

the concerns of many people from California and other wine-producing regions, and understand their eagerness. I would like to thank them for working with us to make this a better bill. I would also like to thank them, in their eagerness, for allowing me the opportunity to vote on the engrossment and third reading. I have not done that before. I thank the gentleman from California that did that.

Mr. Speaker, I think this is very important for us to have this study. I understand the gentleman's concerns. I thank the gentleman from California (Mr. COX) and others for coming together and having us produce something that works. The study, I think, of the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON-LEE) would be helpful. As she said, we have a national crisis right now regarding the sale of alcohol to minors, and a national crisis on the sale of alcohol to people of majority age.

I thank the gentleman for working with us on the motion to recommit, and I will be supporting it, as well as the final bill.

Mr. CONYERS. I thank the gentleman, Mr. Speaker. I urge the Members to support the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. If no Member rises in opposition, without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The motion to recommit was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Florida (Mr. SCARBOROUGH).

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, acting under the instructions of the House on behalf of the Committee on the Judiciary, I report the bill, H.R. 2031, back to the House with an amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

**SEC. 4. STUDY.**

The Attorney General shall submit to the Congress the results of a study to determine the impact of this Act. The Attorney General shall carry out the study required by subsection (a) and shall submit the results of such study not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Ms. LOFGREN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 310, nays 112, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 364]

YEAS—310

Abercrombie	Emerson	Manzullo
Aderholt	English	Markey
Allen	Etheridge	Mascara
Archer	Evans	McCollum
Army	Everett	McHugh
Bachus	Ewing	McInnis
Baird	Fattah	McIntosh
Baker	Filner	McIntyre
Baldacci	Fletcher	McNulty
Baldwin	Foley	Meehan
Ballenger	Ford	Menendez
Barr	Fossella	Mica
Barrett (NE)	Fowler	Miller, Gary
Barrett (WI)	Frank (MA)	Mink
Bartlett	Franks (NJ)	Moakley
Bass	Frelinghuysen	Moore
Bateman	Frost	Moran (KS)
Becerra	Ganske	Morella
Bentsen	Gekas	Murtha
Bereuter	Gephardt	Myrick
Berkley	Gilchrist	Neal
Berry	Gillmor	Ney
Biggart	Gilman	Northup
Bilirakis	Gonzalez	Norwood
Bishop	Goode	Nussle
Blagojevich	Goodlatte	Oberstar
Bliley	Goodling	Obey
Blunt	Graham	Olver
Boehlert	Granger	Ortiz
Boehner	Green (TX)	Ose
Bonilla	Green (WI)	Pascarell
Bonior	Greenwood	Pastor
Bono	Gutknecht	Pease
Borski	Hall (OH)	Peterson (MN)
Boswell	Hall (TX)	Petri
Boyd	Hansen	Pickering
Brady (PA)	Hastings (FL)	Pickett
Brady (TX)	Hayes	Pitts
Brown (FL)	Hefley	Pomeroy
Brown (OH)	Herger	Porter
Bryant	Hill (MT)	Price (NC)
Burr	Hilleary	Pryce (OH)
Burton	Hilliard	Quinn
Callahan	Hinojosa	Rahall
Camp	Hobson	Ramstad
Campbell	Hoeffel	Regula
Canady	Hoekstra	Reyes
Cannon	Holden	Reynolds
Capuano	Holt	Riley
Cardin	Hooley	Rivers
Castle	Hutchinson	Rodriguez
Chabot	Hyde	Roemer
Chambliss	Isakson	Rogan
Chenoweth	Istook	Rogers
Clayton	Jefferson	Ros-Lehtinen
Clement	Jenkins	Rothman
Clyburn	John	Roukema
Coble	Johnson (CT)	Royce
Coburn	Johnson, E. B.	Ryan (WI)
Collins	Johnson, Sam	Ryun (KS)
Combest	Kanjorski	Sabo
Cook	Kaptur	Salmon
Costello	Kelly	Sanchez
Coyne	Kildee	Sanders
Cramer	Kind (WI)	Sandlin
Crane	King (NY)	Sanford
Crowley	Kingston	Sawyer
Cubin	Klecza	Saxton
Cummings	Klink	Scarborough
Cunningham	Knollenberg	Schaffer
Danner	Kucinich	Scott
Davis (FL)	LaHood	Sensenbrenner
Deal	Lampson	Sessions
Delahunt	Largent	Shadegg
DeLay	Larson	Sherwood
DeMint	Latham	Shimkus
Deutsch	Lazio	Shows
Diaz-Balart	Leach	Shuster
Dickey	Levin	Simpson
Dicks	Lewis (GA)	Sisisky
Dingell	Lewis (KY)	Skelton
Doyle	Linder	Smith (MI)
Duncan	Lipinski	Smith (NJ)
Dunn	LoBiondo	Smith (TX)
Edwards	Lucas (KY)	Smith (WA)
Ehlers	Lucas (OK)	Snyder
Ehrlich	Luther	Souder
	Maloney (CT)	Spence

