

teams and developed an excellent working relationship with many of these teams. Structural engineers and planners from New Jersey Task Force One were used by the FEMA Incident Support Team to brief the incoming FEMA teams as they rotated into New York City.

FEMA gave an operational performance evaluation to New Jersey Task Force One for their participation related to the World Trade Center Operations. New Jersey Task Force One was rated as superior in six out of nine categories. Those categories included attitude, initiative, consideration for personnel welfare, obtain necessary equipment and supplies, physical ability for the job, and safety.

With valor and honor, the members of New Jersey Task Force One have proven themselves as one of the finest Urban Search and Rescue teams in the country. It is for these reasons that my colleague, Senator CORZINE and I introduced S. 2618 to designate New Jersey Task Force One as the 29th National Urban and Search Rescue Team.

New Jersey Task Force One was formed in 1997 and they have used the FEMA Urban Search and Rescue guidelines in its development. The team is organized under the New Jersey State Police Office of Emergency Management Domestic Preparedness and Hazardous Material Planning and Emergency Response Unit. The State provides an annual budget of \$1.5 million to support New Jersey Task Force One.

The team consists of 180 members from over one hundred different fire, police and EMS agencies throughout the State. Over the past few years, New Jersey Task Force One has purchased the necessary cache of equipment, based on the FEMA equipment list, and has trained its members to FEMA Urban Search and Rescue Standards. New Jersey Task Force One is in the process of purchasing weapons of mass destruction response equipment.

The 180 courageous men and women of New Jersey Task Force One have dedicated their lives to saving others. They have proven themselves to be highly qualified to join FEMA's Urban Search and Rescue System. I strongly believe that New Jersey Task Force One would enhance FEMA's Urban Search and Rescue program. I urge the FEMA Director to include New Jersey Task Force One as the 29th FEMA Urban Search and Rescue team. ●

TRIBUTE TO MR. BOB HAYES

● Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, I rise today to mark the passing of a truly exceptional friend and athlete, Mr. Bob Hayes. On September 18, 2002, the State of Florida and the world lost a trailblazing athlete who broke records on the track field and set the standard for speed and agility in the National Football League.

Bob was a native of Jacksonville, where he attended Gilbert High School. While at Gilbert High, Bob displayed

his athletic talents on the football and baseball fields, and on the basketball court. The honors he won in these athletic pursuits afforded him the opportunity to attend Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University on scholarship, where he played half-back and returned kicks for legendary coach Jake Gaither. In his illustrious career as a FAMU Rattler, he led the team in kick-off returns, held the team's touchdown record in 1963, and averaged over 26 yards per punt return in 1962 and 1963. In his senior season, Bob became the first African-American to play in the Senior, North-South, Bowl, a game in which he caught a touchdown pass from former NFL-great Joe Namath and was also named the South's Most Valuable Player.

Bob was also a premier track star. In his junior year at Florida A&M, Bob competed in the Tokyo Olympic Games. He earned the title "World's Fastest Human" for record-breaking performances in which he won the 100 meters in a world-record time of 10.5 seconds and anchored the 400-meter relay, finishing in 39.0 seconds. Both performances earned him Olympic Gold medals. His performance in the 400-meter is widely regarded as the greatest relay leg in track history.

In 1963, the Dallas Cowboys drafted Bob in the seventh round as a receiver. As a rookie, Bob had 46 catches for 1,003 yards and 12 touchdowns. Several past NFL players, including Roger Staubach and Calvin Hill, have commented on how Bob's speed and agility forced the NFL to begin to design defenses to counter his phenomenal plays. Indeed, Bob established the standard, in terms of speed and quickness, which present players now emulate. Bob spent 10 years in Dallas, where he was part of two Super Bowl teams. At the end of his career, Bob had 371 catches for 7,414 yards and 71 touchdowns, still a Cowboys receiving record.

At his death, Bob remains the only athlete to have won a Super Bowl ring and Olympic Gold Medals. His amazing achievements on both the football and track field truly give meaning to his nickname—"The Bullet". He is enshrined in the USA Track and Field Hall of Fame and similar Halls of Fame in Florida, Texas and at Florida A&M. In September 2001, Bob was inducted as the 11th member of the Cowboys' Ring of Honor at Texas Stadium.

