

will describe the actions the agencies are taking and plan to take to prevent the spread of Mad Cow and other livestock diseases and make recommendations for the future prevention of the spread of this disease to the United States. The Task Force should also consider and report on foot-and-mouth disease, chronic wasting disease and other diseases associated with our meat industries. I urge my colleagues to support its speedy passage.

I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 700

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Mad Cow and Related Diseases Prevention Act of 2001".

SEC. 2. INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established a Federal interagency task force, to be chaired by the Secretary of Agriculture, for the purpose of coordinating actions to prevent the outbreak of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (commonly known as "mad cow disease"), foot-and mouth disease and related diseases in the United States.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The membership of the task force shall be composed of—

- (1) the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (2) the Secretary of Commerce;
- (3) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (4) the Secretary of the Treasury;
- (5) the Commissioner of Food and Drug;
- (6) the Director of the National Institutes of Health;
- (7) the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
- (8) the Commissioner of Customs;
- (9) the Secretary of State;
- (10) the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency; and
- (11) the heads of such other Federal departments and agencies as the President considers appropriate.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the task force shall submit to Congress a report that—

- (1) describes actions that are being taken, and will be taken, to prevent the outbreak of bovine spongiform encephalopathy, foot-and-mouth disease and related diseases in the United States; and
- (2) contains any recommendations for legislative and regulatory actions that should be taken to prevent the outbreak of bovine spongiform encephalopathy, foot-and-mouth disease and related diseases in the United States.

STATEMENTS ON SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 31—COMMENDING CLEAR CHANNEL COMMUNICATIONS AND THE AMERICAN FOOTBALL COACHES ASSOCIATION FOR THEIR DEDICATION AND EFFORTS FOR PROTECTING CHILDREN BY PROVIDING A VITAL MEANS FOR LOCATING THE NATION'S MISSING, KIDNAPPED, AND RUNAWAY CHILDREN

Mr. THOMPSON submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. CON. RES. 31

Whereas children are the Nation's greatest asset for the future;

Whereas more than 800,000 children disappear each year in the United States, and the problem of missing, kidnapped, and runaway children potentially affects every community in the Nation;

Whereas the United States is committed to the protection of its children as essential for the Nation's strong and vital growth;

Whereas Clear Channel Communications and the American Football Coaches Association are making the United States the world leader in the protection of children by providing 60,000,000 Inkless Child Identification Kits for use by parents;

Whereas these kits allow parents to keep vital information, current photographs, and fingerprints readily available to provide to law enforcement agencies throughout the Nation in the event of an emergency; and

Whereas Clear Channel Communications and the American Football Coaches Association, through the efforts of board members, officers, employees, and subsidiary companies and the leadership of Lowry Mays, Mark Mays, and Grant Teaff, display an outstanding dedication to the children in communities throughout the Nation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Congress commends Clear Channel Communications and the American Football Coaches Association for their dedication and efforts for protecting children by providing a vital means for locating the Nation's missing, kidnapped, and runaway children.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, today I rise to introduce a resolution commending Clear Channel Communications and the American Football Coaches Association, AFCA, for their efforts to protect children by providing a vital means for locating America's missing, kidnapped, and runaway children.

In 1997, the AFCA created the National Child Identification Program with a goal of fingerprinting 20 million children across the country. The AFCA began the program after discovering some startling statistics regarding missing children. The statistics showed that every year 450,000 children run away, 350,000 are abducted by a family member, and over 4,500 are abducted by a stranger. A total of 800,000 children are missing somewhere in America each year, that is one child every 40 seconds.

The National Child Identification Program provides free inkless fingerprint kits for children. These kits allow parents to take and store their child's fingerprints in their own home. If ever needed, this fingerprint record can give authorities vital information to assist them in their efforts to locate a missing child. In its first year, the AFCA distributed 2.1 million child I.D. kits at college football games across the country. To date, there have been 12 million free child I.D. kits distributed.

I am proud to say that many in Tennessee have contributed to this effort. Phil Fulmer, Head Football Coach at the University of Tennessee, has been an active participant in this program. With his help, the AFCA was able to distribute over 200,000 I.D. kits at University of Tennessee football games. Last year, Tennessee Governor Don Sundquist declared March 2000 as "Child Identification Awareness Month" and acknowledged that the program will affect the lives of children all over Tennessee.

Last year, Clear Channel Communications, a Texas-based media company, partnered with AFCA to raise funds to provide 60 million schoolchildren with free I.D. kits. They have committed to raising \$78 million over the next three years for this effort.

This revolution gives special recognition to the American Football Coaches Association and Clear Channel Communications for their efforts. I ask my colleagues to join me in supporting this resolution.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 32—HONORING THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS FOR ITS 135 YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND THEIR ANIMALS

Mr. DURBIN submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

S. CON. RES. 32

Whereas April 10, 2001, is the 135th anniversary of the founding of The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals ("ASPCA");

Whereas ASPCA has provided services to millions of people and their animals since its establishment in 1866 in New York City by Henry Bergh;

Whereas ASPCA was the first humane society established in the western hemisphere;

Whereas ASPCA teaches children the character-building virtues of compassion, kindness, and respect for all God's creatures;

Whereas the dedicated directors, staff, and volunteers of ASPCA have provided shelter, medical care, behavioral counseling, and placement for abandoned, abused, or homeless animals in the United States for more than a century; and

Whereas ASPCA, through its observance of April as Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Month and its promotion of humane animal treatment through programs on law enforcement, education, shelter outreach, poison control, legislative affairs, counseling, veterinary services, and behavioral training,

has provided invaluable services to the people of the United States and their animals: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. HONORING THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Congress honors The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for its 135 years of service to the people of the United States and their animals.

(b) TRANSMITTAL.—The Secretary of the Senate shall transmit a copy of this concurrent resolution to the president of The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I rise today to introduce a resolution honoring The American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals on the 135th Anniversary of their founding.

The dedicated volunteers of The ASPCA have provided shelter, medical care, and placement for abandoned and abused animals for more than a century.

The ASPCA is the oldest animal welfare organization in North America. Henry Bergh began the organization in 1866 as a platform to prevent the cruel beating of carriage horses in New York City. Today, The ASPCA is a national organization, employing 680,000 workers and providing services to millions of people and their animals. The success of the organization has made the term ASPCA synonymous with “animal rescue”, “animal shelter”, “animal adoptions” and “humane education.”

In my homestate of Illinois, The ASPCA has an Animal Poison Control Center—the first and only non-profit animal-dedicated poison control center in the U.S. In 1996, The ASPCA acquired the center from the University of Illinois in Champaign-Urbana. The center is committed to relieving pain, fear and suffering in animals who have been poisoned, and to provide education on toxicology.

The ASPCA continues to educate adults and children that kindness, caring and respect for all creatures benefits both humans and animals. In addition, millions of Americans have participated in “Prevention-of-Cruelty-to-Animals” activities in the month of April through their schools and civic organizations.

I ask my colleagues in the Senate to join me in congratulating the staff, directors and volunteers at The ASPCA on a successful 135 years of service

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 179. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary

levels for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 180. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself and Mrs. HUTCHISON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 181. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. GRASSLEY, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mrs. CARNAHAN, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mrs. CLINTON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 182. Mr. SANTORUM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 183. Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. WELLSTONE, Ms. LANDRIEU, and Mr. DASCHLE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution H. Con. Res. 83 supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 184. Mr. HOLLINGS (for himself, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. BIDEN, Ms. STABENOW, and Mrs. BOXER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution H. Con. Res. 83 supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 185. Mr. HARKIN (for himself, Mr. WELLSTONE, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. DAYTON, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. CORZINE, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. REED, Mr. REID, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. KERRY, Mr. DASCHLE, and Mr. SCHUMER) proposed an amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

SA 186. Mr. SPECTER (for himself, Mr. HARKIN, Ms. MIKULSKI, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. KERRY, Mr. WELLSTONE, Mr. DEWINE, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. SARBANES, and Ms. SNOWE) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

SA 187. Mrs. LINCOLN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 188. Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself, Mrs. CARNAHAN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. REED, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. CORZINE, Mr. GRAHAM, and Mr. NELSON, of Florida) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

SA 189. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. INHOFE, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. MILLER, and Mr. KYL) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

SA 190. Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. BOND, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. SMITH, of Oregon, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. ENZI, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. DOMENICI, and Mr. BURNS) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

SA 191. Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. JOHNSON) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 179. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to

amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for each of fiscal year 2003 through 2011; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:
SEC. ____ . TAX RELIEF FOR PAYROLL TAX ONLY TAXPAYERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a bill reducing revenues or a conference report on such a bill if the bill or conference report reduces revenues by an amount in excess of \$500,000,000,000 over the period of fiscal years 2002 through 2011 unless the bill or conference report contains a certification by the Committee on Finance or the conferees, respectively, that the bill or conference report provides substantial tax relief to the 28,000,000 taxpayers who pay payroll taxes but who do not have sufficient earnings to generate income tax liability.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 180. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself and Mrs. HUTCHISON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 170 proposed by Mr. DOMENICI to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 83) establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2002, revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2001, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 2, increase the amount by \$319,000,000.

On page 4, line 16, increase the amount by \$80,000,000.

On page 4, line 17, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 18, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 19, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 20, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 21, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 22, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, increase the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 7, decrease the amount by \$80,000,000.

On page 5, line 8, decrease the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$25,000,000.

On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$25,000,000.