

Bilbray Ganske
 Bilirakis Gejdenson
 Bishop Gekas
 Bliley Gephardt
 Blumenauer Gibbons
 Blunt Gilchrest
 Boehlert Gillmor
 Boehner Gilman
 Bonilla Gonzalez
 Bonior Goode
 Bono Goodlatte
 Borski Goodling
 Boswell Goss
 Boucher Graham
 Boyd Green (TX)
 Brady (PA) Green (WI)
 Brady (TX) Gutknecht
 Brown (FL) Hall (OH)
 Brown (OH) Hall (TX)
 Bryant Hansen
 Burr Hastings (FL)
 Burton Hastings (WA)
 Buyer Hayes
 Callahan Hayworth
 Calvert Hefley
 Camp Herger
 Campbell Hill (IN)
 Canady Hill (MT)
 Cannon Hilleary
 Capps Hilliard
 Capuano Hinchey
 Cardin Hinojosa
 Carson Hobson
 Castle Hoefel
 Chabot Hoekstra
 Chambliss Holden
 Chenoweth-Hage Holt
 Clay Hooley
 Clayton Horn
 Clement Hostettler
 Clyburn Hoyer
 Coble Hulshof
 Coburn Hunter
 Collins Hutchinson
 Combest Hyde
 Condit Insee
 Conyers Isakson
 Cook Istook
 Cooksey Jackson (IL)
 Costello Jefferson
 Cox Jenkins
 Coyne John
 Cramer Johnson (CT)
 Crowley Jones (NC)
 Cubin Kanjorski
 Cummings Kaptur
 Cunningham Kasich
 Danner Kelly
 Davis (FL) Kennedy
 Davis (VA) Kildee
 Deal Kilpatrick
 DeFazio Kind (WI)
 DeGette King (NY)
 DeLauro Kingston
 DeLay Kleczka
 DeMint Knollenberg
 Deutsch Kolbe
 Diaz-Balart Kucinich
 Dickey Kuykendall
 Dicks LaFalce
 Dingell LaHood
 Dixon Lampson
 Doggett Lantos
 Dooley Largent
 Doyle Larson
 Dreier Latham
 Duncan LaTourette
 Dunn Lazio
 Edwards Leach
 Ehlers Lee
 Ehrlich Levin
 Emerson Lewis (CA)
 English Lewis (GA)
 Etheridge Lewis (KY)
 Evans Linder
 Everett LoBiondo
 Farr Lofgren
 Fattah Lucas (KY)
 Filner Lucas (OK)
 Fletcher Luther
 Foley Maloney (CT)
 Forbes Maloney (NY)
 Ford Manzullo
 Fowler Markey
 Frank (MA) Mascara
 Franks (NJ) McCarthy (MO)
 Frelinghuysen McCarthy (NY)
 Frost McCreery
 Gallegly McGovern

McHugh
 McInnis
 McIntosh
 McIntyre
 McKeon
 McKinney
 Meehan
 Meek (FL)
 Meeks (NY)
 Menendez
 Metcalf
 Mica
 Millender-
 McDonald
 Miller (FL)
 Miller, Gary
 Miller, George
 Minge
 Mink
 Moakley
 Mollohan
 Moore
 Moran (KS)
 Moran (VA)
 Morella
 Murtha
 Myrick
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Berman
 Blagojevich
 Crane
 Davis (IL)
 Delahunt
 Doolittle
 Engel
 Eshoo
 Ewing
 Fossella
 Gordon

Shimkus
 Shows
 Shuster
 Simpson
 Sisisky
 Sken
 Skelton
 Slaughter
 Smith (MI)
 Smith (NJ)
 Smith (WA)
 Snyder
 Souder
 Spence
 Spratt
 Stabenow
 Stark
 Stearns
 Stenholm
 Strickland
 Stump
 Stupak
 Sununu
 Sweeney

Ackerman
 Bachus
 Bateman
 Becerra
 Berman
 Blagojevich
 Crane
 Davis (IL)
 Delahunt
 Doolittle
 Engel
 Eshoo
 Ewing
 Fossella
 Gordon
 Granger
 Greenwood
 Gutierrez
 Houghton
 Jackson-Lee
 (TX)
 Johnson, E. B.
 Johnson, Sam
 Jones (OH)
 Klink
 Lipinski
 Lowey
 Martinez
 Matsui
 McCollum

Talent
 Tancredo
 Tanner
 Tauscher
 Tauzin
 Taylor (NC)
 Terry
 Thomas
 Thompson (CA)
 Thompson (MS)
 Thornberry
 Thune
 Thurman
 Tiahrt
 Tierney
 Toomey
 Towns
 Traficant
 Turner
 Udall (CO)
 Udall (NM)
 Upton
 Velazquez
 Vento