Bob's achievements stand as a testament to hard work, dedication and perseverance. In his later years, he sought to pass these ideals on to aspiring high school track stars through the Bob Hayes Invitational Track and Field Meet. Truly, it can be said that he touched many lives and inspired future generations of athletes. While it is with great sadness that I mark his passing, I am happy to recognize Bob's legacy for the great State of Florida and the entire world. ●

TRIBUTE TO DR. BERNARD S. ARONS

● Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, I rise today to join my colleagues Senator EDWARD KENNEDY, Congressman PATRICK KENNEDY, and many others to recognize the extraordinary achievements of Dr. Bernard S. Arons as Director of the Center for Mental Health Services at the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, and to acknowledge his departure as he moves forward to become Senior Science Advisor to the new Director of the National Institute of Mental Health. As we strive to pass critically important mental health legislation in this Congress, we know how fortunate we have been to have Bernie's extraordinary leadership at CMHS during these past nine years. His expertise and remarkable ability to integrate mental health services with evidence-based practices and scientific research made him an outstanding national leader who directed our country's mental health agenda through many years of challenge and crisis.

When Bernie first came to CMHS in 1993, he faced an enormous challenge: heading a new Federal Center whose mission was to lead our country in the delivery of mental health services. To do this, he faced the reality of inadequate resources at the federal, state, and local level for those with mental illness. The lack of mental health parity in private and public health care systems leaves many states struggling with how to help. Yet he was undaunted. He and his extraordinary staff at CMHS led the way on making mental health a major priority for this country. For these last 9 years, he has clearly taken our country forward and helped to restore hope to the millions of Americans with mental illness. Bernie's extraordinary talents as an administrator, scientist, and communicator, have made him a major force in advancing the public's awareness of the ways in which mental illness affects the lives of so many. Although stigma still exists, there are very few who dare to challenge the fact that mental disorders are real, that they are treatable, that there are effective national and community programs that can help, and that we must do more to ensure that all get the treatment they need.

During his tenure at CMHS, Bernie worked closely with former Surgeon General David Satcher to publish the first-ever Surgeon General's Report on Mental Health, which continues to enhance national awareness of mental health issues. He led CMHS in addressing many critical mental health issues that traditionally impede access to quality services, such as stigma and lack of community services. His commitment to making a difference fueled the work on a National Strategy for Suicide Prevention, which continues to bring together researchers, providers, advocates and consumers in developing a prevention plan to reduce suicide in the United States. Bernie also guided

CMHS in providing a national response to recent terrorist threats, based in science and best practices. From studies on parity in mental health coverage to initiatives on school violence, CMHS has become a leading national voice on mental health issues under his leadership.

We are particularly pleased that Bernie was at the forefront of the efforts to shape the future of mental health services as our country faced the crisis of terrorism. More than ever, his efforts to include the voices of patients and families in the overall planning process at CMHS was needed. We too rely on those whose lives are touched by mental disorders to be the true experts in our work to shape public policy.

With his thoughtful, wise, and gentle manner, Bernie is truly a man who has the ability to bring together people with diverse responsibilities and missions to address the serious mental health crisis. Through his efforts, and with minimal resources, he shaped CMHS into an institution that has brought us so much further in the struggle to provide decent mental health services, reduce stigma, and to recognize as a society that mental disorders are real and treatable.

As he departs from the Center for Mental Health Services, we wish him well and thank him for all he has done to improve mental health care in our country. We are confident that Bernie has placed CMHS on a course that promises to build on these remarkable achievements, one that will meet the extraordinarily challenging mental health needs ahead. Dr. Bernie Arons will be sorely missed, but we know he will continue to be a major force for the improvement of mental health care in our country.●

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 3:41 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bill with an amendment:

S. 941. An act to revise the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area in the State of California, to extend the term of the advisory commission for the recreation area, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bill, with an amendment:

S. 1105. An act to provide for the expeditious completion of the acquisition of State of Wyoming lands within the boundaries of Grand Teton National Park, and for other purposes.

