, and are supporting legislation providing debt relief for poverty reduction.

I am proud to be a member of the Board of Directors of Bread for the World. I believe it is nothing short of criminal that children go to bed hungry in this, the wealthiest nation in the world. Hunger is a completely preventable condition that stunts the growth and health of our youth and cripples the ability of adults to contribute to our society. I have long worked to fight hunger, sponsoring bills like the Hunger Has a Cure Act and fighting cuts in food stamps, the school breakfast/lunch program, Emergency Food Assistance, and WIC, among others. My commitment to this issue is unwavering.

In this 25th anniversary year of Bread for the World, I would like to take this opportunity to give thanks for their advocacy and wish them continued blessings in the years ahead, as they seek an end to hunger. There are few higher callings.

IN HONOR OF THE TENTH ANNI-  
VERSARY OF THE NEW YORK  
CITY LAB SCHOOL

**HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY**

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, June 14, 1999*

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise to salute and commend an exceptional public school in New York City as it celebrates its 10th Anniversary. The New York City Laboratory School for Gifted Education is a prime example of public school education at its best.

The school was founded in 1988 with the help of former Board of Education Chancellor Joseph Fernandez and the former District 2 Superintendent Anthony Alvarado. Since its inception, this school has continued to provide a nurturing, safe environment for gifted children, allowing them to the freedom to explore their interests and broaden their horizons while they are enrolled as students.

The New York City Lab School strives to provide each child with an individualized and research-based curriculum where they are challenged to work both independently and collaboratively with their peers. The students also have the opportunity to take advantage of

the school's excellent academic and extra-curricular programs such as Spanish as a Foreign Language award winning Math and Chess Teams, and university partnerships with New York University and City College.

State of the art facilities such as the new Media Center, libraries in every classroom and both IBM and Macintosh computers in every room all contribute to the vibrant and enriching environment of this school. All of these factors have proven successful with students.

The New York City Lab School was the highest performer on the New York State Fourth grade English test. IN 1997 they were second in the city and in 1998 their scores had risen by 17%.

Best of all might be the students, faculty and staff of the school itself. The children are not only gifted but they all possess a love of learning and are all curious and excited about the many experiences they have had and will have in the future at their school.

The faculty are constantly challenged to take risks in the classroom and introduce students to new and interesting ways to respond to their ideas and questions. Faculty are also consistently questioning their own teaching styles and methods so that they may improve and continue to provide excellent interactions with the students.

The leadership of the director, Ms. Elizabeth Marra Kasowitz, is an important guiding force behind this school. With her dedication and consistent role in the school, she is able to work alongside the entire school community to help continue the school's long standing reputation of excellence and dedication to a gifted education.

Parents also play an important role in the community of the New York City Lab School. Parents of students contribute great amounts of time, energy and effort by volunteering in many ways.

The entire community of the New York City Laboratory School for the Gifted is an example of how dedication, hard work and personalized relationships lead to positive and phenomenal results. I ask my colleagues to join me in commending the entire community of the New York City Laboratory School.

A TRIBUTE TO SANTA CLARITA,  
CALIFORNIA'S HERO OF THE  
WEEK PROGRAM

**HON. HOWARD P. "BUCK" McKEON**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, June 14, 1999*

Mr. McKEON. Mr. Speaker, it is an honor for me to bring to the attention of the House of Representatives a wonderful program that exists in the city of Santa Clarita called the "Hero of the Week" and those individuals honored in this program.

The program is jointly sponsored by the City of Santa Clarita Anti-Gang Task Force and Mad About Rising Crime Santa Clarita Chapter under the direction of Mr. Gary Popejoy. Started by Maria Fulkerson and Lorraine Grimaldo of the Sant Clarita Anti-Gang Task Force, the "Hero of the Week" program focuses on more of the positive actions of our youth rather than the negative. The program honors students for their positive actions and choices they have demonstrated. The students

from the Santa Clarita Valley Junior and Senior High Schools are recommended by teachers and principals based on their observations of the student exhibiting positive behavior.

The students that are selected exhibit the qualities that we are looking for in future leaders of our nation. These students, many of whom have had previous problems of one sort or another, have made remarkable improvements in many different areas. I am pleased to honor these students today here on the House floor.

On June 2, 1999 the "Hero of the Week" program honored 47 members of my community for their outstanding activities that truly made them heroes in our neighborhood. These students have faced serious obstacles and, in many cases, faltered in the face of adversity. However, none of these students gave up. Their hard work and determination have truly earned them the title "Hero" in our community.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to conclude these remarks by listing the 47 students honored by the city last week. I congratulate them and the sponsoring organizations for such a wonderful, positive program.

#### HERO OF THE WEEK HONOREES

Neal Abrams, Canyon High School  
 Jose Avila, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Monica Barajas, Placerita Jr. High School  
 Allison Barlow, La Mesa Jr. High School  
 Adrian Becerra, La Mesa Jr. High School  
 Chris Butterrick, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Brett Cain, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Raymond Cano, Hart High School  
 Anthony Cisneros, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Keith Farley, Canyon High School  
 Dylann Foley, Placerita High School  
 Sheryllene Go, Saugus High School  
 Ashley Hope, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Jared Kennedy, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Kristian Kimoto, Hart High School  
 Russell King, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Johnny Lara, Hart High School  
 Chris Lockwood, Valencia High School  
 Selena Lopez, Saugus High School  
 Ashlie Madden, Placerita Jr. High School  
 Luis Marin, Placerita Jr. High School  
 Ana Medrano, Bowman High School  
 Denika Mercado, Saugus High School  
 Charissee Miranda, La Mesa High School  
 Michele O'Kray, La Mesa Jr. High School  
 Emily Osborne, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Andrew Pacheco, Bowman High School  
 Jimmy Perry, Canyon High School  
 Erik Plessner, Saugus High School  
 Brittney Potes, Hart High School  
 Marina Preciado, Saugus High School  
 Najji Qammou, Bowman High School  
 Mike Raiman, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Daniel Rettig, Saugus High School  
 Jorge Rodriguez, Bowman High School  
 Danielle Sozio, Canyon High School  
 Sean Pennala-Taylor, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Denny Tucker, Valencia High School  
 Adriana Varela, Saugus High School  
 Jorge Vargas, Hart High School  
 Rene Vasquez, Placerita Jr. High School  
 Jaclyn Vigeant, Arroyo Seco Jr. High School  
 Danielle Walters, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Joe Young, Sierra Vista Jr. High School  
 Megan Young, Placerita Jr. High School  
 Oscar Zapata, Canyon High School