Visclosky
 Vitter
 Walden
 Walsh
 Wamp
 Waters
 Watkins
 Watt (NC)
 Watts (OK)
 Waxman
 Weldon (FL)
 Weldon (PA)
 Weller
 Wexler
 Weygand
 Whitfield
 Wicker
 Wilson
 Wise
 Wolf
 Woolsey
 Wu
 Wynn
 Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—42

[Roll No. 57]
 YEAS—392
 Kuykendall
 LaFalce
 LaHood
 Lampson
 Lantos
 Largent
 Larson
 Latham
 LaTourette
 Lazio
 Leach
 Lee
 Levin
 Lewis (CA)
 Lewis (GA)
 Lewis (KY)
 Linder
 LoBiondo
 Lofgren
 Lucas (KY)
 Lucas (OK)
 Luther
 Maloney (CT)
 Maloney (NY)
 Manzullo
 Markey
 Mascara
 McCarthy (MO)
 McCarthy (NY)
 McCreery
 McGovern
 McHugh
 McInnis
 McIntosh
 McIntyre
 McKeon
 McKinney
 Meek (FL)
 Meeks (NY)
 Menendez
 Metcalf
 Mica
 Millender-
 McDonald
 Miller (FL)
 Miller, Gary
 Miller, George
 Minge
 Mink
 Moakley
 Mollohan
 Moore
 Moran (KS)
 Moran (VA)
 Morella
 Murtha
 Myrick
 Nadler
 Napolitano
 Neal
 Nethercutt
 Ney
 Northup
 Norwood
 Nussle
 Oberstar
 Obey
 Olver
 Ortiz
 Ose
 Owens
 Packard
 Pascrell
 Pastor
 Pease
 Pelosi
 Peterson (MN)
 Peterson (PA)
 Petri
 Phelps
 Pickering
 Pickett
 Pitts
 Pombo
 Pomeroy
 Portman
 Price (NC)
 Pryce (OH)
 Quinn
 Radanovich
 Rahall
 Ramstad
 Rangel
 Regula
 Reyes
 Reynolds
 Riley
 Rivers
 Rodriguez
 Roemer
 Rogan
 Rogers
 Rohrabacher
 Ros-Lehtinen
 Roukema
 Roybal-Allard
 Ryan (WI)
 Ryun (KS)
 Sabo
 Salmon
 Sanchez
 Sanders
 Sandlin
 Sanford
 Sawyer
 Saxton
 Scarborough
 Schaffer
 Scott
 Sensenbrenner
 Serrano
 Sessions
 Shadegg
 Shaw
 Shays
 Sherman
 Sherwood

□ 1925

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. FOSSELLA. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 56, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PEASE). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the time for any electronic vote on the additional motion to suspend the rules on which the Chair has postponed further proceedings.

SENSE OF HOUSE THAT NATIONAL PARK SERVICE SHOULD USE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SUPPORT SERVICES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, House Resolution 182.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. HANSEN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, House Resolution 182, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 392, nays 2, not voting 40, as follows:

Reynolds	Simpson	Tiahrt
Riley	Sisisky	Tierney
Rivers	Skeen	Toomey
Rodriguez	Skelton	Towns
Roemer	Slaughter	Traficant
Rogan	Smith (MI)	Turner
Rogers	Smith (NJ)	Udall (CO)
Rohrabacher	Smith (WA)	Udall (NM)
Ros-Lehtinen	Snyder	Upton
Roukema	Souder	Velazquez
Roybal-Allard	Spence	Vento
Ryan (WI)	Spratt	Visclosky
Ryun (KS)	Stabenow	Vitter
Sabo	Stark	Walden
Salmon	Stearns	Walsh
Sanchez	Stenholm	Wamp
Sanders	Strickland	Waters
Sandlin	Stump	Watkins
Sanford	Stupak	Watt (NC)
Sawyer	Sununu	Watts (OK)
Saxton	Sweeney	Waxman
Scarborough	Talent	Weldon (FL)
Schaffer	Tancredo	Weldon (PA)
Scott	Tanner	Weller
Sensenbrenner	Tauscher	Wexler
Serrano	Tauzin	Weygand
Sessions	Taylor (MS)	Whitfield
Shadegg	Taylor (NC)	Wicker
Shaw	Terry	Wilson
Shays	Thomas	Wise
Sherman	Thompson (CA)	Wolf
Sherwood	Thompson (MS)	Woolsey
Shimkus	Thornberry	Wu
Shoos	Thune	Wynn
Shuster	Thurman	Young (AK)

NAYS—2

Chenoweth-Hage Paul

NOT VOTING—40

Ackerman	Gordon	McDermott
Bachus	Greenwood	McNulty
Bateman	Gutierrez	Meehan
Becerra	Houghton	Pallone
Berman	Jackson-Lee	Payne
Blagojevich	(TX)	Porter
Blunt	Johnson, E.B.	Rothman
Crane	Jones (OH)	Royce
Davis (LL)	Klink	Rush
Delahunt	Lipinski	Schakowsky
Doolittle	Lowe	Smith (TX)
Engel	Martinez	Weiner
Eshoo	Matsui	Young (FL)
Ewing	McCollum	

□ 1934

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 3844

Mr. BARTLETT of Maryland. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be withdrawn as a cosponsor of H.R. 3844.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PEASE). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Maryland?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 701

Mr. PACKARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be withdrawn as a cosponsor of H.R. 701.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of Jan-

uary 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. BURTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BURTON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FORD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FORD addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

INTRODUCTION OF H.R. 3573, THE KEEP OUR PROMISES TO AMERICA'S MILITARY RETIREES ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. NORWOOD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. NORWOOD. Mr. Speaker, this government offered a comprehensive employment contract to our military retirees. As a former member of the armed services, I was personally presented the package in the 1960s. I remember the sales pitch quite well, for the Army was very honest in pointing out the pros and cons of a military career.

The negatives were, first, that you might get killed or maimed in the line of duty but if you survived, you would have to move your family from one side of the country to the other every couple of years, maybe even overseas, and you would be paid far less than you would in a similar skill civilian job in spite of having to deal with these hardships. The supposedly offsetting positives were that your out-of-pocket living expenses would be far less, since major expense items such as health care would be covered directly by the Army, both during your active duty years and in retirement. Retirement was available after 20 years of service at half of your last paycheck.

Therefore, we were told we could afford to work and retire for far less than our jobs would command in the private sector or the Federal civilian workforce, for that matter, because of all of these great benefits. We would not need a big retirement check since we would have fully funded health care for life.

We could live off a lot less since we would never face big health care bills. I was homesick for Georgia the last time I heard that pitch in the Republic of Vietnam in 1969, so I passed on the deal. Air Force Sergeant Earl Terrell of Smyrna, Tennessee, took the government at its word and stayed in for over 21 years. Sergeant Terrell retired in Smyrna because of access to military benefits at the Smyrna Air Force Base. His retirement pay is \$14,676 a year for both Earl and his wife. That is below

the Federal poverty line, but that did not bother the couple that much since they would not have to worry about health care costs so they could live off the entire \$14,000.

The deal started to go sour 6 years after Sergeant Terrell settled down in Smyrna when the Federal Government closed down the Smyrna Air Force Base. Sergeant Terrell has suffered a stroke and had heart bypass surgery. Mrs. Terrell had heart valve surgery just in January and has also undergone surgeries for an ovarian cyst and back problems.

Without access to military health care, Earl and his wife now are paying \$5,760 a year to Blue Cross and Blue Shield. That is 39 percent of his retirement income. That leaves the Terrells with less than \$9,000 a year to live on. The Federal poverty line for a family of two is over \$16,000. Since 1995, the Terrells have paid nearly \$29,000 of their retirement income for health care that was promised free in exchange for 20 years of military service.

Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of this House, I ask you, have we fulfilled our side of the employment contract with Air Force Sergeant Earl Terrell? The answer is unequivocally no. We have a bill pending in the House and Senate that will meet our promises to those who have borne the battle, H.R. 3573.

Sergeant and Mrs. Terrell would be given the same FEHBP plan as our retired Federal civilian workers, at no cost. That means they regain their \$14,000 a year retirement pay, still below the poverty line but at least what they were promised.

At last check, the majority of the Members of this House from both parties have cosponsored this bill, The Keep Our Promises to America's Military Retirees Act. Mr. Speaker, let us try to do the right thing and let America keep her word and her honor and pass H.R. 3573 into law before this Congress ends.

IN OPPOSITION TO S. 1287, THE NUCLEAR WASTE POLICY AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2000

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nevada (Ms. BERKLEY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. BERKLEY. Mr. Speaker, in 1983, President Reagan signed into law the Nuclear Waste Policy Act. The new law began with a reasonable scientific approach. The country would search all over the Nation looking for geological formations which were capable of burying high-level nuclear waste. The new law would also consider three sites so as to provide some regional equity to the burden of storing the waste. One site would be in the northeastern part of the country, one site would be in the southeastern United States, and one site would be in the West. These three sites would be studied and then presented to the President of the United States for a decision.