Spratt	Thornberry	Watkins
Stabenow	Thune	Watt (NC)
Stearns	Thurman	Watts (OK)
Stenholm	Tiahrt	Weldon (FL)
Strickland	Tierney	Weldon (PA)
Stump	Toomey	Weller
Stupak	Towns	Wexler
Sununu	Trafcant	Weygand
Sweeney	Turner	Whitfield
Talent	Udall (CO)	Wicker
Tancredo	Udall (NM)	Wilson
Tanner	Upton	Wise
Taylor (MS)	Visclosky	Wolf
Taylor (NC)	Walden	Young (FL)
Terry	Walsh	
Thompson (MS)	Wamp	

NAYS—112

Ackerman	Horn	Moran (VA)
Andrews	Hostettler	Nadler
Barton	Houghton	Napolitano
Berman	Hoyer	Nethercutt
Blumenauer	Hulshof	Owens
Boucher	Hunter	Oxley
Buyer	Inslee	Packard
Calvert	Jackson (IL)	Pallone
Capps	Jackson-Lee	Paul
Carson	(TX)	Payne
Clay	Jones (NC)	Pelosi
Conyers	Jones (OH)	Phelps
Cooksey	Kasich	Pombo
Cox	Kilpatrick	Radanovich
Davis (IL)	Kolbe	Rangel
Davis (VA)	Kuykendall	Rohrabacher
DeFazio	LaFalce	Royal-Allard
DeGette	LaTourette	Rush
DeLauro	Lee	Schakowsky
Dixon	Lewis (CA)	Serrano
Doggett	Lofgren	Shaw
Dooley	Lowey	Shays
Doolittle	Maloney (NY)	Sherman
Dreier	Martinez	Skeen
Engel	Matsui	Slaughter
Eshoo	McCarthy (MO)	Stark
Farr	McCarthy (NY)	Tauscher
Forbes	McCrery	Tauzin
Gallely	McGovern	Thomas
Gejdenson	McKeon	Thompson (CA)
Gibbons	McKinney	Velazquez
Gordon	Meeks (NY)	Vento
Goss	Metcalf	Waters
Gutierrez	Millender-	Waxman
Hastings (WA)	McDonald	Weiner
Hayworth	Miller (FL)	Woolsey
Hill (IN)	Miller, George	Wu
Hinchey	Minge	Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—11

Barcia	McDermott	Portman
Bilbray	Meek (FL)	Vitter
Kennedy	Mollohan	Wynn
Lantos	Peterson (PA)	

□ 1539

Mr. FOSSELLA changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. KENNEDY of Rhode Island. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 364, final passage of H.R. 2031, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 364, I was detained in a conference committee meeting and did not hear the bells. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 2031.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CALVERT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

**AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN THE EN-GROSSMENT OF H.R. 2031, TWENTY-FIRST AMENDMENT ENFORCEMENT ACT**

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that in the engrossment of the bill, H.R. 2031, the Clerk be authorized to make technical corrections and conforming changes to the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

**DISAPPROVAL OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS TREATMENT TO PRODUCTS OF VIETNAM**

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the previous order of the House, I call up the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 58) disapproving the extension of the waiver authority contained in section 402(c) of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to Vietnam, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The text of House Joint Resolution 58 is as follows:

H.J. RES. 58

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Congress does not approve the extension of the authority contained in section 402(c) of the Trade Act of 1974 recommended by the President to Congress on June 3, 1999, with respect to Vietnam.*

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of Friday, July 30, 1999, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. CRANE) and a Member in support of the joint resolution each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. CRANE).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous materials on House Joint Resolution 58.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to yield one-half of my time to the gentleman from New York (Mr. RANGEL) in opposition to the joint resolution and that he be permitted to yield further blocks of time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. CRANE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to H.J. Res. 58 and in support of Vietnam's Jackson-Vanik waiver.

Over the past decade, the United States has taken gradual steps to normalize our bilateral regulations with Vietnam. This process has borne tangible results on the full range of issues in our bilateral agenda, including increased accounting of our missing in action, increased trade and investment opportunities for U.S. firms and workers, and substantial progress toward resolution of the remaining emigration cases.

Last week, the administration reached a bilateral trade agreement in principle with the Vietnamese that will serve as the basis for a reciprocal extension of normal trade relations once it is finalized and approved by Congress.

The agreement in principle contains provisions on market access in goods, trade, and services, intellectual property protection, and investment, which are necessary for U.S. firms to compete in the Vietnamese market, the 12th most populous in the world.