The message further announced that the House has passed the following bill, with an amendment:

S. 1240. An act to provide for the acquisition of land and construction of an inter-agency administrative and visitor facility at the entrance to American Fork Canyon, Utah, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bill, with an amendment:

S. 1894. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a special resource study to determine the national significance of the Miami Circle site in the State of Florida as well as the suitability and feasibility of its inclusion in the National Park System as part of Biscayne National Park, and for other purposes.

The message further announced that the House has passed the following bills, without amendment:

S. 1175. An act to modify the boundary of Vicksburg National Military Park to include the property known as Pemberton's Headquarters, and for other purposes.

S. 1325. An act to ratify an agreement between the Aleut Corporation and the United States of America to exchange land rights received under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act for certain land interests in Adak Island, and for other purposes.

S. 238. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct feasibility studies on water optimization in the Burnt River basin, Malheur River basin, Owyhee River basin, and Powder River basin, Oregon.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 1448. An act to clarify the tax treatment of bonds and other obligations issued by the Government of American Samoa.

H.R. 1606. An act to amend section 507 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 to authorize additional appropriations for historically black colleges and universities, to decrease the matching requirement related to such appropriations, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2099. An act to amend the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 to provide adequate funding authorization for the Vancouver National Historic Reserve.

H.R. 3449. An act to revise the boundaries of the George Washington Birthplace National Monument, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3656. An act to amend the International Organizations Immunities Act to provide for the applicability of that Act to the European Central Bank.

H.R. 4638. An act to reauthorize the Mni Wiconi Rural Water Supply Project.

H.R. 4682. An act to revise the boundary of the Allegheny Portage Railroad National Historic Site, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4708. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain facilities to the Fremont-Madison Irrigation District.

H.R. 4917. An act to provide for an exchange of lands with the United Water Conservation District of California to eliminate private inholdings in the Los Padres national Forest, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4919. An act to provide for the exchange of certain lands in the Coconino and Tonto National Forests in Arizona, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4938. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior, through the Bureau of Reclamation, to conduct a feasibility study to determine the most feasible method of developing a safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supply for the Santee Sioux Tribe of Nebraska, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4953. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to grant to Deschutes and Crook Counties in the State of Oregon a right-of-way to West Butte Road.

H.R. 5099. An act to extend the period of authorization for the Secretary of the Interior to implement capital construction projects associated with the endangered fish recovery implementation programs for the Upper Colorado and San Juan River Basins.

H.R. 5109. An act to direct the Secretary of Energy to convey a parcel of land at the facility of the Southwestern Power Administration in Tupelo, Oklahoma.

The message further announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolution, without amendment:

S. Con. Res. 110. Concurrent resolution honoring the heroism and courage displaced by airline flight attendants on a daily basis.

The message also announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolutions, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 419. Concurrent resolution requesting the President to issue a proclamation in observance of the 100th Anniversary of the founding of the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

H. Con. Res. 458. Concurrent resolution recognizing and commending Mary Baker Eddy's achievements and the Mary Baker Eddy Library for the Betterment of Humanity.

H. Con. Res. 472. Concurrent resolution recognizing the 100th anniversary of the 4-H Youth Development Program.

H. Con. Res. 301. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress regarding American Gold Star Mothers, Incorporated, Blue Star Mothers of America, Incorporated, the service flag, and the service lapel button.

The message further announced that the House agrees to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 640) to adjust the boundaries of Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area, and for other purposes.

At 4:00 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House agrees to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 1646) to authorize appropriations for the Department of State for fiscal years 2002 and 2003, and for other purposes.

At 5:47 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House agreed to the following concurrent resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 483. Concurrent resolution directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make technical corrections in the enrollment of the bill H.R. 1646.

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

The following enrolled bills, previously signed by the Speaker of the House, were signed on today, September 25, 2002, by the President pro tempore (Mr. BYRD):

H.R. 486. An act for the relief of Barbara Makuch.

H.R. 487. An act for the relief of Eugene Makuch.

H.R. 4558. An act to extend the Irish Peace Process Cultural and Training Program.

MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated: