

of whom is in a different profession or business. These members provide humanitarian services, promote high ethical standards, and strive for peace in the world. Rotary clubs fund scholarships that enable students to study abroad as well as sponsor exchanges between countries of young business and professional people.

The members of Rotary clubs have assisted in health care programs worldwide, including the immunization efforts in developing countries to protect children against infectious diseases.

The Rotary Club of Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Ardsley and Irvington was founded in 1925. The name rotary was given to the club, resulting from the tradition of members rotating the place of meeting between their businesses.

Mr. Speaker, I invite my colleagues to join in congratulating the Rotary Club of Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Ardsley and Irvington on their 75th anniversary, and thanking them for their continued service of helping others and our communities.

TRIBUTE TO JACK SHARP

HON. JOHN J. DUNCAN, JR.

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 28, 2000

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, Jack Sharp has now completed 25 years of service as a member of the Knoxville, Tennessee City Council.

Jack is a close friend of mine and is one of the finest men I know.

He has represented the entire City fairly and honorably, but he has been especially effective for his home area.

He holds one of three at-large seats on the Council and is very popular throughout the City.

He has served as Vice-Mayor and has frequently filled in for the Mayor at public functions of all types.

Jack has been a very forceful advocate for the fire fighters, police, and other City employees.

With his wife Doris almost always at his side, they have been outstanding goodwill ambassadors for Knoxville and a great team in thousands of ways for the City and its residents.

This Country would be a much better place if we had more men like City Councilman Jack Sharp. I congratulate him on his 25 years of community service and am thankful that term limits did not deprive us of his knowledge and experience many years ago.

I want to say thank you to Councilman Sharp and bring to the attention of my colleagues and other readers of the RECORD the service of a great Tennessean and great American, my friend, Jack Sharp.

TRIBUTE TO JOSEPHINE "JO" BUTLER

HON. ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON

OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 28, 2000

Ms. NORTON. Mr. Speaker, as District of Columbia residents struggle in two lawsuits to

reclaim their full rights as American citizens, it is appropriate today to remember Josephine "Jo" Butler, who died a year ago this week.

Jo Butler was not a public official or even a public person. She did not count herself among the self-important in the city. Instead, she worked tirelessly for the District's most important causes. Chief among these was statehood for the District of Columbia.

Jo Butler and I became fast friends in the fight for statehood. She was there in 1993, when this body granted my bill, the New Columbia Admission Act, a two-day debate and vote. Many of the city's elected officials and citizens were on hand. What makes Jo so memorable to me, however, is that she was always here. Jo was here when there were few residents to speak up or stand up for statehood or even the more ordinary elements of the city's control over its own affairs.

Nor did Jo ever give up on any of her issues, from peace to the environment. Whether for great causes like statehood for this capital city, or her precious Friends of Meridian Hill, Jo believed that struggle brings victory. She was a radical activist with a rare gift for bringing people together.

The people I represent abhor undemocratic intervention by the Congress. Yet perhaps, as in most great long-standing struggles, few have had the steadfast devotion of Jo Butler. Jo Butler's spirit lives on today in a reinvigorated movement for self-government pressed, in part, by two court cases for equality and democracy for our citizens, now on their way to the U.S. Supreme Court. May Jo's lifelong devotion to her causes infect and influence many more to reach for the level of dedicated struggle Jo Butler achieved.

TRIBUTE TO AMBASSADOR MORRIS ABRAM

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 28, 2000

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, I invite my colleagues to join me in mourning the loss of my dear friend, Ambassador Morris B. Abram. He passed away a few days ago in Geneva, Switzerland.

Ambassador Abram was a dynamic leader in the Jewish community and commanded the respect and affection of all who knew him. Born in Fitzgerald, Georgia, in 1918, Abram was the former President of Brandeis University in Waltham, Massachusetts. He also served previously as the president of the American Jewish Committee and Chairman of the board of Benjamin Cardozo Law School in New York City. As a respected attorney, he argued landmark civil rights cases in the 1950s and 1960s, including the Supreme Court's 1963 "One Man, One Vote" decision.

In 1982, Mr. Abram published his autobiography, *The Day Is Short* (Harcourt, Brace, Jovanovich), detailing his legendary career and his battle with leukemia. But eighteen years ago, his career was far from over. Since that time, he served as Chairman of the NCSJ from 1983 to 1988, and Chairman of the Conference of Presidents of Major Jewish Organizations for three years. In the area of public service, he was head of U.S. delegations to the United Nations Commission on Human

Rights and to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. He was also Vice-Chairman of the U.S. Commission on Human Rights. Under President Bush, Abram was appointed U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations in Geneva. Following his ambassadorial service, he founded United Nations Watch.

Denis C. Braham of Houston, Chairman of the NCSJ, paid an appropriate tribute to Morris Abram: "The experiences that he brought to NCSJ from his leadership of Brandeis University and national Jewish groups made him uniquely qualified to head the organization at a time when the plight of Soviet Jewry was at the top of the Jewish global agenda. Morris was not just an American Jewish leader but a world Jewish leader."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. DOUG BEREUTER

OF NEBRASKA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, March 28, 2000

Mr. BEREUTER. Mr. Speaker, on March 22, 2000, official business off of Capitol Hill caused me to unavoidably miss rollcall vote 65 (final passage on H.R. 3822, the Oil Price Reduction Act). Had I been present I would have voted "aye."

Opponents of the legislation were circulating comments that I made as Vice-Chairman of the International Relations Committee during consideration of H.R. 3822. My statement, accurately reported by a prominent news service, was that by the Committee passage of this legislation, "we're making ourselves feel good, but that's all it is." What the article did not include is the fact that my remarks also included the statement that the President already has all the authority to implement all the recommendations of this legislation, including the authority to exact sanctions on the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), if he chooses to do so. My statement was prefaced by my remarks that the Administration has been too slow in protesting and working to reverse or counter OPEC's production cutbacks which began last spring and which have let the prices spiral get out of hand. As I said, the Administration should have been pressuring OPEC countries five or six months ago to reduce prices. I concluded my remarks in Committee by stating that the American people are now stuck with higher prices for gasoline, diesel fuel and heating oil for at least the next half year because "the Administration was asleep at the switch" and didn't take energetic and prudent actions. If there is any blame to be distributed at the Federal level, the American people should know it falls on the Administration.

NUCLEAR WASTE POLICY AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2000

SPEECH OF

HON. SHEILA JACKSON-LEE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, March 22, 2000

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Madam Speaker, today I rise in opposition to the Nuclear Waste Amendments Act of 2000. This