

possess. We expect those agencies to use their regulatory authority to address such matters as bonding insurance and enforcement.

Mr. Speaker, everyone agrees that there should be fair and reasonable fees for the use of public resources for commercial filming and photography. With the understanding that the concerns raised today can be dealt with by the agencies involved, we will not object to the passage of H.R. 154, as amended.

I congratulate the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. HEFLEY) for this measure.

Mr. Speaker, I have no requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to express my appreciation to the gentleman from Guam (Mr. UNDERWOOD), to the minority and the majority and our committee, the Committee on Resources, for their help on this legislation. It has taken a lot longer than it should have. I think it will be very meaningful.

We are happy to try to work to encourage, if there are any problems in implementation, to encourage that to be taken care of. But I think we are making a major step.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MILLER of Florida). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. HEFLEY) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendments to the bill, H.R. 154.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the Senate amendments were concurred in.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read:

“An Act to allow the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a fee system for commercial filming activities on Federal land, and for other purposes.”

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

□

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HEFLEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 154.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

There was no objection.

□

#### KAKE TRIBAL CORPORATION LAND TRANSFER ACT

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill (S. 430) to amend the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act to provide for a land exchange between the Secretary of Agriculture and the

Kake Tribal Corporation, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

S. 430

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Kake Tribal Corporation Land Transfer Act”.

#### SEC. 2. DECLARATION OF PURPOSE.

The purpose of this Act is to authorize the reallocation of lands and selection rights between the State of Alaska, Kake Tribal Corporation, and the City of Kake, Alaska, in order to provide for the protection and management of the municipal watershed.

#### SEC. 3. AMENDMENT OF ALASKA NATIVE CLAIMS SETTLEMENT ACT.

The Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

##### “KAKE TRIBAL CORPORATION LAND TRANSFER

##### “SEC. 42. (a) IN GENERAL.—If—

“(1) the State of Alaska relinquishes its selection rights under the Alaska Statehood Act (Public Law 85-508) to lands described in subsection (c)(2) of this section; and

“(2) Kake Tribal Corporation and Sealaska Corporation convey all right, title, and interest to lands described in subsection (c)(1) to the City of Kake, Alaska,

then the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as ‘Secretary’) shall, not later than 180 days thereafter, convey to Kake Tribal Corporation title to the surface estate in the land identified in subsection (c)(2) of this section, and convey to Sealaska Corporation title to the subsurface estate in such land.

“(b) EFFECT ON SELECTION TOTALS.—(1) Of the lands to which the State of Alaska relinquishes selection rights and which are conveyed to the City of Kake pursuant to subsection (a), 694.5 acres shall be charged against lands to be selected by the State of Alaska under section 6(a) of the Alaska Statehood Act and 694.5 acres against lands to be selected by the State of Alaska under section 6(b) of the Alaska Statehood Act.

“(2) The land conveyed to Kake Tribal Corporation and to Sealaska Corporation under this section is, for all purposes, considered to be land conveyed under this Act. However, the conveyance of such land to Kake Tribal Corporation shall not count against or otherwise affect the Corporation’s remaining entitlement under section 16(b).

“(c) LANDS SUBJECT TO EXCHANGE.—(1) The lands to be transferred to the City of Kake under subsection (a) are the surface and subsurface estate to approximately 1,430 acres of land owned by Kake Tribal Corporation and Sealaska Corporation, and depicted as ‘KTC Land to City of Kake’ on the map entitled ‘Kake Land Exchange-2000’, dated May 2000.

“(2) The lands subject to relinquishment by the State of Alaska and to conveyance to Kake Tribal Corporation and Sealaska Corporation under subsection (a) are the surface and subsurface estate to approximately 1389 acres of Federal lands depicted as ‘Jenny Creek-Land Selected by the State of Alaska to KTC’ on the map entitled ‘Kake Land Exchange-2000’, dated May 2000.

“(3) In addition to the transfers authorized under subsection (a), the Secretary may acquire from Sealaska Corporation the subsurface estate to approximately 1,127 acres of land depicted as ‘KTC Land-Conservation Easement to SEAL Trust’ on the map entitled ‘Kake Land Exchange-2000’, dated May 2000, through a land exchange for the subsurface estate to approximately 1,168 acres of Federal land in southeast Alaska that is

under the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary. Any exchange under this paragraph shall be subject to the mutual consent of the United States Forest Service and Sealaska Corporation.

“(d) WITHDRAWAL.—Subject to valid existing rights, the lands described in subsection (c)(2) are withdrawn from all forms of location, entry, and selection under the mining and public land laws of the United States and from leasing under the mineral and geothermal leasing laws. This withdrawal expires 18 months after the effective date of this section.

“(e) MAPS.—The maps referred to in this Act shall be maintained on file in the Office of the Chief, United States Forest Service, the Office of the Secretary of the Interior, and the Office of the Petersburg Ranger District, Alaska.

“(f) WATERSHED MANAGEMENT.—The United States Forest Service may cooperate with Kake Tribal Corporation and the City of Kake in developing a watershed management plan that provides for the protection of the watershed in the public interest. Grants may be made, and contracts and cooperative agreements may be entered into, to the extent necessary to assist the City of Kake and Kake Tribal Corporation in the preparation and implementation of a watershed management plan for the land within the City of Kake’s municipal watershed.

“(g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section is effective upon the execution of one or more conservation easements that, subject to valid existing rights of third parties—

“(1) encumber all lands depicted as ‘KTC Land to City of Kake’ and ‘KTC Land-Conservation Easement to SEAL Trust’ on a map entitled ‘Kake Land Exchange-2000’ dated May 2000;

“(2) provide for the relinquishment by Kake Tribal Corporation of the Corporation’s development rights on lands described in paragraph (1); and

“(3) provide for perpetual protection and management of lands depicted as ‘KTC Land to City of Kake’ and ‘KTC Land-Conservation Easement to SEAL Trust’ on the map described in paragraph (1) as—

“(A) a watershed;

“(B) a municipal drinking water source in accordance with the laws of the State of Alaska;

“(C) a source of fresh water for the Gunnuk Creek Hatchery; and

“(D) habitat for black bear, deer, birds, and other wildlife.

“(h) TIMBER MANUFACTURING; EXPORT RESTRICTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, timber harvested from lands conveyed to Kake Tribal Corporation under this section shall not be available for export as unprocessed logs from Alaska, nor may Kake Tribal Corporation sell, trade, exchange, substitute, or otherwise convey such timber to any person for the purpose of exporting that timber from the State of Alaska.

“(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act, including to compensate Kake Tribal Corporation for relinquishing its development rights pursuant to subsection (g)(2) and to provide assistance to Kake Tribal Corporation to meet the requirements of subsection (h). No funds authorized under this section may be paid to Kake Tribal Corporation unless Kake Tribal Corporation is a party to the conservation easements described in subsection (g).”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Alaska (Mr. YOUNG) and the gentleman from Guam (Mr. UNDERWOOD) each will control 20 minutes.