The Vietnamese pledge to lift import quotas and bans, reduce key tariffs, protect intellectual property rights, ensure transparency in rules and regulations, and ease restrictions on financial services, telecommunications, and distribution.

Because Vietnam and the United States have not yet finalized and approved a bilateral agreement, the effects of the Jackson-Vanik waiver at this time is quite limited.

The waiver enables U.S. exporters doing business with Vietnam to have access to U.S. trade financing programs, provided that Vietnam meets the relevant program criteria.

The significance of Vietnam's waiver is that it permits us to stay engaged with the Vietnamese and to pursue further reforms. Vietnam is not an easy place to do business; however, our engagement enables us to influence the pace and direction of Vietnamese reform.

I will insert in the RECORD a letter I received for more than 150 U.S. companies and trade associations supporting Vietnam's Jackson-Vanik waivers, an important step in the ability of the U.S. business community to compete in the Vietnamese market.

Terminating Vietnam's waiver will give Vietnam an excuse to halt further reforms.

Do not take away our ability to pressure the Vietnamese for progress on issues of importance to the United States.

I urge a "no" vote on H.J. Res. 58.

Mr. Speaker, the letter I referred to is as follows:

JULY 23, 1999.

Hon. PHILIP CRANE,  
House of Representatives,  
Washington, DC.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVE CRANE: As members of the American business and agricultural community, we strongly support action to normalize trade relations with Vietnam. Renewal of the Jackson-Vanik waiver is a key step in this direction. We strongly oppose H.J. Res. 58, which would overturn the waiv-

er. Renewal of the Jackson-Vanik waiver will ensure that U.S. companies and farmers selling to Vietnam will maintain access to critical U.S. export promotion programs, such as those of the U.S. Export-Import Bank, the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, and agricultural credit programs.

Furthermore, overturning the Jackson-Vanik waiver could derail current bilateral trade negotiations at a critical time. The talks, which have been ongoing for three years, could be successfully completed in a matter of a few weeks. The U.S. Trade Representative is seeking commitments from Vietnam on market access for goods, agricultural products, services and investment, and the protection of intellectual property rights. The final agreement will thus bring Vietnamese law closer to international norms, thereby helping U.S. companies and farmers to tap the long-term potential of Vietnam, the second most populous country in Southeast Asia. The American business and agricultural community will work hard for congressional approval of a trade agreement that provides meaningful access to Vietnam's markets.

The American business and agricultural community believes that a policy of economic normalization with Vietnam is in our national interest. We urge you to support the renewal of the Jackson-Vanik waiver as an important step in this process. We also stand ready to work with Congress toward passage of a trade agreement that opens Vietnamese markets to U.S. goods, agricultural products, services and investment.

Sincerely,

ABB; Ablondi, Foster, Sobin, Davidow; ACE International; AEA International SOS; Aetna International, Inc.; AgriSource Co. Ltd.; American Apparel Manufacturers Association; American Chamber of Commerce in Australia; American Chamber of Commerce in Guangdong, China; American Chamber of Commerce in Hong Kong; American Chamber of Commerce in Korea; American Chamber of Commerce in the Philippines; American Chamber of Commerce Vietnam; American Council of Life Insurance; American Electronics Association; American Express Company; American Farm Bureau Federation; American International Group, Inc.; American-Vietnamese Management Consortium, Inc.; Amstan Sanitaryware, Inc., ARCO; Arthur Anderson Vietnam; Asia-Pacific Council of American Chamber of Commerce; Associated General Contractors of America; Association for Manufacturing Technology; ATKearney; Banker and McKenzie, Vietnam; BBDO Advertising Agency; Bechtel; Black and Veatch; Bridgecreek Group; Brown & Root; California Chamber of Commerce; Caltex; Camp Dresser & McKee International, Inc.

Cargill; Caterpillar, Inc., Centrifugal Casting Machine Co., Inc.; Chamber of Commerce of the Princeton Area; Checkpoint Systems, Asia Pacific; Chevron Corporation; Chillothe-Ross Chamber of Commerce Citigroup; Coalition for Employment through Exports, Inc.; Commerce Advisory Partners; Condor Consulting; Connell Brothers Company, Ltd.; Couder Brothers, Vietnam; Craft Corporation; Crown Worldwide Ltd.; DAI-Asia; Deacons Graham & James; Delco Chamber of Commerce; Delta Equipment and Construction Company; Direct Selling Association; Eastman Kodak Co.; East-West Trade and Investment, Inc.; Electronic Industries Alliance; Eli Lilly (Asia) Inc.; Ellicott International; Emergency Committee for American Trade; Environmental Services Inc.; ERM Hong Kong Ltd.; Exact Software; Fashion Garments Ltd.; FDX Corporation; Fertilizer Institute; Firmenich Inc.; Foster Wheeler Corporation; Freehill