MASSACHUSETTS SENIOR ACTION  
 COUNCIL DOCUMENTS HARM  
 DONE BY MEDICARE CUTS

### HON. BARNEY FRANK

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, June 14, 1999*

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, during the Congressional recess, I spent a very useful two hours at the University of Massachusetts-Dartmouth meeting with a large number of older people at a rally called by the Massachusetts Senior Action Council. One of the very impressive aspects of that rally was a series of short, poignant examples given by members of the Council of the terrible harm that is being done by the cut backs in Medicare that we are now inflicting on older people, most of which are a direct result of the terribly mistaken legislation adopted by Congress and signed by the President in 1997.

Younger people reading this might not be aware of a central fact: as currently constituted, Medicare includes no payment for prescription drugs. We in Massachusetts used to have a law which required that HMOs provide prescription drugs, but that was crudely abolished by the 1997 so-called Balanced Budget Act as part of the effort to cut Medicare to make funds available for other purposes. And that bill also required for the same reason severe cut backs in home health care. I ask that these examples of the terrible damage that is being done by the 1997 Act be printed here, in the hopes that it will influence our colleagues to join those of us who are seeking to undo the grave error Congress made in 1997 in cutting Medicare.

TESTIMONY GIVEN AT THE MASS. SENIOR ACTION COUNCIL RALLY TO PRESERVE AND PROTECT MEDICARE AND SOCIAL SECURITY, JUNE 1, 1999

Armando and Alexandria Demelo live in Fairhaven. They are 75 and 78 years old. They both have life threatening medical conditions. Their prescription drug costs are currently \$6,000 per year.

William Kirby lives in East Wareham. He is 83 years old. He has emphysema. His prescription drug costs are over \$800 per month.

Arthur and Mary Travassos live in Fall River. They both have serious health problems and Arthur is currently in the hospital. They were lucky enough to be able to switch out of their HMO in time to another plan which is now closed. Between the two of them they pay over \$7,000 yearly in prescription drug costs.

Del Silvia worked as a stitcher in the Fall River mills for 37 years. She is 63 years old. She is on nine prescription drug medications in order to keep her lungs functioning. Before Del got out of her Medicare HMO she had over \$10,000 in prescription drug costs per year.

An 84 year old Portuguese woman who lives in New Bedford was admitted to the hospital in the middle of the night with severe cramping in her abdomen. Thank God she did not have a serious obstruction. Her HMO denied payment for her care in the hospital.

An 85 year old woman from Southeastern Mass. was discharged from the hospital after an operation for colon cancer. She had been in the hospital a full month. She was approved by Medicare for only 4 home health visits.

A 73 year old woman from Fall River returned from the hospital after knee surgery.

She was denied home health services by her HMO.

Loretta Lamond from New Bedford passed away last year. She was 85 years old. She was diabetic and blind and could not fill her own insulin needles. Medicare cut off her nurse who came to the house to assist her with the needles.

These are only a few of the countless stories we hear every day. The sickest and most vulnerable—those who can not always speak for themselves are hit the hardest.

Something must be done!

LEGISLATION TO EXTEND MANDATORY COVERAGE OF THE INDEPENDENT COUNSEL LAW TO JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES

### HON. JAMES A. TRAFICANT, JR.

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, June 14, 1999*

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing legislation to require the U.S. Attorney General to call for the appointment of an independent counsel to investigate allegations that Justice Department employees engaged in misconduct, criminal activity, corruption, or fraud. The bill is similar to legislation I authored in the last three Congresses.

The independent counsel provisions of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 require the Attorney General to conduct a preliminary investigation when presented with credible information of criminal wrongdoing by high-ranking executive branch officials. If the Attorney General finds that further investigation is warranted or makes no finding within 90-days, the Act requires the Attorney General to apply to a special division of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the appointment of an independent counsel. The Act also gives the Attorney General broad discretion in seeking the appointment of independent counsel with regard to individuals other than high ranking executive branch officials. However, the Attorney General is not required to do so in such cases.

My bill amends the Act to treat allegations of misconduct, corruption or fraud on the part of Justice Department employees in the same manner as allegations made against high-ranking cabinet officials. My goal is to ensure that, when there is credible evidence of criminal wrongdoing in such cases, these cases are aggressively and objectively investigated.

I am very concerned over the growing number of cases in which Justice Department employees have been accused of misconduct, corruption or fraud. In several cases I have personally investigated, innocent men fell victim to overzealous or corrupt federal prosecutors. No action has ever been taken against the prosecutors.

The 1992 Randy Weaver incident that took place in Ruby Ridge, Idaho is perhaps the most notorious and disturbing example of Justice Department employees, in this case, high-ranking officials, acting in a questionable manner, and receiving no punishment other than disciplinary action. In the Randy Weaver case, an unarmed woman holding her infant child was shot to death by an FBI sharpshooter acting on orders from superiors. Former FBI deputy director Larry Potts allegedly approved the decision to change the rules of engagement